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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 105 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1936 TWENTY PAGES

Wafdist Majority In Egyptian Chamber?

NAZI PLANE CRASHES

Military Machine Drops In Ulm Killing 6 Occupants

BERLIN, May 1.

It is revealed that six occupants of a military aeroplane were killed when the machine crashed near the city of Ulm. The tragedy has been reported in the German Press but it is believed that several pedestrians were killed and injured.

The machine was apparently engaged in air protection exercises. —Reuter's Special.

JAWAHARLAL AND KIDWAI

ALLAHABAD, May 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru who arrived here last night from Wardha was closetted for two hours with Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai today, presumably in connection with the programme of the Provincial Congress Committee.

Mr. Kidwai was asked by Panditji telegraphically to meet him to-day. He left for Lucknow this evening.—United Press.

PRESIDENT'S LUCKNOW PROGRAMME

LUCKNOW: May 1.

President Jawaharlal Nehru is arriving here to-morrow to attend a meeting of the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee to be held here on May 3.

Much importance is attached to the meeting which is convened to discuss the agrarian problem of the Province. Important decisions will also be taken at the meeting regarding the future course of action to be followed by the Congressmen of the Province to implement the Lucknow Congress decisions.

President Jawaharlal will attend an informal meeting of the Congress leaders of the Province tomorrow evening, where attempts will be made to bring about 'rapprochement' between the warring sections of Congressmen in the Province.—United Press.

RAJEN BABU AT ALLAHABAD

ALLAHABAD, May 1.

In response to Mr. Purshottamdas Tandon's request, Babu Rajendra Prasad halted here to-day on his way back from Wardha, and stayed till the evening.

It is believed that the visit is in connection with the work of the newly formed Hindi Propaganda Committee.—United Press.

WILLINGDONS AT GIBRALTAR

GIBRALTAR, May 1.

Lord and Lady Willingdon arrived here by the S.S. "Strathmore" but did not land.

The Governor Sir Charles Harington visited Lord and Lady Willingdon and had breakfast on board.

Lord Willingdon's chill is much better but he is still confined in his room.—Reuter's Special.

"VIZZY" FIT AGAIN

(Special Cable).

LONDON, May 1.

The Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagram has recovered. He will be playing to-morrow.

Helping New Zealand Flax Industry

WELLINGTON, May 1.

With a view to assisting the New Zealand flax industry the Government prohibited the import of woolpacks except with the permission of the Department of Commerce.

Packs which were previously imported from India are now being satisfactorily manufactured in New Zealand.—Reuter.

Abyssinia Will Not Surrender

NEGUS TO FIGHT TO LAST DITCH

Conference With Diplomatic Corps In Capital

ADDIS ABABA, May 1.

It is understood that the Emperor and his government have decided not to surrender.

No Surrender

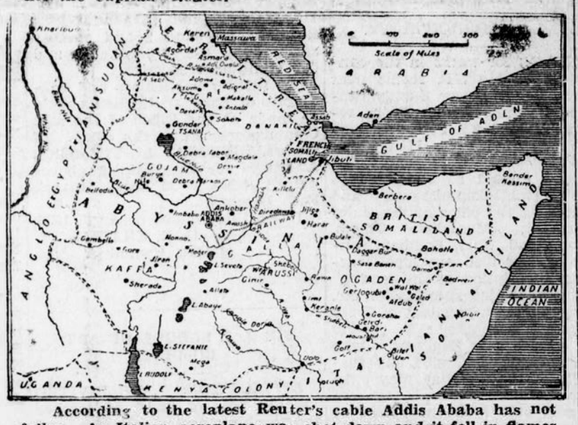
It is stated that the Emperor, believing in the absolute justice of his cause and despite the overwhelming numbers and superior equipment opposing him, has decided to continue the struggle.

To Fight To Last Ditch

It is believed that the Empress and the royal family will shortly leave for Jerusalem, but the Emperor and the Crown Prince will remain in Abyssinia while the Government will probably move westward.

Protection Of Foreigners

The Emperor is holding a conference with the diplomatic corps this afternoon to discuss precautions necessary for the protection of foreign nationals in the event of Italian entry into the Capital.—Reuter.



According to the latest Reuter's cable Addis Ababa has not fallen. An Italian aeroplane was shot down and it fell in flames twenty miles from the City.

But a cable from Rome States:—

According to latest official news from Northern Front one Italian column occupied Debrabreham and another column forded Guadda torrent, about 65 miles from the Capital.

NEGUS' NARROW ESCAPE

ADDIS ABABA, May 1.

The Emperor specially appealed to all able-bodied citizens to march northward to-morrow with five days' provisions to stem the Italian advance. The leader of this forlorn hope will be Ras Getachu.

The Emperor narrowly escaped death at the hands of rebels some time ago, according to General Kornivaloff who was Ras Kassa's adviser during the Makale campaign.

Gen. Kornivaloff states the rebels at Malaga fired upon the Imperial suite killing the Emperor's valet standing by his side and his Chamberlain but the Emperor was miraculously untouched.—Reuter.

ITALIAN NATIVE TROOPS ESCAPE FROM CAMP

NAIROBI, April 30.

Three of the 31 Italian native troops who escaped from the internment Camp were shot when they refused to surrender to the patrol of the King's African Rifles. Six were drowned in trying to cross a flooded river, 16 recaptured, and 6 are still missing.

The native sergeant in charge of the patrol which discovered the fugitives ordered them to halt in Arabic and Kiswahili, warning them that fire would be opened if they failed to comply.

Disregarding the order the men scattered, some plunging into the river, others taking to the bush. —Reuter.

ITALIAN ENTRY INTO ADDIS ABABA

Report Considered To Be Premature

ROME, May 1.

The Italian motorised column consisting of 3,000 units passed Ankober about 70 miles from the Capital. The advance guard is marching several miles ahead of the main body.

Reports received in London that Italian troops entered Addis Ababa this morning are not confirmed in official circles in Rome, while the Italian Embassy in London describes the reports as premature.

The Abyssinian Legation states that according to the latest information Italians are over 60 miles from the Capital and it would take them two or three days to reach Addis Ababa.—Reuter's Special.

ITALIAN AIR PORT ON LAKE TSANA?

A Rome cable states: It is announced that a completely equipped airport for flying boats is in course of construction by the Italian engineering corps on the shores of Lake Tsana near Peninsular Gorgora.

Fate Of Muslim Unity Talks!

Jinnah To Start New Party In Opposition To Sir Fazli's

LAHORE, May 1.

Though strict secrecy is being maintained about the talks between Mr. Jinnah and Sir Fazl-i-Husain, Mr. Jinnah is understood to have told Sir Fazli that it will not be possible for the progressive elements among the Muslims to work in co-operation with the latter's Unionist Party.

Mr Jinnah hopes to start a strong party under the auspices of the Muslim League in opposition to Sir Fazl-i-Husain's party. The Ahrars are likely to join Mr. Jinnah.—United Press.

MAHATMA WALKS TO SHEGAON

Establishes Headquarters In Improvised Hut In Tiny Village

WARDHA, May, 1.

Mahatma Gandhi walked yesterday morning to Shegaon, a tiny hamlet about five miles from Wardha and has taken his abode there. The hut for him is not yet ready and he is living under the shade of a tree in an improvised hut with wicker walls and thatched roof.

He is likely to stay there until May 3 when he returns to Wardha to open a small exhibition organised by the Village Industries Association. He will again go back and return on the 7th for another engagement.

Whilst he will thus come and go to and from the village his headquarters will be the village itself. —A. P.

3½ PER CENT INDIAN LOAN

LONDON, May 1.

Indian Sterling Loan 3-1/2 per cent closing £97-3/4.—Reuter.

ITALIANS BOMB RETREATING ETHIOPIANS

ROME, April 30.

Italian machine-guns mounted on lorries and 30 bombing planes, each carrying a ton of bombs, are taking heavy toll of the Abyssinians fleeing up the Jijiga Road after the Italian capture of the "Hindenburg Line."

The planes after dropping bombs return to the base at Gorahai for more.

Little opposition to the Italian advance is now foreseen till the Italians reach the line about ten miles in front of the Harar-Jijiga and Jijiga-Berbera roads, and 85 miles beyond Daggahbur.

It is believed that Ras Nasibu has strongly fortified this line, the loss of which would mean cutting Ethiopian communications with Berbera, where they have been receiving supplies of munitions and stores.—Reuter.

NEGUS IN GOOD SPIRITS

PARIS, April 30.

The mystery of the whereabouts of the Negus since the defeat of his army in the North has been solved, according to an Addis Ababa message reporting that he arrived at the capital this afternoon in good spirits.

He declared that the Italian advance was far from entailing a decisive victory for Italy.—Reuter.

NO NEW BRITISH TERMS FOR PEACE

LONDON, May 1.

It is learned in authoritative circles in London that Great Britain has not put forward any new terms for peace in Abysssinia. —Reuter.

To-day's Election Prospects

But Constitutional Position Obscure

Premier & Cabinet To Exercise Throne's Powers Till New Parliament Meets

CAIRO, May 1.

A Wafdist majority in to-morrow's election to the Chamber of Deputies is considered certain in political circles.

Eighty-five Wafdists will be returned unopposed and, with a few exceptions, the Wafd are contesting all the remainder 147 seats.

The election will be held under the democratic constitution of 1923 by the universal direct suffrage and will be followed, a fortnight later, by the election of a hundred members of the Senate; two-fifths of whom, however, are normally nominated by the town.

Till Parliament Meets

The consitutional position arising from the death of King Fuad is somewhat obscure. The Premier meets the national front on May 3 to submit a recommendation to the State Legal Department that the Premier and Cabinet continue to exercise the Throne's constitutional powers until the new Parliament meets, but it is understood that the Wafd favours summoning the 1930 Parliament to deal with the matter.—Reuter's Special.

Statistics Challenge "Ottawa" Champions

MARKED DECLINE IN TOTAL VISIBLE BALANCE OF TRADE

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, May 1.

Insight into the working of the Ottawa Agreement (albeit in its last gasps) is furnished by the latest statistics just issued for the calendar year 1935.

India's exports to the United Kingdom which increased from Rs. 43,56,94,369 in 1933 to Rs. 48,95,88,557 owing to abnormal circumstances such as failures of crops in Argentine and the United States suffered setback in 1935 and amounted to Rs. 47,73,89,139.

The United Kingdom imports into India however maintained a steady increase being Rs. 47,53,46,607 in 1933, in 1934 Rs. 51,16,64,456 and Rs. 53,37,93,001 in 1935.

Imports of Japanese piecegoods at the expense of the United Kingdom and British motor cars at the expense of the United States increased considerably.

Japan remained the largest buyer of the Indian cotton. Her offtake however declined by a crore from 19 crores in 1934 to 18 in 1935. Despite much flaunted efforts by the Lancashire Committee the United Kingdom's offtake of Indian cotton increased by only 43 lakhs and this increase is shared by countries like Belgium, France and even the United States.

Exports of linseed to the United Kingdom fell to ridiculously low figures from Rs. 1,58,37,909 in 1934 to Rs. 44,23,654. Imports of rice not in husk from Siam and Indo-China mainly into Madras declined from 285,000 to 115,000 tons. Exports of wheat fell from 11,000 to 9,000 tons. Exports of wheat flour increased by 600 tons.

The total balance in merchandise trade remained almost stationary being 2,548 lakhs in 1935, 2,531 in 1934 and 3,177 lakhs in 1933.

Owing to fall in the export of gold by about 10 crores from 61 to 51 in 1935, the total visible balance of trade declined from 8,420 lakhs in 1934 to 7,209 lakhs in 1935.

"TIDEWAY" WINS 1,000 GUINEAS

Luck Favours Lord Derby Again At New Market

(Special Cable)

NEW MARKET, May 1.

Lord Derby won the Thousand Guineas for the fifth time with Tideway starting second favourite at 100/30. His Majesty's Feola, running in Derby's family colours owing to court mourning and starting at 28/1, finished a length and a half behind Tideway and a neck ahead of the 11/4 favourite, R. F. Watson's Ferrybridge.

A. I. Students Conference At Lucknow

LUCKNOW: May 1.

The first All-India Students' Conference will be held in Lucknow on August 8, 9 and 10 next.

Arrangements are being made to make the conference a complete success.—United Press.

DRIVER AVERTS ACCIDENT

Alleged Attempt To Wreck G. I. P. Mail Train At Ghazner

CAWNPORE: May 1.

A report has been received here of an attempt made last night to wreck the G.I.P. Mail at Ghazner, about ten miles from Cawnpore. The driver, noticing some obstruction, pulled up the train and discovered a stone two feet long lying on the rails. The matter has been reported to the Police, who are investigating.—A.P.

WORKERS OF WORLD RALLY

Imposing Scenes In Moscow: Hartal In Spain: Clash At Dulboki

LONDON, May 1.

May Day was celebrated throughout the world with remarkably few disturbances.

IN MOSCOW

The largest demonstrations were in Moscow where 30,000 troops and a million and a half civilians paraded before M. Stalin, with 300 tanks participating in the procession, while 700 planes swept overhead.

IN SPAIN

Spain marked the day by a complete cessation of all business and amusement. There were no public services and all shops, cafes and restaurants were closed.

IN SOFIA

The Labourites in Sofia held a monster rally under Government auspices.

3 KILLED IN CLASH

Three persons were killed in a clash of demonstrators with police at Dulboki near Starazagora.

IN PARIS & LONDON

The day passed quietly in Paris and London.—Reuter's Special.

HITLER ON HIS GIGANTIC PLANS

May-Day Speech On German Ideals

BERLIN, May 1.

Peace abroad is necessary for the fulfilment of Germany's ideals declared Herr Hitler in his May Day speech. He said, we have gigantic plans and therefore we want to maintain peace. Grumblers in foreign countries may not understand this, but we only want to be left alone.

After referring to Germany's lack of space and raw material Herr Hitler declared: "I am proud of the German people. I shall rather be the meanest among you than King in any other country".—Reuter.

(Other May Day News Page 7).

STOP PRESS

LOHARU SITUATION NORMAL.

LOHARU, May 1.

The Nawab personally visited Chehar this morning where the situation is entirely normal. Food and water supply has been arranged by the State authorities for the people who had evacuated the village on 29th April and are now returning to the village. Efforts have also been made by the authorities to extinguish the fire which was started by the rioters to enable them to escape. No further casualties are reported.

Further enquiry about the Bania's house in the neighbouring village reveals that, in addition to guns and camels which were seized from his place, some ammunition and property worth about Rs. 50,000 was also taken away and women molested. Several other people who tried to stop the demonstration were also thrashed.

The absconders, who are the ring leaders of this organisation, escaped with four muskets, two muzzle loading and two bore guns and the remaining ammunition from the spot. No arrest has so far been made. Efforts, however, are being made by the State Police to arrest the offenders with the help of the Hissar authorities. —A.P.

Negus And Peace Terms

ADDIS ABABA, May 1.

The Emperor's return to Addis Ababa is reported to be in connection with the new peace terms proposed by Great Britain.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Clerk-Typist, Accountant, Salesmen, Teachers, Salesgirls, Lady Assistants, Doctors and Nurses immediately. Apply Dalal, at 14, Hamam Street, 2nd floor, Raja Bahadur Mansion, Fort, near lift. (6058).

Wanted as Teachers trained graduates, strong in English, Sanskrit and Geography. Apply stating experience, terms, etc., before 15th May, 1936 to Venilal Chunilal Gandhi, Kazimad, Bulsar. (6064)

Wanted a Correspondence Clerk and a Typist for a business firm at Gwallor. Persons having experience should apply with testimonials. Pay according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 6065, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted two travelling canvassers for C. P., C. I., Berar, and Khandesh for woollen cloth, hosiery and knitting yarn. Persons having previous experience will be preferred. Pay and allowance according to experience and qualifications. Apply Box 6066, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted four travelling canvassers to work in C.I., C.P., Berar, Khandesh and Rajputana. Two for electrical requirements. Fans, cables, Radios, wires, lamps, etc., and two for potteries and glasswares. Preference will be given to persons having experience. Pay and allowance according to experience and qualifications. Apply Box 6067, "Bombay Chronicle".

Required immediately an experienced and capable Manager, for a well-known and giant Cement Factory at Madagascar, also electrical and diesel engineers and chemists. Those experienced need apply stating age, experience and salaries expected. Those knowing French will be given preference. Apply Box No. 6043, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A Nurse for a private practitioner at Cutch-Mandvi. Gujerati knowing preferred. Apply with qualification testimonials stating age, past experience and minimum pay to Box No. 6046 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an M.B.B.S. for the post of 2nd Medical Officer, Dharampur State, starting pay Rs. 100 plus Rs. 10 p.m. as house-rent, private practice not allowed. Apply stating age, nationality, previous experience, with copies of testimonials to the Chief Medical Officer, Dharampur State, (Dist. Surat). (3079).

Wanted for the Railway School at Castle Rock, a European or Anglo-Indian, Assistant Mistress with a Secondary Teachers Certificate, or one who is qualified to teach in recognised Schools with five or more years service as an approved teacher, under the Code of Regulations for European Schools in the Bombay Presidency. The scale of pay for the post is Rs. 70—2-1|2—85. House allowance of 10 per cent of pay in lieu of free quarters will be paid. Applications should be addressed to the Agent, The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Company, Ltd., (Incorporated in England), **Park Town, Madras. (3102).**

.. SITUATIONS VACANT.

B. C. I. Bank Ltd., Vizagapatam— Applications are invited from respectable Ladies and Gentlemen for the posts of Special Managers and Agents in the District of Satara on Rs. 100—10—200 and 40—2-1|2—65 p.m. with Pension. Applications should reach the undersigned with credentials: Dr. J. D. Kale, Esq., L.C.P.S., District Manager, c|o Sreeram Dispensary, Bhavanipeth, Satara City. (5993).

M.T.B. College, Surat.—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected are invited so as to reach the Principal before the 15th May, 1936, for the post of Professor of History and Economics to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (3025)

M.T.B. College, Surat.—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary expected are invited so as to reach the Principal before 15th May for the posts of (1) Professor (Lecturer) in English, (2) Professor (Lecturer) in Physics, (3) Professor (Lecturer) in Mathematics, (4) Demonstrator in Chemistry and (5) Lecturer in Persian to be appointed from the beginning of the next term. (2856)

Wanted a teacher with S.T.C., S.T.C.D., or B.T., qualification to work as Head Master or Head Mistress and two Matric Assistants, one knowing Drawing preferred, for a Middle School for Girls to be opened in Cambay in June next. Apply stating terms, age, etc., to the Hon. Secretary, Cambay Education Society, Cambay. (R6019).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let Almanzil. Walkeshwar, opposite lower gate, Government House, first floor, 3 bed-rooms, drawing, dining, verandah, store, kitchen, garage. Rent 175, write Husain Tyabji, Kihim. (6063).

To Let:—Commodious, Airy Top floor, of the Kaiser-i-Hind Building, Ballard Estate, at the junction of Currimbhoy Road and Sprott Road with best office accommodation and up-to-date partitions, fans, lights, etc. Apply sharp to Mr. E. R. Hirjibehedin, C|o. Kaiser-i-Hind Newspaper Office, opp. Mint, Fort. (6049).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted candidates for Telegraph, Radio, Electrical, Civil, Automobile Engineering. Commerce, Law, Journalism, Printing. Reduced Fee. Recognised examinations. Railfare Paid. "Guide" on 3 annas. —Technical College of India, Bombay 14. (6068).

Admissions Proceeding—Alexandra College of Commerce—Fresh Classes for all Diploma Courses in Advanced Accountancy, Bank Officers, Companies Secretaries, General Commerce, Insurance and Pitman's Shorthand Postal Tuitions for up-country students. Prospectus from the Principal, York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (6060).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Funds up to Rs. 5 lacs available on reasonable mortgage terms on immovable City Properties. Please apply with details Hindustan Housing Co., Ltd., 395, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. No brokers. (5983).

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted dealers for cement, soda (S), and Tea, rates very cheap. Apply Box No. 6071, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Agents to secure advertisements for a Hindi Weekly. Apply with terms, Manager, Bharat Vijaya Harda. (6052).

Wanted—A highly respectable and influential Chief Agent for Bombay and West Coast. Commission liberal. Apply immediately:—The Federal India Assurance Co., Ltd., Delhi. (5994).

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, **Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.**

141. PETS FOR LADIES.

Madras Sarries: For daily use our cotton guaranteed colour sarries are durable. Prices cheap. Ranganatha Co., Chotalal Bhuwan, 2nd floor, Room No. 35, Kalbadevi Road. (6054).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Machine-Boring.—A public well, situated in Surat D'strict at a distance of about a mile from Station on B.B.C.I. Rly., is to be machine-bored and Engineers with up to date equipment should immediately get in touch with the undersigned (by communication only) to enable him to invite estimates. M. K. Desai, B.A., LL.B., P. O. Kansad. via Sachin Station, B.B. and C.I. Rly. (6061).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

GOVERNMENT OF JODHPUR, JODHPUR.

Office of the Director of Education.

NOTICE.

Wanted—A Mohammadan Graduate as Headmaster of a Middle School. Pay Rs. 70-4-110-8-150 plus Rs. 15 Headmaster Allowance. Starting pay according to qualifications and experience. First appointment will be on probation for one school session and Provident Fund benefits begin after confirmation according to the State-Rules.

Apply before 15th of May 1936 to The Director of Education, Government of Jodhpur, Jodhpur.

Director of Education. 3074

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Public Notices.

NOTICE.

CLIENTS of Messrs. N. C. DALAL AND CO., Solicitors are hereby requested to take away their papers in disposed of matters in which costs are paid, within 15 (Fifteen) days from to-day, after which their papers will be destroyed.

Dated this 28th day of April, 1936.

N. C. DALAL & CO., Solicitors. 3100

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 4th May, 1936, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time):—

55. From Mr. I. S. Patel, seconded by Mr. Nagindas T. Master —For requesting the Law, etc., Committee to expedite their report on the measures to be adopted for the relief of the unemployed in the City and also to report on the desirability of starting a Municipal Labour Exchange for the registration of the unemployed.

56—57. From Mr. Mancherji E. Joshi—For obtaining reports from the (56) Works Committee on the desirability of recommending the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., to remove their tracks passing through the Khodabad Circle at Dadar and re-laying them outside the Circle; and (57) Commissioner regarding the encroachments on open spaces caused by certain buildings abutting on Adenwalla Road in Dadar-Matunga Estate.

58. From Mr. Soonderdas Morarji—For voting a Civic Address to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, on his arrival in Bombay.

59—61. From Dr. E. Moses—For obtaining reports from the Commissioner regarding (59) the structural and sanitary conditions of buildings on the Ghorupdeo Road area; (60) the desirability of granting subvention from the Slum Service Fund to the owners of particular class of buildings in the Kamathipura area for the conversion of privies into water-closets of their buildings; and (61) the proposals submitted by Mr. J. P. Orr, late Chairman of the C.I. Trust, and the present City Engineer for the improvement of the Kamathipura area.

62—63. From Mr. Mathooradas Tricamjee—For (62) expressing opinion that it is not desirable to permit a combined fish, mutton and vegetable market on plot No. 264-B, Dadar-Matunga Estate; and (63) laying down a rule that communications addressed to the Corporation by the public and falling within the purview of a Statutory Committee may be placed before the appropriate Committee by the Municipal Secretary with the orders of His Worship, the Mayor.

64. From Mr. B. G. Parelkar—For requesting the Commissioner to expedite the work of laying water mains from the Haffkine Institute Compound and in New Sewri Road so as to remove the hardship of deficient water supply to the locality.

65. From Dr. J. N. Choksy—For expressing opinion that the list of areas reserved for hawkers in the City should not be curtailed without reference to the Corporation.

66. From Mr. Husein A. Baigmahomed—For expressing opinion for a reduction in the charges for permits for illuminated sky-signs.

67. From Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan —For appointing Mr. Mahomedally Allabux, Mr. Allarakhia Aba alias Aliya Seth and Mr. M. M. Killedar as additional members on the Committee regarding the construction of a Sabha Mandap in the compound of the Maruti Temple at Byculla.

68. From Sir Jehangir B. Bomon-Behram, Kt., seconded by Mr. Mathooradas Tricamjee—For appointing Mr. Soonderdas Morarji as the Corporation's representative on the Passenger and Traffic Relief Association's Managing Board.

69. From Dr. Poonsey H. Meisheri, seconded by Mr. Jethmal Narandas—For appointing Dr. E. Moses and Mr Jamnadas Dwarkadas as the Corporation's representatives on certain institutions.

70. From Mr. Nagindas T. Master, seconded by Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas—For requesting the Commissioner to expedite his report regarding certain measures to improve the sanitation, etc., of the City.

71—72. From Mr. B. G. Parelkar—For requesting (71) the Commissioner of Police to take adequate steps to prevent thefts, etc., along Soparibaug Road and surrounding areas and (72) the Municipal Commissioner to report on the progress made for the construction of the Tripartite Road.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
D. V. NADKARNI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 1st May, 1936.
3112

Public Notices.

NOTICE

THE TAXATION BRANCH of the Motor Vehicles Department will be CLOSED to the Public from the 2nd May, 1936, to the 7th of May, 1936, both days inclusive.

C. H. REYNOLDS.
Dy. Commissioner of Police.
Motor Vehicles & Taxation.
Head Police Office,
Bombay, 30|4|1936.
3101

THE BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 45-47, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, at 2-0 P.M. (S.T.) on **WEDNESDAY**, the 13th May, 1936 to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Annual Report and accounts for the year 1935.
*2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend and Bonus.
3. To elect Directors in the place of Mr. Pingle Venkat Rama Reddy and Mr. Kanaiyalal M. Munshi, B.A. LL.B., Advocate, who retire by rotation and are eligible for re-election.
4. To elect an Auditor for the year 1936 and to fix his remuneration.
5. To transact such other business as may be brought before the Meeting by the Chairman.

By Order of the Board,
J. L. MEHTA, Manager.
Bombay 27th April, 1936.

The **TRANSFER BOOKS** of the Company will be **CLOSED** from 6th May 1936 to 20th May, 1936 (both days inclusive).

*The Dividend, if passed, will be paid in this Co.'s Office from 26th May 1936 between 11-30 A.M. and 4-0 P.M. on week days and 11-30 A.M. and 1-30 P.M. on Saturdays to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register of the Company on 6th May 1936.
3103.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS for works in the construction of 550 S.P. rooms near Andhra Valley Power Supply Station in Scheme No. 56 will be received up to 1-0 P.M. (Bombay Time) on Monday the 11th May 1936.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc. will be issued on payment of Rs. 5 to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will on application, give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay: 30th April, 1936.
3104.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Share Certificate of the British Burma Petroleum Co. Ltd. Bombay, standing in the name of Nurul Hassan Khan deceased have been LOST or MISLAID.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

Nos. of the share-Certificates:—
Shares 100:—810100-810199.
Shares 790:—2492402-2492441, 2363086-2363335, 1872666-1872765 175433-175457, 170743-170792, 17358-17382, 1468724-1468823, 446175-446274, 420589-420638; 1872766-1872815.
Shares 100:—346588-346687.
Shares 100:—760318-760417.
Shares 100:—1880370-1880419, 138526-138575.
Shares 100:—1872566-1872665.
Shares 100:—1734039-1734138.
Total shares 1390.

AGIL MOHAMED, B.Sc. LL.B.
Solicitor.
for the legal heirs to the Estate of the late Maulvi Nurul Hasan Khan,
Shahjahanpur/Aligarh.
65, Shahpir Gate.
MEERUT CITY. (U.P.)
3109.

Public Notices.

THE SASSOON & ALLIANCE SILK MILL CO., LD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a **DIVIDEND** of Rs. 2 per Share (Rupees two only) free of Income Tax for the year ended 31st December, 1935, has been declared and will be paid to those shareholders whose names appear on the Register on the 15th day of **April, 1936 on and after MONDAY**, the 11th May, 1936, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 59, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, from 12 noon to 4 p.m. and on Saturdays up to 1 P.M.

Dividend Warrants will be posted to Shareholders at their registered address in due course.

An intimation of change of address should be given to the Company.

By Order of the Board,
For the Sassoon & Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ltd.
DAVID SASSOON & Co., LTD.
A. PETHER, Manager.
Secres. & Treas.
Bombay, 24th April, 1936.
3091.

AUCTION SALE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1326 of 1933.

THAKER JADAVJI MULJI ..... Plaintiff.
Vs.
RATILAL MOTILAL ... Defendant.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 12th April, 1934 and Judges order dated 28th February 1936 the following immovable properties will be sold by public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office in the Court House on THURSDAY 7th May 1936 at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

1. All that piece of land being on the East side of the Shradhanand Road at Vile-Parle Suburban District of Bombay bearing plot No. 194 of Vile-Parle Town Planning Scheme No. 11 admeasuring 554 square yards or thereabouts.

2. ALL THOSE pieces of land situate at Vile-Parle, Pot Tukdi Bandra, Suburban District of Bombay bearing survey Nos. 113, 118, 121, 140A and 141A and Hissa Nos. 3, 4, 8, 7 and 2 and admeasuring 0-3¼, 0-2, 0-6 1/2, 0-3 and 0-2 Gunthas respectively.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. DIVECHA & THAKORE, Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at No. 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 1st day of April, 1936.
G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.
3097.

SIR J. J. SCHOOL OF ART, BOMBAY.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of assistant teacher for teaching poster-designing and Commercial Art in the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay which will be filled with effect from the 10th of June, 1936.

The following will be the terms of the appointment:—

(1) The age of the candidate should ordinarily be 30 years; but this age limit may be relaxed in the case of a candidate with exceptional artistic qualifications.
(2) PAY.—The scale of pay will be Rs. 200-10-300 per mensem on contract basis for two years in the first instance.
(3) Qualifications: First class artistic qualifications including practical knowledge of painting, poster-designing and commercial art and at least one art craft.
(4) The selected candidate will be subject to such conditions of service, including leave as may be prescribed by the Local Government for new entrants who hold temporary posts of this kind. The appointment will be terminable at any time by three months notice on either side. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year.

Applications should be addressed to the Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay and should give full particulars about age, place of birth, caste, academic qualifications, experience &c., together with copies of testimonials, if any, regarding character and fitness for the post and should reach the Director, Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, on or before the 15th of May, 1936.

CHAS R. GERRARD,
For Director,
Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay.
Bombay, 24th April, 1936.
3088.

Public Notices.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID.

CERTIFICATES Nos. 63530 to 63531 for 50 Shares Nos. 319630 to 319679 in the Union Bank of India, Ltd., standing in the name of Hussain Ladhabhai are LOST or MISLAID. Anybody having any claim against them should intimate to the above Bank within one month from this date, after which duplicate will be issued.

(Sd.) HOOSEIN LADHABHAI,
(6051)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that my wife Mrs. YESHODABAI DHONDNATH DEWOOLKAR has voluntarily left my protection and separated from me. She is living with her father, Mr. Keshrinath Sitaram Dhume. I am therefore not responsible for any debts incurred or to be incurred by her. Any person or persons dealing with her will do so at his own risk.

DHONDNATH SITARAM DEWOOLKAR,
56c, Shantaram Chawl,
Mughbat, BOMBAY.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

Suit No. 2449 of 1927.

Messrs. AMICHAND RAMJI & COMPANY a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
versus.
SHAMSUNNISSA BEGUM widow and others ...Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree, dated 14th November, 1930, the following immovable properties being lots Nos. I to VI will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of This Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on days and hours mentioned below viz:—

Lots Nos. I to IV on Tuesday, 12th May, 1936 at 3 P.M. (S. T.)
Lot No. V on Tuesday, 12th May, 1936 at 3-30 P.M (S.T.)
Lot No. VI on Tuesday 12th May, 1936 at 3-40 P.M. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. I.

All that piece of land situate at Kurla, Bombay Suburban District, TOGETHER with the bungalow and two chawls standing thereon and bearing Kurla Municipality, New Mill Ward House No. 366, 367 and 368.

LOT NO. II.

All that piece of land situate at Kurla, Bombay Suburban District, bearing Entry No. 2506, Falni No. 15 (part) New Survey No. 320 Hisa No. 11/1 and admeasuring about 7 gunthas.

LOT NO III.

All that piece of land, situate at Kurla, Bombay Suburban District, bearing Entry Nos. 2473, 2475 Pot No. 6 Falni Entry No. 2, New Survey Nos. 312, 312, Hisa No. 6¼ 8 3/4 and admeasuring One Acre and 25 Gunthas and 7 3/4 Gunthas.

LOT NO. IV.

All that piece of land situate at Kurla, Bombay, Suburban District, bearing Entry Nos. 788, 789, 791, 794, Pot Nos. 12, 13, 15, 18 and admeasuring 5 1/4 Gunthas, One Acre and 1 3/4 Gunthas, 2 1/2 Gunthas, and 1 1/2 Gunthas.

LOT NO. V.

All that piece of land, situate at Ghatkopar Bombay Suburban District, bearing Entry No. 294, Pot No. 1, Falni. No. 8 and admeasuring 27 Gunthas and One Acre and 24 Gunthas.

LOT NO. VI.

All that undivided one-fifth share of the deceased Shaikh Shujaudin Bilgrami situate at Chembur in the land of the Bombay Suburban District, bearing Entry Nos. 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 350, 352, 2106 and Survey Nos. 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 47, 48, 325 and admeasuring 102 390 square yards (in aggregate) and which said piece of land is bounded as follows that is to say on the East by Survey No. 47 part and Survey No. 48 (part) and Survey No. 49 and Survey No. 50 on the West by Survey No. 326 (part) and beyond that the Ghatkoper Mahal Road, on the North by Survey No. 47 (part) and Survey No. 35 and South by Survey No. 28 (part) and Survey Nos. 24 and 26 as per boundary coloured red on the Development Directorates True copy plan dated 23-12-26.

For further particulars and Conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai and Co. Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 41, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of March, 1936.

(Sd.) E. R KHAIRAJ.
Offg. Commissioner.
3093.

(For further Notices see Page 8).

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FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Anything Goes" with Bing Crosby and Ethel Merman at Pathe

"BROADWAY HOSTESS"

At The Opera

"Broadway Hostess," the First National comedy drama with music, which had its local premiere at the Royal Opera House theatre to-day, is not only one of the most delightful and entertaining pictures of the season, but it introduces as a film star the girl, who made the song "The Lady in Red" in "In Caliente," famous.

The picture has just about everything in it, including hilarious comedy, dramatic thrills, catchy songs, unique, mammoth spectacles with hundreds of beautiful girls, and a cast of unusual talent, both as actors and singers. Best of all, it has Wini Shaw.

A stately brunette of striking beauty, she combines unusual artistry in character portrayal with a mezzo-contralto voice of exceptional appeal and is unquestionably the envy of many a torch singer. Miss Shaw sings three songs alone in the picture, one with Phil Regan, the "Singing Cop" of the radio, who also sings one song alone. All of the pieces were written especially for the production by the famous song team of Allie Wrubel and Mort Dixon.

Miss Shaw plays the part of a small town girl with a voice, who goes to Broadway, but fails to make good until Lyle Talbot, in the role of a big shot gambler, takes her up and makes her the toast of the town.

The path of the stars is not exactly a bed of roses, however, for Regan's love for the brilliant night club hostess, Miss Shaw, is unrequited, while her own heart is broken because the gambler prefers a high society girl to his scintillating star. Nor does the society girl, a part played by Genevieve Tobin, fare so well for after she marries the gambler he is shot and killed by her own brother.

Allen Jenkins, as the comedy aide and bodyguard of the gambler, fares best in his heart affairs, for he successfully wooes a very much married and divorced socialite. With Spring Byington, his bride, he furnishes a large share of the comedy scenes.

Talbot gives an excellent account of himself as the somewhat rough but always lucky gambler, as also does Miss Tobin as the supercilious society girl.

Regan is excellent as the Tin Pan Alley pianist, who loves and loses the beautiful Miss Shaw. He also has an excellent lyric tenor voice.

Two speciality numbers staged by Bobby Connolly are of special note. One is an elaborate affair with hundreds of beautiful girls, who dance across a theatre stage and in gigantic champagne glasses.

The other number is more simple, but beautiful and unique. In this Miss Shaw and Regan appear in a love scene, being transformed by a dissolve from a setting in a night club to a country cottage. In this scene the two sing "Who But You?" while in the more spectacular number Miss Shaw sings "Playboy of Paree." Miss Shaw also sings "He Was Her Man" and "Weary." While Regan's other song is entitled "Let It Be Me."

Others in the cast who do excellent work include Marie Wilson, Joseph King, Donald Ross, Frank Dawson and Harry Seymour Frank McDonald, who handled the dramatic part of the production, did an excellent job of directing. George Bricker is to be commended for an exceptionally good screen play.

"DARK ANGEL"

At The Plaza

Samuel Goldwyn's spectacular production for the United Artists, 'The Dark Angel," is coming this week to the Plaza Cinema, Dadar.

Frederic March, Merle Oberon and Herbert Marshall are the principals in a cast of notable players who enact the various characters with feeling and conviction. "Dark Angel" introduces a thrilling drama of romance and love against a spectacular background of war which, however, is so deftly handled as to allow of a smooth and natural progress of the main story without an undue obtrusion of the grim incidents arising in its course. Frederic March gives a brilliant characterisation of the young soldier who, after a period of romance with Merle Oberon, goes to the trenches and is taken for dead. This introduces an embarrassing and distressing complication for Merle who, under the circumstances, prepares to marry Herbert Marshall, their common friend, but the re-appearance of her former lover straightens out the tangle of the eternal triangle. The psychological moments in the various situations are very skilfully handled with the usual directorial touches of Samuel Goldwyn.

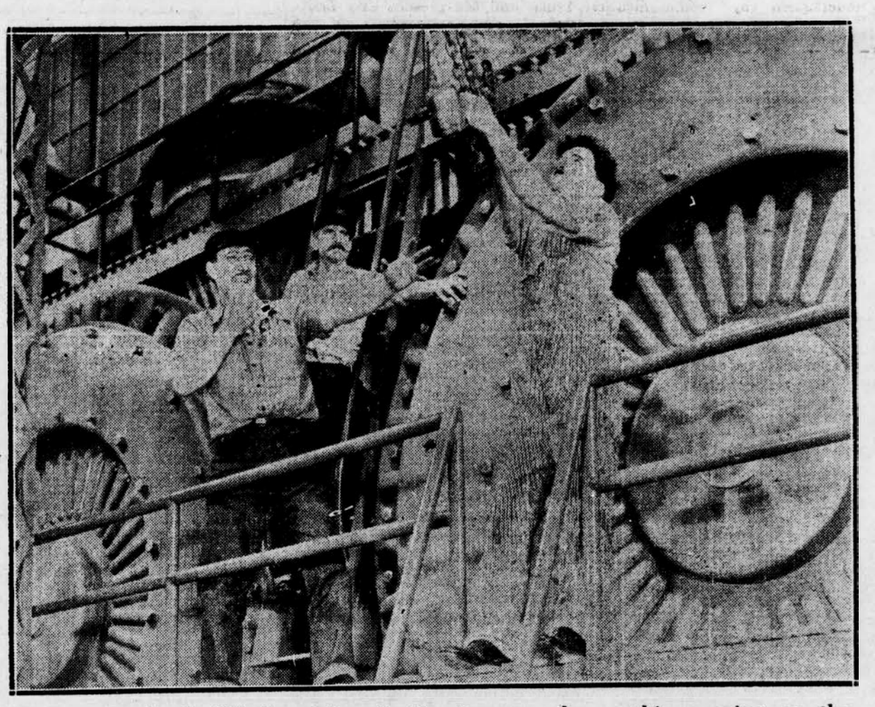
CHARLIE CHAPLIN'S "MODERN TIMES"

Simultaneous Shows At Capitol And Regal

Charlie Chaplin digs into the ribs of a ticklish modern civilisation in "Modern Times"—a picture that contains some of the funniest things he has ever done and is at the same time his most serious effort to make people think. He will certainly make them laugh as heartily as anybody has laughed for many a day. Whether his satire is as deep as he evidently intended you will decid for yourselves. He tilts not only at the machine age industry, but also at a system that may make gaol of more comfortable place than thousands have to live in and at the stern inelasticity of laws for the protection of orphaned children. But the outstanding thing is the revelation of Charlie's voice. This is nothing less than a triumph. There is considerably more of it than I had been led to expect. The little waterfront waif (Paulette Goddard) whom Charlie had befriended is waiting for him when he comes out of gaol. She can get him a job as a singing waiter in a cafe. Charlie knows nothing about waiting, and he cannot sing; but, with the customary valiance of the Chaplin figure in love, he has a shot at it. The waiting sequences, with Charlie swept alone in the multitude of dancers and driven back into the surge bearing his heavily lader tray every time he thinks he has achieved the table of his impatient customers, will make you roar. All the little combinations of subtlety and knockabout humour that Charlie does so well are mixed irresistibly in this hilarious sequence. Then Charlie is due to sing. He rehearses in the little sweetheart's dressing room. Always, after the confident preliminaries, he forgets the words. So she writes them for him on his cuff: and the first thing the new singing waiter does as he advances to perform his act is, of course, to shoot the cuff across the room into oblivion.

"Sing anything," sighs the little sweetheart, watching just behind the scenes. Charlie does so. From a jumble of disconnected French, Italian, Spanish and English words he evolves, by the sheer delicacy of his pantomime and the twinkling humour of his vocalism, what might easily pass as one of those gaily mischievous little songs that mean all that is piquant in the word "Continental". It is positively brilliant. The feat is not entirely new, but it has never been performed with the wonderful artistry Chaplin brings to it. It is Charlie's natural voice, pleasant and clear and its use in this way will serve to drive home the argument that Charlie ought to come out in the open frankly in any future pictures. Charlie, taking his modest lunch in the factory, is chosen as the subject upon whom a feeding machine, designed to save time, is tested. It is riotously funny. The machine gets out of order and moves faster and faster. They cannot stop it, and by the time the little man, gripped by the headrest, is grappling with the wild presentation of corn on the cob, most audiences will be wiping tears of laughter from their eyes. When we see Charlie first his job is to fasten bolts on a moving chain Here, too, he is at his funniest. The steady succession of jerks gets on his nerves. He goes off his head, pulls all the levers he sees and blows up the machinery. He is taken to hospital, is told to avoid excitement when cured, runs into a communist demonstration and, trying to restore a red flag dropped by a lorry, is sent to gaol as a ring leader.

Charlie certainly has not lost his touch, though he is appreciably older. It is a stimulating reminder that he still stands alone. Paulette Goddard is charming—a pretty, slim, fresh-looking, dark-haired girl who looks as though she might be a real actress.



Charlie Chaplin In "Modern Times". Simultaneous shown this evening at the Capitol and Regal

ANYTHING GOES

At Pathe

"Anything Goes", which opens to-day at the Pathe Theatre, is a jolly, tuneful, entertaining picture.

Bing Crosby is the featured player in this song-starred Paramount presentation of the popular Broadway musical comedy which broke records during its New York run. He is assisted by such favourites as Ethel Merman, Charlie Ruggles, Ida Lupino and Grace Bradley.

All the famous Coal Porter songs which were universally popular are heard in the mirthful picture. He has provided a number of others which are equally as good as "You're the Top", "Anything Goes", and "I Get A Kick Out of You". Additional songs by other music makers are included.

Outstanding in the lyric line are the parodies on "You're the Top" which Erosy and Miss Merman sing. These took the audience by storm with their unexpected lines and proved the high spot in the entertainment. Nearly everything under the sun is introduced in these parodies from Ethiopia to stratospheric flights.

The bright dance routines by LeRoy Prinz deserve mention, as does the fast-paced direction of Lewis Milestone. The audience is carried heading from amusing escapades to diverting songs, and from spectacular night club scenes to madcap comedy.

Crosby is a knight errant abroad a transatlantic liner. His borrowed passport gets him into trouble, for it belongs to a public enemy. That passport forces him to tumble in and out of sundry disguises with hilarious consequences. The whole ship becomes a madhouse of fun, when Crosby stops at nothing to divert passengers of their costumes. In the end, he gets his reward with an elusive romance.

"Anything Goes" is amusing entertainment through and through. It is heartly recommended to one and all.

"Broadway Horliss" at the Opera — Phil Regan, Wini, and Lyle Talbot.

"SHE SHALL HAVE MUSIC"

At The Excelsior

"She Shall Have Music" is very fine entertainment and proves that the Americans are no longer supreme in the art of making spectacular musical films. This British picture from the Twickenham Studios is one of the most entertaining and original efforts of its kind and undoubtedly gains by the fact that the spectacle does not dwarf everything else in the picture as in most of the big musicals from across the water. The film is beautifully mounted but the settings form an integral part of the story which is a lighthearted affair written to exploit the first screen appearance of Jack Hylton and his Band.

This world-famous music hall and radio act adapts itself admirably to the medium of the cinema and the result is a really bright and enjoyable film in which comedy, song and dance are skilfully blended. Jack and his Boys both individually and collectively are an entertainment in themselves and they have the support of June Clyde, charming as ever, Brian Lawrence, who sings very well, Claude Dampier, the screen's prize chump, Edmund Breon, Gwen Farrar and a host of other clever artistes. One particularly ingenious sequence is a musical tour of Europe with Jack's Band adapting the theme song to the rhythm of the various countries and introducing well-known Continental stars.

There are several good songs and some lovely girls to sing and dance to them—altogether a grand film.

Jack Hylton and his band June Clyde is supported by a magnificent galaxy of International stars from screen, stage and radio, Claude Dampier, Brian Lawrence, Gwen Farrar, Marjorie Brooks, Edmund Breon, Felix Aylmer, Mathea Merryfield, the sensation of two continents Magda Neeld, and Diana Ward, the Cabaret artiste, Carmona, the Spanish dancing beauty.

"THE GIRL FRIEND"

At The Central

He sings, he dances, he's a top-notch comedian, he's an experienced actor—and he's good-looking with a likeable personality, to boot!

Which, in fewer words, makes Jack Haley, who is co-starred with Ann Sothern in Columbia's musical comedy, "The Girl Friend" from to-night at the Central Theatre, a discovery—a real, genuine discovery! His latest film, "The Girl Friend," makes his discovery possible!

Though he has appeared in several other films, the material of "The Girl Friend" is, as they say, right "down his alley"—more so than any other film has been. The hilarious premise of the story is the proper pattern about which he weaves his eccentric antics and uproarious gags. The music gives him a chance to sing. The show-within-a-show angle, in which Napoleon is satirized, gives him a chance to dance, if you can call his crazy manipulations dancing.

In "The Girl Friend," Haley portrays a would-be playwright, living on his family's little farm. When three Broadwayites, pretending they are play producers, come to his home, make themselves comfortable and partake of the wholesome farm food—he is quite ecstatic, believing they will produce his play. When he learns they are imposters, merely taking advantage of his hospitality, he is heart-broken. The situation, however, builds to a novel and really funny climax, giving Haley his greatest opportunity at sheer comedy.

Under Edward N. Buzzell, who directed "The Girl Friend," Haley is given wider scope than heretofore. Buzzell, himself, has appeared in many musical comedies and on the vaudeville stage and, therefore, understands perfectly every angle necessary to the com-

(Continued in Col. 5.)

Ann Southern and Jack Haley in "The Girl Friend" at the Central

INSIST ON EDUCATED BRIDES

Only Way To Further Women's Emancipation

(BY P. N. MOHILE.)

Every educated man to-day acknowledges the urgent need of women's education to improve the unenviable lot of Indian womanhood. But the tackling of a problem of such an immense nature is financially beyond the reach of even the most enthusiatic of such believers. They want to do so much—and yet their power of doing is so little.

Let's take a practical view of the matter and see if we educated youths can do something to really help the cause of the emancipation of Indian womanhood.

We know that fathers and guardians among the older generation, often sell their ancestral properties, mortgage their homes, and suffer untold privation themselves to get their daughters married. I know families who have pinched themselves year in and year out in order to be able to save up money to give dowries as required by the pernicious customs of to-day.

Suppose, instead of asking for dowries and so selling themselves, our youth determined to demand of the fathers and guardians that their girls be educated, suppose we could convince the older generation that in educating the girl lies her only chance of a good marriage-could we not set in force a subtle, intangible but nevertheless really powerful movement to educate our sisters and daughters—with very good results to ourselves, to them, and to the society in general?

I think we can. Let's make it plain to the present fathers and guardians that a modern young man definitely prefers a girl with education to a girl with dowry, and if we succeed in carrying this conviction we shall have taken the one big single step that will lead to a revolution for the better in the social conditions of Indian womanhood.

Here is a step by which every individual young man of to-day can help personally, a cause in which he generally believes. Every unmarried man to-day has a strong means by which he can further the cause of women's education in India. Let him use it for his own good, for the good of posterity, for the liberation of the enslaved Indian womanhood, and for the good of the race.

To practically advance the cause of women's education let every unmarried young man of to-day demand an educated wife—and within the next ten years the cause will have advanced far more than it has done within the last hundred.

(Continued from Col. 7).

plete bringing-out of the talents of his players.

So, with "The Girl Friend," a new and sensational star appears on the horizon in the form of our old friend, Jack Haley. His performance in this film has been hailed as an outstanding personal triumph.

Others in the cast of "The Girl Friend" are Thurston Hall, Victor Kilean, Ray Walker, Margaret Seddon and Inek Courtney.

"She Shall Have Music" with Jack Hylton and June Clyde at the Excelsior

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. "The Poacher". A comedy in one act by J. O. Francis. The scene is set in a small village in Wales. Production by William MacLurg.
8-05 p.m. Reginald King and his Orchestra. Andrew Clayton (Tenor).
9 p.m. Dance Music.
9-25 p.m. News and Announcements
9-45 p.m. "Empire Magazine" No. 1. Including a serial, a sketch a stunt, visitors, interviews, types and novelties. Devised and edited by Cecil Madden.
10-30 p.m. Close Down.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.
12-00 Noon. Selection of Indian Music.
1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Jules Craen and His Quintet. Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel. (By kind permission of the Management.)
5-30 p.m. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema.
6-30 p.m. Gujerati Songs. Jaganath of Surat.
7-0 p.m. Commercial News.
7-15 p.m. Clarinet Solos. G.N. Ghosh.
7-45 p.m. Musical Interlude.
7-50 p.m. Bai Sunderabai. In popular songs. With sarangi, harmonium and tabla.
8-30 p.m. News in Hindi.
8-40 p.m. Bai Sunderabai in light music.
9-30 p.m. News in English.
9-45 p.m. Jack Hilton and his Orchestra.

Delhi Programme

VUD, 340.136 metres, 882 kc/s.
8-0 a.m. Iqbal Putli of Meerut, Bhajans.
8-10 a.m. Haidar Hussain, Sitar—Bhabhas.
8-20 a.m. Rashidah Begam. Thumri and Ghazal.
8-35 a.m. I. B. S. Orchestra. Bhairon.
8-45 a.m. Bery. (Hindustani Talk).
9-0 a.m. Iqbal Putli. Na't, Ghazal and Dadra.
9-20 a.m. P. S. Mukerjee. Sarod—Bhairvin.
9-25 a.m. Asad Ali Khan. Khayal—Bhairvin Thumri Aswri.
9-45 a.m. Sardar. Violin. Mukerjee. Viola. Tabla. Malang.
9-50 a.m. Rashida Begam. Ghazals.
6-0 p.m. I. B. S. Orchestra. Multani.
6-10 p.m. Asad Ali Khan. Khayal Mian ki todi. Thumri Pilu and Ghazal.
6-40 p.m. Malang Khan. Sur Bahar—Marwa.
6-50 p.m. Rashidah Begam. Thumri.
7-0 p.m. Ghulam Sabir. Sarangi—Aiman Kallian.
7-10 p.m. Iqbal Putli. Ghazals.
7-30 p.m. Gopi Nath "Apni Karni par utarni" (Hindustani Talk.)
7-40 p.m. Rashidah Begam. Punjabi Geet.
8-0 p.m. Asad Ali Khan. Ghazals.
8-30 p.m. Dr. Iman Ahmad. "Kisan ki zarurat" (Hindustani Talk.)
8-45 p.m. Rashidah Begam. Ghazals.
9-0 p.m. Iqbal Putli of Meerut. Ghazals.
9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani.
9-30 p.m. Time Signal. News in English.
9-45 p.m. Moinul Haq Haqqi. "Pleader." (Hindustani Talk).
10-0 p.m. Fayyaz Khan of Baroda. Classical Music.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.
12-36 p.m. SB. Time signal. A studio programme arranged by Messrs. T. E. Bevan & Co., Ltd. Piano Duet by Rawicz and Landauer. "I Dream too Much", "I Give my Heart." Turner Layton. "A Beautiful Lady in Blue," "Sing before Breakfast." B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. "Moon over Miami," "Swing." Norman Allin. "Think on Me", "When Song is Sweet." Violin Solos by Albert Sandler. "Kol Nidrei," "Eili Eili." Harry Leader and his Band. "Blue Bag," Intro.: "Limehouse Blues," "Mephis Blues," "Wabash Blues" etc. Louis Levy and Gaumont British Symphony. "She shall have music," "From One Minute to another." Mantovani and his Tipica Orchestra. "In a Vienna Beer Garden. Intro.: "Happy Vienna," "Waltz Dream" etc. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if any).
1-36 p.m. "Men who revealed the Mystery of Science." Talk by Bishnu Sarma.
2-6 p.m. Talk by Bella Halder. (a) Household Hints. (b) History of Lace-making.
2-36 p.m. Talk by a member of the National Council of Women in India.
4-50 p.m. SB. The Beighton Cup Final. Running Commentary relayed from the Calcutta Football Club Ground. Commentator: Bertie Meyer.
6-6 p.m. Vocal Music (Bengali). Promode Behari Khastagir.
6-21 p.m. Adult Education. By Prof. Ananth Nath Bose, M.A., (Cambridge).
6-41 p.m. Vocal Music (Bengali). Sreematy Khetramani.
6-51 p.m. Mouth Organ—by Haridas Ganguly and Party.
7-1 p.m. Light Bengali Songs Kamal Das Gupta.
7-16 p.m. Sreematy Kankabaty.
7-36 p.m. Sreematy Labanya Prova Ghose.
7-51 p.m. SB News in English.
8-6 p.m. SB Light Bengali Songs (contd.) Dhiren Das.
8-21 p.m. Anil Bacchi.
8-36 p.m. Mrinal Kanti Ghose.
8-51 p.m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates (In Bengali).
9-6 p.m. SB Orchestral Selections (Recorded) from the Studio. Alternatively: (If reception satisfactory). An Empire Programme relayed from Daventry.
9-36 p.m. SB Dance Music. Relayed from "Prince's" Restaurant. By the Grand Hotel Dance Orchestra.
10-6 p.m. SB Weather Forecast, 2nd News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates (In English).
10-21 p.m. SB Dance Music from 'Prince's" (contd.)

MINIATURE TALKIES
PRESENTED BY
LISTERINE
LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE CERTAINLY HAS IMPROVED MY TEETH—LOOK HOW MUCH WHITER THEY ARE ALREADY.
MY GUMS FEEL BETTER TOO! THEY'RE HARD AND FIRM—HAVE A HEALTHY PINK COLOUR.
AND WHAT A DELIGHTFUL TASTE! LEAVES THE MOUTH SO CLEAN AND REFRESHED.
TRY IT!

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF

You, too, will be surprised and delighted with Listerine Tooth Paste. Its special cleansing agent polishes teeth to a new pearly whiteness. It firms the gums, sweetens the breath. Try Listerine Tooth Paste for the next 30 days. See how much better your teeth will look. Three sizes: Large, Double-size and Small.

LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE N-15

"More Retrograde Than Meston Settlement"

(Continued From Page 20)

services to the capacities of the Railways to pay.

More Indianization of Superior Services.

If Sir Otto had looked into these obvious sources for improving the Railway situation, he would not have been forced to make a merely general statement."

RAILWAYS GET BUSY

Niemeyer Report Gives Impetus To Economy Campaign

SIMLA, May 1.

Much of the financial plan adumbrated by Sir Otto Niemeyer hinges on the improvements in Railway Finances. The "United Press" learns that serious efforts are being made to effect economies in the Railway administration. The question of Rail-Road competition, which was looming large during the recent years, would once again find prominent place on the agenda of the Central Transport Advisory Council, which would meet in Simla on July 13. This would enable the Railway heads and the representatives of the Provincial Governments to meet together and evolve 'inter alia' a co-ordinated policy in respect of the construction of feeder instead of trunk roads—a policy of which it is said, Provinces still pursue with profits to themselves. The Railway authorities pointed out they had to bear loss of two crores of rupees on strategic lines and had been compelled to provide thirteen crores for the Depreciation Fund instead of eleven crores, which they considered sufficient. It was presumed with the establishment of the Federal Railway Authority, duplication of expenditure on certain lines would be avoided.

In this connection it is understood, Mr. R. S. Mudie, Special Officer, is busy drafting the Railway Authority Bill which is expected to be introduced in April, 1937, after the inauguration of the Provincial part of the new Constitution. Meanwhile, Railway Agents, it is presumed are carrying forward the economy campaign outlines whereof were chalked out at their Conference in Delhi in March.—United Press.

"NO CHANGE IN ARMY BUDGET"

(From Our Special Correspondent)

SIMLA, April 30

An important observation by Sir Otto Niemeyer namely, "expenditure at the Centre cannot be expected, consistently with safety, to decrease much below the point to which it has now been reduced" suggests that the Army budget despite consistent and vehement public criticism would remain at the present level and may possibly be increased.

Much of his calculations is based on the assumption that the Railway budget would improve in future. Drastic reduction in Railway expenditure is expected in course of time but unless the Railway budget balances and shows signs of improvement, the provinces may have to wait longer than five years to get the relief suggested in the Niemeyer Report. It may be assumed that from 1942 onwards over a period of six years, the Provinces will begin to get their share of income-tax to be gradually increased until at the end of six years the income-tax will be divided fifty-fifty between the Centre and the Provinces. Of course receipts from the centrally administered areas, company super-tax and tax on emoluments of federal offices will not be included in the pool to be shared.

"EQUITABLE ALLOCATION"

Decided Improvement On Meston Award, Says Sarkar

Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar, ex-President of the Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, said:—

"The Report, although it may not satisfy all view points, is on the whole fair, particularly in view of the various restrictions imposed by the scheme of things as envisaged in the new Government of India Act. If we accept facts as they are to-day as an initial promise, the allocation provided for is equitable and nearly all that could possibly be expected to solve this knotty problem. In my opinion the allotment as made by Sir Otto is a decided improvement on the Meston Award and seems to ensure to provinces better financial justice in certain

(Continued in column 2.)

(Continued from col. 3)

respects than the recommendations of the Percy Committee".

Referring particularly to Sir Otto's recommendations in so far as they relate to Bengal, Mr. Sarkar opined that the assistance of Rs. 75 lakhs in addition to 50 per cent. of the jute export duty together with the prospects of participation in a share of the income tax proceeds in future, should enable Bengal to achieve financial equilibrium. This would wipe out Bengal's budget deficit of Rs. 42 lakhs and would give an additional spending capacity of Rs. 33 lakhs a year to start with.—United Press.

BYCULLA TEMPLE MANDAP DISPUTE

BOMBAY, May 1.

Under the joint auspices of the Anjuman Ittahad-Tarraqi, Madanpura, Bombay, and the following working class leaders, a mass meeting of the Muslims and Hindus will be held in Madanpura "Mahomedan Street" at 9 p.m. to-day (Saturday):—

Shreemati Maniben Mulji, President of the All-India Trade Union Congress; Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress: Dr. M. R. Shetty, President, Dock Workers' Union: Mr. V. B. Karnik, Mr. W. G. Kulkarni, Secretaries of the Bombay Girni Kamgar Union, Mr. Z. R. Chowdhury, General Secretary of the G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union; Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla, President of the Municipal Workers' Union.

The object of the meeting is said to be to "counteract" the activities of "interested parties" who are taking advantage of the Byculla Temple-Masjid dispute, in order to create trouble.

Among others, the following leaders will address the meeting: Maulvi Mahomed Nazim Saheb Faizabadi, Maulana Kutabuddin Siddiqui, Editor, "Sidaquat," Maulana Abdul Rahuff Saheb, Mr. Akhtar, Advocate, Seth Fateh Mahomed Haji Ramzan, Maulana Latifur Rahiman Saheb, Mr. Abdul Majid, President, Girni Kamgar Union.

Maulana Mahomed Irfan will preside.—United Press

Our London Sports Letter

Indian XI Arrive In London

NAYUDU AND NISSAR MOST IN DEMAND

(From Our Sports Correspondent)

LONDON, April 22.

The All-India cricketers arrived in London on Monday night. After a sunny voyage on the "Viceroy of India" where they had a cheery crowd on board, fate was not so kind to them when they landed at Tilbury earlier in the evening of Monday. Their boat was late at Tilbury, thus their train was late at St. Pancras and after gazing upon the rain-sodden country-side they came upon streaming London streets and an icy atmosphere. Wrapped in overcoats and with chattering teeth, they made their way home after meeting the small crowd that had gathered at the station to welcome them. A number of those distinguished in English cricket had waited hour after hour to welcome this Indian "family" and among those to greet the Indians, as they stepped out of the train were both the old secretary and the new of the M.C.C., Mr. W. Findlay and Colonel Rait-Kerr. Mr. R. Aird, the M.C.C's assistant secretary, Mr. H. D. G. Leveson-Gower, Sir Stanley Jackson and Mr. E. R. T. Holmes. Mr. Jehangir Khan, the Light Blue all-rounder, was also at the station.

"BLACK BRADMAN"

The Indian cricketers have followed the lead of the Australians. Each member of the party, we were told officially at the station, has signed a clause which forbids the granting of interviews to newspapermen. They were, however, ready to discuss the prospects of the tour. Mr. Naidu has been the much-sought-after-man. It is remembered that he was here four years ago to earn for himself the title of "Black Bradman". In some quarters he is also nick-named the "Jack Hobbs" of the Indian side. He told us that he does not care much whether his team wins or loses matches in their tour of England this summer. That does not mean he will not try to win, and he is looking forward to many exciting struggles, but, as he said, "the result of them does not matter." Naidu is satisfied that India has a good time. All that he wants is some good sports and a really good summer and not the rain which greeted him and his pals at Tilbury and in London.

It made some of us laugh when Naidu continued his chat. "So far we are all getting acquainted as many of us come from different parts of India and have not met before. All of us can speak English and we hope to make many new friends here".

Next to Naidu, Mohamed Nissar is made to talk. This giant of the team assured us that they all kept fit on the voyage with tennis and quoits and not one of them was ill. It was a grand trip and very smooth. "My only difficulty" Nissar added, "was when we played cricket on deck. We played with miniature bats and balls and I had to get down to them".

OFFICIALS FEEL RELEAVED

Niemeyer Report Lifts Anxiety For Prospects Of Reforms

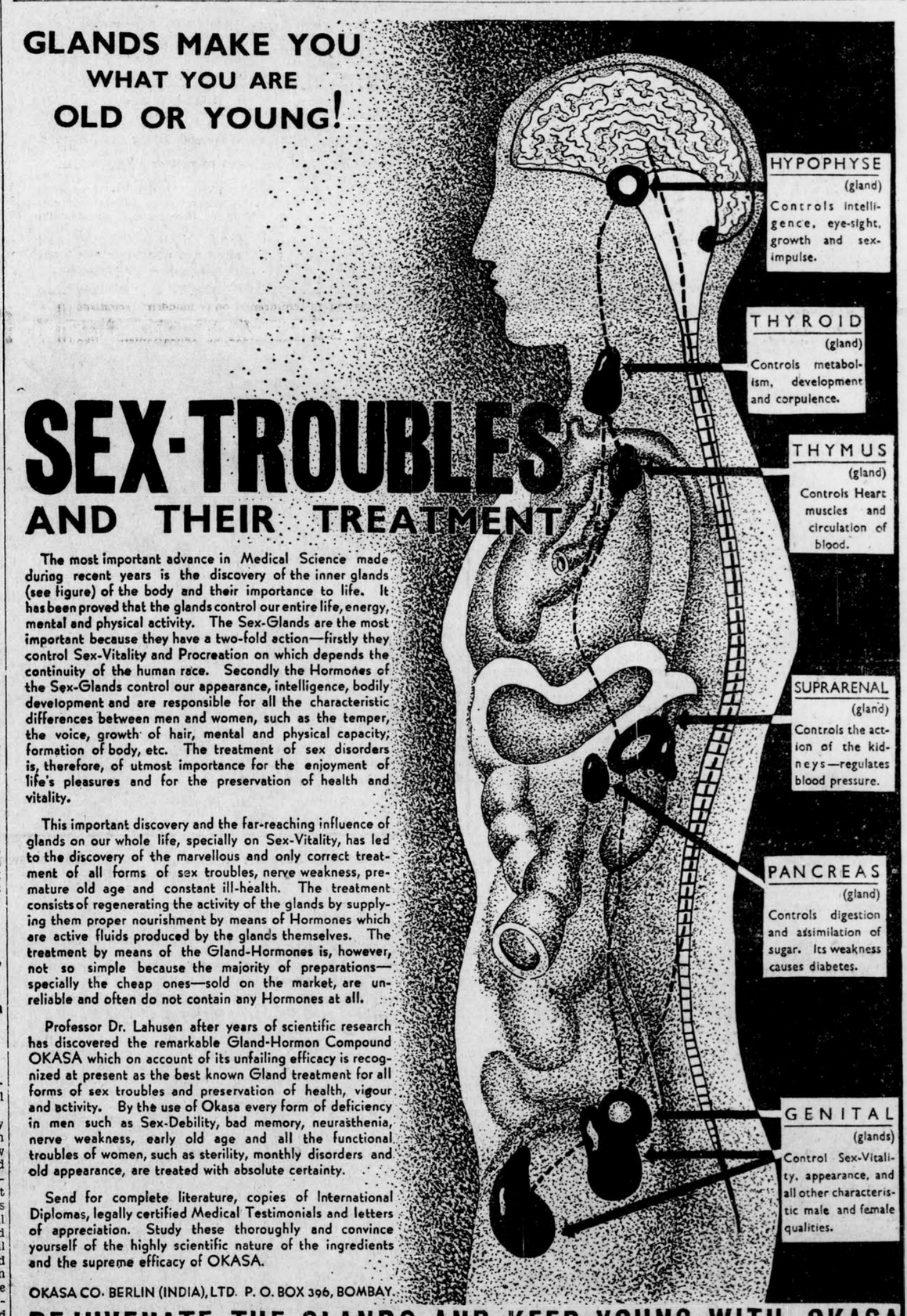
(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 1

The most notable reaction to the Niemeyer report in official quarters at Simla is that it has lifted the anxiety regarding the prospects for the new constitution and has given a fresh life to the hope of introduction, not only of provincial autonomy by April next, but of Federation a year thereafter.

Indeed calculations have already been made on the basis that part three of the Government of India Act would be in force in time for the introduction in the Simla autumn session of 1937 of bills for establishing Statutory Railway Authority and for the necessary measures for appointing the Federal Court. The draft proposals in regard to both are now under active consideration.

The House of Lords passed the second reading of the Cotton Spindles Bill. A motion by the Earl of Mansfield for its rejection was defeated by 48 votes to 9.


GLANDS MAKE YOU WHAT YOU ARE OLD OR YOUNG!
HYPOPHYSE (gland) Controls intelligence, eye-sight, growth and sex-impulse.
THYROID (gland) Controls metabolism, development and corpulence.
THYMUS (gland) Controls Heart muscles and circulation of blood.
SUPRARENAL (gland) Controls the action of the kidneys—regulates blood pressure.
PANCREAS (gland) Controls digestion and assimilation of sugar. Its weakness causes diabetes.
GENITAL (glands) Control Sex-Vitality, appearance, and all other characteristic male and female qualities.
SEX-TROUBLES AND THEIR TREATMENT
The most important advance in Medical Science made during recent years is the discovery of the inner glands (see figure) of the body and their importance to life. It has been proved that the glands control our entire life, energy, mental and physical activity. The Sex-Glands are the most important because they have a two-fold action—firstly they control Sex-Vitality and Procreation on which depends the continuity of the human race. Secondly the Hormones of the Sex-Glands control our appearance, intelligence, bodily development and are responsible for all the characteristic differences between men and women, such as the temper, the voice, growth of hair, mental and physical capacity; formation of body, etc. The treatment of sex disorders is, therefore, of utmost importance for the enjoyment of life's pleasures and for the preservation of health and vitality.
This important discovery and the far-reaching influence of glands on our whole life, specially on Sex-Vitality, has led to the discovery of the marvellous and only correct treatment of all forms of sex troubles, nerve weakness, premature old age and constant ill-health. The treatment consists of regenerating the activity of the glands by supplying them proper nourishment by means of Hormones which are active fluids produced by the glands themselves. The treatment by means of the Gland-Hormones is, however, not so simple because the majority of preparations—specially the cheap ones—sold on the market, are unreliable and often do not contain any Hormones at all.
Professor Dr. Lahusen after years of scientific research has discovered the remarkable Gland-Hormon Compound OKASA which on account of its unfailing efficacy is recognized at present as the best known Gland treatment for all forms of sex troubles and preservation of health, vigour and activity. By the use of Okasa every form of deficiency in men such as Sex-Debility, bad memory, neurasthenia, nerve weakness, early old age and all the functional troubles of women, such as sterility, monthly disorders and old appearance, are treated with absolute certainty.
Send for complete literature, copies of International Diplomas, legally certified Medical Testimonials and letters of appreciation. Study these thoroughly and convince yourself of the highly scientific nature of the ingredients and the supreme efficacy of OKASA.
OKASA CO. BERLIN (INDIA), LTD. P. O. BOX 396, BOMBAY.
REJUVENATE THE GLANDS AND KEEP YOUNG WITH OKASA

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Vaishakh Sud 11, 1992
Muslim: Safar 10, 1354
Parsi: Avan 29, 1305
Hightide: 9-37; 21-20
Lowtide: 3-15; 15-21
Sunrise: 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 1m.

S. S. 'Naldera' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

S. S. 'Ranpura' with English mails of April 16, due at 2 p.m.

Monday, May 4

Municipal Corporation 3-30 p.m.

Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society 90th Ordinary General Meeting Vestry of St. Andrews' Church Rampart Row 6 p.m

Wednesday, May 6.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m

Thursday, May 7.

Results of B.Sc., and Third M.B.B.S. Examinations, University Buildings, 2 p.m.

Parliament of Religions, Sir S. Radhakrishnan presiding, C. J. Hall, 6-15 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"She Shall have Music" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—Charlie Chaplin in "Modern Times" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Forbidden-Bride" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

CAPITOL—Charlie Chaplin in "Modern Times" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA—"Broadway Hostess" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"Anything Goes" Daily at 2-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.

WELLINGTON—"My Beloved" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Girl Friend" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

GLOBE—"Prince of Thieves" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Rajput Ramani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 3 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Madan Fashion" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

PLAZA—"Dark Angel" Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.

SUPER—"Hoore Samandar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

ARYA SAMAJ.

At the Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir Pandit Laxmanrao Oghle will deliver a public lecture on Form of God today Saturday at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.)

KING GEORGE MEMORIAL FUND

Collections for the King George Memorial Fund total Rs. 1,42,121-4-6.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GAURDS

All the members of the Bombay National Gaurds are asked to be present at the Gowalia Tank Maidan on Sunday at 6 a.m. sharp. Members are required to note the change in timing.

ANOPHELES STEPHENSI IN CITY.

List of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito was detected breeding during the week ending April 25:—
Sun Mill Road No. 45-A Well.

CONCERT AT MATUNGA

There will be a Gottu Vadhyami concert by Mr. T. S. Srinivasarao accompanied on violin by Mr. T. Harirao to-day (Saturday) at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga at 5 p.m.

HARI-KATHA FOR KARNATAKIS

A public Hari-Keerthana 'Ramanjaneya' (in Canarese) will be performed by Keertana Bhushana and Katha Kanthirava, Shreepada Dass of Mysore, to-day Saturday, at 9-15 p.m. at the residence of Dr. U. B. Narayanrao, 94, Girgaum Rd., (Top Floor), Bombay.

BAND AT VICTORIA GARDEN

The Band of the 1st Bn. G.I.P. Railway, Regiment A.F.I., will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay, to-day Saturday commencing at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

JAMIAT SHUBBAN AL-MUSLIMEEN AND KING FUAD

A resolution was unanimously passed by the general body of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen at its 4th annual general meeting placing on record its deep sense of regret and sorrow at the sad death of His Majesty King Fuad of Egypt.

ANJUMAN-I-ISLAM SCHOOLS

The prize distribution gathering of the Anjuman-i-Islam Schools will be held to-day Saturday, at 4-30 p.m. in the Compound of the Anjuman-i-Islam, 92, Hornby Road, The Hon. Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, Minister for Local-Self Government will preside and distribute the prizes.

KERALA CLUB

The eleventh literary meeting will be held to-day Saturday in the club premises (Old Jamboree Home, Worli) at 7-30 p.m. There will be a debate on "Dictatorship" vs. "Democracy" by Messrs. N. A. Krishnan Nair and T.R. Bolan respectively.

SOUTH INDIAN SANGEETHA SABHA

There will be a Bharatha Nattiyam (Dance) by Srimathi Balasaraswathi and party from Madras at 5-30 p.m. to-morrow Sunday, at the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, G.I.P.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss Elliott-Lockhart arrived at Government House on Friday.

The Governor of Bombay received the Raja of Bhor at Government House on Friday.

THE MANUFACTURERS INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION & FANCY FETE.
Waterfield Road. BANDRA.
GRAND OPENING DAY 9th MAY AT 5 p.m.
The first of its kind in Bombay and Suburbs.
Amusements, Magic Shows, Giants Wheel, Cutting a Lady, Fire Walking, Curious Manufactured and many other Novel Things, etc. yet a few stalls available.
DO NOT MISS THIS RARE OPPORTUNITY

POSTAL NOTICE.

As the Outward East Gulf mail steamer will not sail this week until after the arrival of the Inward English Mail Steamer s.s. "Ranpura" which is expected to arrive in Bombay at 2-00 p.m. on Saturday the 2nd proximo, the following will be the latest hours of posting on that day at the Bombay G.P.O. of correspondence and parcels for the offices in Iraq, Iran and Persian Gulf.

Unregistered correspondence upto 2-00 p.m. on 2-5-1936.

Registered correspondence upto 1-00 p.m. on 2-5-1936.

Parcels correspondence upto 12-00 Noon on 2-5-1936.

Postings at the Town Sub Offices must be so regulated as to reach the Bombay G.P.O. before the above mentioned hours

INTER-PROVINCIAL LITERARY CONFERENCE

Sunday (3rd) at 9-0 a.m., at Blavatsky Lodge speeches on "Modern Marathi Literature" By Mama Varerker, and "Modern Hindi Literature", by Dr. Dhaniram "Prem" and "Modern Gujarati Literature" by Sjt. Ramnarayen Pathuck.

Sjt. Snehrashmi, Umashanker Joshi, and Hindi and Marathi poets will recite poems.

Monday (4th May) at 8 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, speech on "Tongue" by Prof. Jyotindra Dave.

There will also be dances, music, etc.

BHANDARI SHIKSHAN FUND.

Applications for scholarship for the year 1936-1937 have been invited from poor and deserving students of the Bhandari community undergoing college and industrial education only. Prescribed forms of application can be obtained from Mr. R. V. Kambli, Hon. Gen. Secretary B. S. Parishad, 28, Lawyers Chambers, Picket Road, Bombay.

PURSE TO BELUR KESHAVDAS

A public meeting of the Karnatakis of Bombay will be held to-day Saturday, at 6-30 p.m. in the Hall of the Karnatak Sangh, Girgaum, Bombay, when a purse will be presented to Syt. Belur Keshavdas, the well-known Harikirtan artiste of Karnatak, in appreciation of his services.

SCHOOLS' COMMITTEE'S "NO" TO T. U. C.

Request For Rooms For Delegates' Use Turned Down

The Schools Committee at its meeting held on Friday evening decided not to concede the request of the Secretary, Reception Committee, All India Trade Union Congress, that same rooms in the Municipal Poibavdi School be placed at the disposal of the Reception Committee, for the accommodation of the delegates attending the ensuing Sessions of the Trade Union Congress.

CHAPLIN SENDS MESSAGE TO INDIA

"Modern Times" His Best Comedy

On the eve of the release of "Modern Times" in Bombay and other leading cities of India, Charlie Chaplin has sent the following message to the Bombay Office of the United Artists through Alfred Reeves, Chaplin studios, Hollywood:

"Sincerely feel without a doubt "Modern Times" best comedy I have made to date. Trust my friends in India will derive as much enjoyment out of seeing it as I had making it. Cordially Charles Chaplin."

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

No Niemeyer's Report!

It is surprising to note that no copies of Sir Otto Niemeyer's Report were available in Bombay on Friday, though the Report was published as a Parliamentary paper and a telegraphic summary was received in the newspaper offices by Thursday evening. Prominent financiers and economists in the city, when approached by the "Chronicle" representatives for their views on the proposals in the Report as published in the newspapers, frankly expressed their inability to do so, unless they had a copy of the full Report before them, notwithstanding the fact that all of them are thoroughly acquainted with the problem of provincial and central finances. Their attitude gives the lie direct to the oft-repeated charge that Indians do not care to study any reports or similar documents before they give expression to their views one way or the other. But what is more intriguing is the thorough-going non-chalance of the authorities concerned in the release of such reports for the information of the public.

Inefficient Publicity Arrangements

Enquiries showed that upto the evening, the Government Central Press at the Charni Road had received no consignment of the copies of the Report. The speech of Lord Linlithgow referring to the Government's attitude towards the Press and publicity generally, created reasonable hopes that the publicity machinery of the Government of India would be so completely over-hauled that such inconvenience as was formerly caused owing to indifferent publicity would be a matter of the past. It is known that Sir Otto had signed his Report as early as in March and washed his hands clean of the affair, before he left the Indian shores. More than a month elapsed and the full Report had not reached various provinces far away from Delhi. One wishes that the Government of India had brought enough pressure to bear on the India Office, to make them realise that it would be better if the publicity machine in India moved rather faster. Opinion so far ascertained is pessimistic about the ultimate benefit either to the provinces or to the Centre, if the proposals were put into execution. But who cares? Not the British Parliament.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

G. I. P. Railway.

Timings at Victoria Terminus (on and from 1st April, 1936):—

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	6-15	23-00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7-30	17-50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8-15	21-45
Madras Express 10-15		13-50
Deccan Queen 10-25		17-15
Punjab Mail 10-50		18-55
Poona Mail 11-40		15-30
Nagpur Express 14-00		22-10
Poona Fast Passenger 16-50		11-50
Poona Express 19-35		8-15
Allahabad Express ..20-15		7-10

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	22-20
Delhi Express	6-00	22-05
Gujarat Mail	6-45	20-25
Kathiawar Mail	7-40	21-50
Frontier Mail	8-30	21-30
—Do.—on Saturdays	8-35	.....
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-20	13-40
Kathiawar Express ..	19-00	8-45
Baroda Passenger 21-10		8-55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.
Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only for passengers for Europe at 8-50.

BALAK EDUCATION SOCIETY

New Venture Will Also Run Model Boarding And "Home"

(From A Correspondent)

An Educational Society called "The Balak Education Society" has been registered in Bombay with the object of educating children on modern scientific methods with Board of Management aided by educationists like Mr. R. V. Parulekar, Dr. Ghurye, Profs. Kanitkar, Gadgil and Hudlikar. Mr. N. V. Modak a member of the Bombay University Senate and Syndicate, is the President with Dr. Mhaskar, Mr. Mhatre, Nimbar and other office-bearers of the Society.

The management have completed their arrangement to establish a modern children's School in the healthy suburb of Dadar-Matunga from June, 1936. The one unique feature of this institution is that it will also run a model boarding and "home" for its pupils.

PUNJAB SOCIALISTS FALL IN LINE

Decision To Wreck New Constitution

LAHORE, May 1.

At the well attended general meeting of the Punjab Socialist Party held at Bradlaugh Hall, Munshi Ahmed Din presiding, Comrade Mobarak Sagar related his impression of the Lucknow Congress Session and recommended for naming the Party as Congress Socialist Party, which was accepted.

The meeting decided that in view of the need for a united front to fight the forces of Imperialism in the country it is necessary that the Punjab Socialists should rally under the banner of the All-India Congress Socialist Party and extend their wholehearted co-operation in the fight for the country's freedom. It was decided to get the Party affiliated with the All-India Congress Socialist Party. Henceforward, the red flag instead of the tri-colour flag will be the flag of the Punjab Congress Socialist Party.

The Party also decided that with a view to wrecking the new constitution the Socialists should seek election to the Punjab Assembly, in order to make its working impossible, in co-operation with all those who are against it.

A Sub-Committee was formed to negotiate alliance with other parties for working the Socialist Party's economic programme.—United Press.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

From what I hear I am sure the suburbs are going to have a busy week-end. An open air ball, a musical play, two Marathi performances and those happy hours full of fun and gaiety under the palm grove of Juhu where bathers will have a rollicking time.

Yes Juhu season has begun, tents are pitched in numbers, quite a number of people are spending their summer holidays..... well how about you?

MUSICAL PLAY AT BANDRA

Are you one of those who would like to see a well acted musical play? Maritana, that's the name of the play..... a gipsy scene brought to you in all its reality.

Mrs. J. Collaco plays "Maritana", her classical singing will simply charm you.

"Don Caesar" one of the leading character of this play is very creditably acted by Mr. D. D'Souza and Miss B. D'Mello who plays "Lazarillo", a gipsy boy, will reveal to you in her well expressed attitude the full significance of the story. In short the whole cast is a group of well trained actors and I am sure they will leave behind a memory that will stay for months after.

So do not forget to find yourself at 7 p.m. to-day in St. Andrews High School Hall.

OPEN AIR DANCE.

With music from the well-known High Hatters Dance Band, the spacious tennis courts of the Mangalorean Catholic Recreation Club, Perry Road, Bandra, will be filled with May day merry makers to-day at 9-30 p.m. Now do not tell me, you don't know what I am talking about for I would understand you are not reading any columns regularly.

Prize for Balloon Spot and Fox Trot competitions are to be awarded in cash and silver cups and I am told this is to be the last open air dance in Bandra before the commencing of the monsoon and above all it promises to be a very enjoyable affair, so do not miss it.

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When you see him caught in the whirlpool of modern life....dwarfed by giant machines....clinging to a beautiful but homeless waif....you'll realize that only Chaplin could produce so magnificent a comedy, so poignant a story!

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1936

AN AGREED PROGRAMME

The present position in the Congress is aptly described by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the historian of the Congress, as "a confluence of the old and the new streams of thought," but he hopes that before long an agreed and practical programme of national reconstruction will be presented to the country. We share that hope despite the sharp differences between the two schools of thought represented even in the Congress executive. Their respective convictions are as strong as they are conflicting. But stronger is their determination to pull together, and in this fact lies the hope of the Congress and of the country. It may be some time before a full agreed programme emerges, but it cannot be very long. In this connection there is no cause for any anxiety at the reports of serious differences having cropped up at the very first meeting of the new Working Committee and of Gandhiji's intervention alone having averted a split. The reports seem to be much exaggerated, though the studied silence of the Committee members on the subject naturally gives rise to doubts among some Congressmen. A statement by the President may go a long way in dispelling them and reassuring the people.

Two Committees

The fact that the Working Committee did little more than appoint two committees and make some consequential changes in the Congress Constitution should not be misunderstood. The Committee could not directly do much more in accordance with the resolutions of the Lucknow session. It is true that, as the General Secretary has stated, the Committee discussed the future programme of the Congress, but it could not possibly arrive at final conclusions on the most important items of it, namely, Congress contacts with the people and the agrarian programme. With regard to the first item a separate committee has been appointed by the Congress to make recommendations on the subject to the Working Committee by the end of July. The Special Committee's report will then be circulated to Provincial and District Congress Committees for opinion and the final recommendations of the A.I.C.C. on the report will be placed before the next Congress session. It is clear from this that the Working Committee is not expected to formulate its opinions on this subject quite so soon. It is to be hoped, however, that the Special Committee, consisting of Sriyuts Rajendra Prasad, Jairamdas Daulatram and Jayaprakash Narayen, will make its recommendations as early as possible, as we expect that public opinion thereon will go a long way in bringing about agreed final proposals on the subject.

Agrarian Programme

As regards the agrarian programme, in view of the extremely complicated character of the whole programme, the Congress has called upon Provincial Congress Committees in the first instance to make recommendations in detail to the Working Committee by August 31, 1936, for being considered and placed before the A.I.C.C. In this case, too, it is hardly time for the Working Committee to formulate its own opinions on the subject. The Provincial Congress Committees, however, should lose no time in taking up the question, with special regard to the questionnaire embodied in the Congress Constitution. They should, as the President says in his circular to them, secure the widest possible discussion of this fundamental question. As the Congress requires responsible peasants' organisations also to be consulted in the matter, Provincial Congress Committees should get into touch with such organisations before they formulate their proposals. When the subject is studied by Congressmen first-hand, it will minimise the differences between those who study realities and those who blindly follow books dealing, more or less, with abstract principles. The Provincial Congress Committees should also publish the proposals they submit to the Working Committee. For in this case also it is public opinion that will help the Congress to arrive at agreed proposals. An agreed programme may be some time in coming; but such a programme is worth patiently waiting for, or rather, worth patiently working for.

The Patiala Statement

His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala, who resigned the Chancellorship of the Princes' Chamber a good few weeks ago, has now taken "the earliest opportunity" to inform his brother Princes of that fact and of reasons thereof. The preliminary reaction to the Maharaja's statement is the desire that the present Chancellor and Executive of the Chamber would cap——or should it be turban?——the Patiala statement with another. It would not, of course, clear the situation—their Highnesses, paradoxically enough, have a pronounced distaste for any kind of publicity or display in this respect—but it would certainly relieve it of some of its vagueness.

As we infer from the statement, the position seems to be that the Chamber is a victim of both apathy and antipathy and that if Lord Willingdon could not protect it, nothing can save its ultimate collapse. We are not quite sure that we will grieve over the catastrophe. The Chamber is, more than anything, an instrument for the Political Department of the Government of India to exercise consolidated organised control over "Indian India". It has, secondly, been remarkable for the thoroughness with which it has always omitted to take cognisance in all its work and proceedings, aims and objects, of the one factor that is infinitely more important than Their Highnesses themselves, we mean the "subjects" of the States who ought to be their sovereign. That the fiasco of the Chamber would effect adversely the new constitution is not improbable. But then who wants the new Constitution at all?

Municipality And Co-operative Movement

At the recent "At Home" by the co-operators of Bombay to the new Mayor, a number of interesting suggestions were thrown out about the diverse ways in which the Municipal Corporation of the City could apply the co-operative method and utilize the services of co-operative institutions in tackling the numerous problems that confront our civic authorities. Of these problems none is of such supreme importance to the health of the city as the supply of pure milk. Both in Calcutta and Madras co-operative organizations have been started—in the former city with the aid or a subsidy from the Municipality—to secure the supply of milk from surrounding villages on approved modern lines. In Bombay we are content to leave this supply entirely to private enterprise and we have made no attempt to put the consumers in direct contact with producers through some well-devised co-operative machinery. If Mr. Jamnadas Mehta applies his vigorous mind to the formulation of a workable scheme with the assistance of local co-operators, he will have rendered a distinct service to the city. Similarly in respect of housing. There has been a recent boom in land and housing, but all this activity is in the interest of the individual owner, the speculator and the adventurers who wish to profit at the cost of the community. Why should not the Municipality, under the leadership of the Mayor, initiate a housing programme in the interest of the thousands of the city's tenants by encouraging schemes of co-operative housing on sound lines, taking advantage of the present facilities for cheap borrowing? Then alone will the workers be able to secure decent houses instead of the slums and hovels to which they are consigned to-day. Lastly, there is the question of banking. The Corporation has appointed a Committee to examine the possibility of founding a Municipal Bank. This examination will take some time. In the meanwhile the Municipal Corporation can well set up small co-operative banks for its own employees, especially the scavengers and sweepers—who are fleeced by usurious money-lenders—and at the same time extend its own patronage to existing co-operative banks in the city which merit its support more than large capitalist organizations inasmuch as they are run for the people and by the people.

AIR BOMBING ON N. W. FRONTIER

Condemnation By London Conference

(From Our Own Correspondent).

LONDON, April 11.

A conference to consider Frontier problems and policy was held in London on Tuesday last, April 7, under the auspices of the National Peace Council—the representative organisation of the British Peace movement.

The Conference which was attended by members of a large number of peace and kindred organisations, discussed the use of the air weapon on the North-West Frontier of India and ways and means of advancing constructive and pacific methods as an alternative policy.

Mr. C. Roden Buxton presided and the speakers included Mr. F. G. Pratt, C.S.I., Air Commodore J. A. Chamier (who spoke in defence of the use of the air weapon), Captain Philip Mumford, Sir Francis Younghusband, Sir John Maynard, Lieut-Colonel Roland Hamilton, Professor Amiya Chakravarty, Miss Muriel Lester and Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon.

The Conference was a private one and no statement of policy was issued after the meeting, but it is understood that the Conference was to a large degree united in its repudiation of the bombing policy and in the conviction that the solution of the problems of the frontier was to be found along the lines of economic and social amelioration. The Conference conveyed to the National Peace Council a recommendation that a special Committee should be set up to consider ways and means of following up the Conference and of giving effect to its conclusions.

No further information was available at the headquarters of the National Peace Council as to the speeches made at the conference and the views taken up by different speakers. However, I am in a position to say that Mr. Pratt made a detailed statement on the Frontier position, the effect of the air bombing. Mrs. Edith Hunter, of the Friends of India Society, London, condemned, from a pacific point of view, any kind of bombing and the speech of Miss Muriel Lester was a sentimental effort in telling the audience how she loves India and the Indian people. She gave them impressions of India formed after her recent visit to that country.

A Die-hard Speech

The real die-hard speech came from the Commander Chamier. While saying that he did not officially represent the Government of India (at the Conference) which has been responsible for the bombing, the Commander declared that he was responsible for the operations on the Frontier and that his brother was still on the Frontier. In the opinion of the Commander the Pathans on the Frontier liked being bombed and they do not care a scrap for anything else. The importance of Commander Chamier's statement was that the idea behind this policy was to make the life of a Pathan "uncomfortable," by bombing, as a result of which they are all thrown in 'nalas.'

The Commander told his audience that formerly the aeroplanes could fly over the heads of the Pathans only for an hour. Now the situation is changed. "Now we can," he added, "stay in the air for three days, continuously threatening the Pathans who have to hide for three days. That makes their life uncomfortable and we all along on the top. Yes, we are on the top of these Pathans."

The Commander then spoke about the "uncivilized" tribes and in his opinion the solution of the Frontier was no doubt peace but peace could be brought about on the Frontier only by force.

The majority of those present at the Conference did not share the views of Commander Chamier. But the Commander was well repudiated by another Army man, Captain Philip Mumford. Captain Mumford had charge of bombing operations in Khurdistan and his speech in most part refuted the contention of Com-

(Continued On Page 8)

THE RIGHT AND THE LEFT

Need For The Brake As Well As The Driving Force

By K. F. NARIMAN

I.

In my last article I have referred to the conflict of opposite principles and policies that was so conspicuous at the Lucknow Congress. This conflict is due, not so much to the difference in ideologies or mentalities, as to the different temperaments and nature of various groups. The president, Pt. Jawaharlal, described it as the division between 'Reformists' and 'Revolutionaries'. That description, to my mind, does not fit in with the existing division in the Congress camp. In the so-called 'Reformist' group, the majority possess the same revolutionary mentality and revolutionary ardour, as any in the so-called 'Revolutionary' group. The new wing of revolutionaries, feel, that to be tactful, statesmanlike, diplomatic, and at times cautious, is to betray a Rightist tendency; that a full fledged cent. per cent. revolutionary should be rash, always venturesome, at least in speech, always crying for the moon, though at times unable even to stand firmly on this earth. For them there are no pros or cons of a question, no thought about consequences or results, their politics should be all blazing fire-works. In other words, an impulsive impatient, rash ideologist is a true cent per cent revolutionary, whereas a balanced, level-headed, careful and practical politician, is a reformist

Equally Necessary

This apparent difference, particularly in our country, is only noticable during the interval of peace, when policies are framed and future programmes are considered. During the non-violent struggle very often the so-called reformist turns out to be a more stubborn and better fighter, his unobtrusive simplicity, his concentrated silence, his unostentatious suffering and, above all, his most disciplined and well-regulated conduct, equip him better for a non-violent fight and make him a far superior soldier of the non-violent army of Swaraj, than the slogan-shouting theorists. To put it in a modern military language, a military unit consists both of the actual fighting rank and file and also of the band of drummers and pipers. In the actual battle-field, the part played by both is equally heroic and equally essential. It is the noisy excitement of military music, that creates fighting spirit and ardour in the rank and file, but most of the cannon-fodder is supplied by the silent marchers, not by pipers and drums. So the slogan-shouters are also necessary even in non-violent political fights; but they must take the second place of band-players in the actual fray.

Lesson From Lenin

Our cent. per cent. revolutionaries often ridicule the idea of prudence, caution, and political wisdom, as betraying moral cowardice and mental weakness. According to them these are the distinguishing traits of a reformist mentality, as opposed to the revolutionary, who is happily free from all such human frailties. May we draw to the attention of these great students of Leninism, a wholesome piece of advice from Lenin, that political prophet of modern 'Socialism'. To the impatient, impulsive, patriotically inflamed youths, he counselled thus:

"Prudence is a brake and not a driving force. Nobody ever made a journey on brakes alone, though they too are necessary parts of all locomotives. So also nobody ever created anything by prudence alone. But the Bolshevists know well, just the same that the struggle demands a calculation of forces, a correct appraisement of the strength on both sides. The Proletariat must not yield to the provocation of the enemies and precipitate a crisis prematurely. That one must also be prudent to win the right to be bold and free."

Uncharitable Fling

At the present juncture, at the most critical stage of political evolution in the country, I do not think the whole political literature of the world could furnish a more opportune, a more appropriate and a more valuable and wise maxim or dictum. We have heard our literary revolutionary friends, often quoting or misquoting, from the revolutionary literature, and Lenin's works and publications are to them precious and sacred political Bible. Just as they rightly derive inspiration from his militant speeches and writings during the excited times of mass upheavals, they should also study the other side of the picture and follow his equally instructive guidance, during the interval of apparent peace and preparation. According to him 'prudence' is neither a symptom of senile decay, nor cool and collected calculation and appraisement of comparative strength and forces, a sign of timidity or hesitation; these apparently gentler mental traits, are as essential in a truly revolutionary mentality, as courage, determination and reckless dash; and a leader wanting in either, is not fit to lead any mass political movement. To say the least, it was very uncharitable and unkind, if not discourteous and unwise, for the Socialist group to have assumed an air of superiority and rather airily described Babu Rajendra Prasad and his gallant band of tried patriots as representing merely Reformist mentality, possessing an inferiority political complex, as compared with the supposed better mental and higher level of the Left-wing revolutionaries.

(TO BE CONTINUED).

Frankly Speaking

LEFT REGIME IN SPAIN.

Every lover of peace and progress will be glad at the news that Senor Azana, the Spanish Premier, is assured of election as the President of the Republic. Nominee of the Left he has no opponent from the Right. The Right Parties have evidently realised that they have no chance and have, therefore, decided to hold aloof on grounds which do not fit in with their own record of repression and terrorism against all anti-Fascist and anti-Monarchist elements in Spain. The nomination of Senor Azana is all the more welcome because, he appears to be the man, 'par excellence,' for keeping the Left Parties together. And this is the most urgent need of Spain if she wants to consolidate the progressive regime and lay the ghost of Fascism permanently. With the Leftist Union definitely established in Spain and with France about to secure a substantially Socialist Government the outlook would be heartening, were it not for the strong fear that the "Dictators" of Europe might precipitate a crisis very soon.

UNCONVINCING AND EVASIVE

Mr. Butler's evasive replies to Mr. Sorensen's questions in the Commons about the harassment caused to Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose will not satisfy anyone. It is unthinkable that the office of the Secretary of State for India should be ignorant of what steps the Egyptian authorities took at Alexandria to restrain Mr. Bose's freedom. What interest had the Egyptian Government in Mr. Bose and his movements unless they were acting on request if not instructions? Mr. Butler informed Mr. Sorensen that the Government did not propose to publish anything more than the extracts from intercepted letters read out in the Assembly, as evidence of Mr. Bose's connection with the terrorist party—evidence which would be entertained as relevant or incriminating in no court of law. Evidently it would not be in the interests of the bureaucracy to do so. Perhaps there is not much to publish either.

REACTIONARY

Bombay seems to be little pleased with the Niemeyer Report, or rather with the brief summary of it that has been so far published. Many critics regard it as thoroughly reactionary, as even more retrograde than the Meston Settlement. Sir Purshotamdas Thakurads says some hard things about it, but not harder than it deserves. Its only extenuating feature is that its defects are primarily the defects of the present financial position. Indeed, the Report itself throws these into relief and makes things worse by suggesting wrong means of working the new Constitution, which imposes another heavy burden on a people already groaning under heavy taxation. The only chance for the Constitution, if it has any, consists in drastic retrenchment in the administration charges, particularly in the Army and the Railways. But the report makes no such recommendation and merely banks upon the chance of an economic revival yielding more revenue. If that hope is frustrated, either the nation-building ctivities are further to be starved or fresh taxation is to be resorted to. If tax burdens are increased, the ministers and the Constitution that creates them may be the first to suffer, but, as Sir Purshotamdas points out, "eventually it must recoil on the British hold on the people".

WANTED INFORMATION

The Bombay Municipality has voted Rs. 30,000 for exploratory borings in the Tansa Dam to ascertain if it is strong enough to permit its height being increased so as to impound more water in the Tansa Lake. This decision presupposes another that, if the dam is found to be strong enough, its height is to be raised, a venture which is believed to cost about Rs. 2 crores. But is the latter decision definitely arrived at in preference to various alternatives, one of which is to reduce the present enormous wastage of water? Probably these questions are yet to be decided and the exploratory borings are undertaken to test the strength of a forty year old dam, even apart from the scheme of raising its height. We would like to have more information on this point.

A USEFUL INSTITUTION

The Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association is one of the most useful institutions in the Presidency which are labouring for the betterment of the public health. The Association's aim is prevention rather than cure and thus it strives at spreading the knowledge of hygiene and dietetics among the citizens, by means of lectures, exhibitions, cinema pictures, and house to house visits for advising mothers. Much valuable research is being done by the association to evolve a balanced diet, and its pamphlet on this subject has become extremely popular. Lady Brabourne, who presided at the annual general meeting of the association which was held recently, paid a handsome and well-deserved tribute to the many-sided work of the association. We wish that more public support were extended to the association so as to increase its scope of work.

Postal Rates

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I write to endorse what your correspondent, F.H.A.S. says regarding the anomaly of the new postal rates. I do not think that the public have reason to be grateful to the authorities for the "concession given by raising the one anna postage from half a tola to one tola. They have at the same time raised by one pice the rate from above one tola to two and half tolas. So that now a letter which before used to go for five pices is charged 6 pices. What they have given with the right hand they take away with the left. As a matter of fact, the old postal rates were better because few letters in actual experience are found to be less or just a tola so that the public are now paying more for their postage than formerly. To complicate matters many zealous post masters, especially in the districts, surcharge letters which weigh less than a tola. I generally weigh all my letters before posting and some of my correspondents have complained that they have been made to pay half an anna surcharge on letters which weigh even less than one tola!—Yours, etc.

DISGUSTED.

WITHOUT COMMENT

"As a 'rag' it was, perhaps, permissible, but youthful exuberance surely overstepped the bounds when a demand for £25 was made from the manager of the theatre as ransom for charity."

—"Times of India" comment on the "kidnapping" of the commedienne Renee Houston from an Edinburgh theatre "in a state of undress."

* * * *

Defending Mr. Subhas Bose's detention without trial, Mr. Butler stated in the Commons: "Lord Zetland's information is that when Mr. Bose regained his liberty he became the focus of revolutionary activity again."

And this on the very solid ground of a silly letter written 14 years ago.

* * * *

Talking of detention camps some one has written to the "Manchester Guardian" pointing out that while Britishers eloquently declaim against detention camps and similar outrages in Nazi Germany they ignore happenings in the British Empire itself particularly India.

But the correspondent ought to possess sufficient sense, historical, political, etc., to know that this is another illustration of the British genius for compromise.

* * * *

"My policy throughout," says His Highness of Patiala, "has been to labour for the good of the States of India as a whole, without drawing any artificial distinction between big and small States."

But, of course, unfailingly drawing the natural distinction between States and the States' subjects to the point, in fact, of simply ignoring the latter.

* * * *

The Arab Supreme Council has presented a demand to the British High Commissioner for complete stoppage of Jewish immigration

* * * *

Now, this is an absurdly impossible demand. In no circumstances can Britain ever agree to her solemn pledges being dishonoured in any way. And words to that effect.

* * * *

Sir Herbert Austin, the famous motor magnate, has given £250,000 to Cambridge University for scientific research.

These industrialists do make money even during periods of depression.

* * * *

Bravo! Bravo!! This tribute we hasten to inform you is addressed to Bori Bunder.

"As India approaches the full stature of dominionhood, she cannot," we are peremptorily told, "ignore the new imperialistic ambitions now being unleashed both East and West."

But do not dare to play any mental monkey tricks with the text.

It clearly refers to "new imperialistic ambitions" (to wit, of Italy) and not to the old ones (to wit of Britain). These you must take for granted and, of course, as a blessing.

* * * *

EX-SOLDIERS' STANDARD OF LIVING TO BE RAISED

—Headline.

Lucky. But would the luck last? Or are they going soon to have the standard of death raised over them—a cross over the grave? Supposing of course that when all is over, somebody will have survived to do it.

* * * *

Supporting the abolition of a Peer's right to be tried by his Peers, Lord Hailsham (Tory Lord Chancellor) declared in the House of Lords that "they were all equal before the law."

We strongly protest in the name of Imperial prestige, for, if this subversive principle of equality is adopted, it would prove almost disastrous to the wholesome legal theory that in His Majesty's Indian Empire "Europeans" should be tried by "European" jury although, of course, Indians and "Europeans" are "all equal in law."

* * * *

Following a taxi strike in Bombay and one in Karachi, we hear of a lorry strike in the Punjab.

Public sympathy, says the report, is not with the lorry-owners.

Then we are sure the authorities would concede the demands of the owners.

* * * *

The habit of writing letters to the Press, says a writer, has staved off suicides.

That, we hope, will make editors' misery a little less intolerable.

May Day Meetings In Bombay

Speakers Urge United Anti-Imperialist Front Against India Act

SUPPRESSION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES CONDEMNED

May Day was observed in Bombay. Meetings were held in half a dozen working class centres and at Chowpatty under the joint auspices of the A. I. T. U. C., the Congress Socialist Party, the National Trades Union Federation and the All-India Press Workers' Federation.

A resolution extending fraternal greetings to the workers of the world declaring solidarity in their common fight for 'Freedom' and 'Socialism' was passed at Chowpatty.

Besides, resolutions condemning the repressive policy of the Government against 'Labour,' the retrograde Government of India Act and suppression of civil liberties, declaring India's opposition to Imperialist war which was brought much nearer by the Italo-Abyssinian conflict were passed.

AT CHOWPATTY

t the Chowpatty meeting in unavoidable absence of Mr. ayut Patwardhan, member of t Working Committee of the Congress, Mr. Yusuf Meherally Pided.

r. Meherally traced the histo background of the May Day arits significance to the workers of e world.

t Mr. Meherally referred to th Slave Constitution" and how it s sought to be imposed on th country. On the one hand, the were told that Reforms were bei introduced while on the oth the most cherished of humalights—the civil liberties of tha ople—were being suppressed. He itanced the case of Babu Subl Chandra Bose in this connect. He said that all possible atteis should be made to make the w Constitution suspended. This uld be achieved only if the kers and peasants of the comnity united on a common platfc of action.

GETINGS TO WORKERS OF WORLD

Mr. K. Narayanaswamy, who spoke xt, moved the resolution convey fraternal greetings to the wers of the world and declaringolidarity with the exploitedoples of the world for freedoand Socialism. He said the Ina struggle was part of the woproblem and was bound up witstruggles of exploited humanithe world over against Imperian and Capitalism. In India thmmediate struggle centred ro the new India Act. A unitefont of all anti-imperialist elents, that was to say, to makee working of it impossible. this connection the Congress esident, Pandit Jawaharlal, hgiven the lead and it was fthe people to strengthen his nds by strengthening the Congr organisation by sending in onthose who stood by the Cong President and the programme wanted the country to work oor securing power for the massend for the achievement of Sdism.

PEASAN AND WORKERS

Mr. Jaladin Bukhari stressed on the ique nature of the May Day t year when peasants also lied to the workers' cause. He d a message from Mr. Indula. Yagnik on the identity of erests of the workers and pents. Without the peasants' sort the fight for freedom wonot advance far in India.

Mr. D. L. thak, Secretary, B. P. T. U. C., aced the origin of the May Dand how it came to be observed a world scale.

The worke of the world, he said, were fa with the Fascist and Capitalinslaught and unless they mained their solidarity they wonot achieve freedom.

Mr. Abdul lid drew the attention of thublic to the war danger—a resnt of the Italian aggression in yssinia. In India they were facwith a critical situation. Themmunalists were busy creating ur among themselves; but they was soon coming when thevould be discredited. To theorkers and peasants there wao community. When economissues came to the forefront munalism would die. He pleade for a united anti-Imperialistont.

Mr. Laljee Pse deplored the apathy of the lic towards the cause of the wers.

Messrs. Kalled Bhogle also addressed the gering.

AT LABAUG

The Lal Baugmeeting which was a mammothgathering of workers, was pied over by Shrimati Manibefulji.

She reiterated e workers' resolve of unity w the Congress on an anti-Impeist front. She welcomed the pace of Pandit Jawaharlal amidthem on the occasion of the annual session of the A. I. T. U. C.

"In the face of the reactionary forces arrayed against the radical forces in the country it should be the solemn resolve of the workers to carry on an unceasing campaign against the reactionary New Constitution and against those who were for office acceptance under it and thus strengthen the hands of Pandit Jawaharlal. India's freedom could only be attained through the united force of the workers, peasants and middle-classes.

Other speakers were Messrs. V. H. Joshi, Bhise, Kulkarni, Deshpande and Patil.

At Foras Road

The meeting at Foras Road was presided over by Mr. V.B. Karnik in the absence of Mr. Jhabwalla.

He said that the workers should rely on their own efforts in combination with the other radical forces in the country to achieve Socialism. He welcomed Pandit Jawaharlal to the T.U.C. session.

Mr. N.B. Punthaki also spoke.

Similar meetings were held at Madanpura, Wadi Bunder (Docks) and Parel.

Resolutions Passed

The following are the resolutions passed at the meetings:—

This public meeting held under the auspices of the All-India Trade Union Congress, the Congress Socialist Party, the National Trades Union Federation and the All-India Press Workers' Federation, declares its emphatic opinion that the new Government of India Act being retrograde and reactionary and designed to intensify and perpetuate the exploitation of the masses, is unacceptable to the Indian people.

Repression Condemned

This meeting strongly condemns the present repressive policy of the Government of India and the Provincial Governments and their action in using the Emergency Powers and their reactionary legislation against labour organisations and workers in this country. This meeting is further of opinion that this policy has impeded the growth of the T. U. Movement and created discontent among the workers.

SUPPRESSION OF CIVIL LIBERTIES.

This meeting condemns the regime of repression in India, arrests without warrant, detention without trial, and deprivation of other civil liberties, and is of opinion that real redress will only be obtained by generating mass strength.

OPPOSITION TO WAR.

In view of the fact that the Italo-Abyssinian war has brought danger of a world war appreciably nearer, that the emergence of Fascist dictatorships is paving the way for such a war and that the Great Powers are rapidly arming against each other and that India will inevitably be dragged in such a war as the appendage of British Imperialist policy, this meeting declares its determined opposition to the participation by India, direct or indirect, in any war in which British Imperialism may be involved.

GREETINGS TO WORKERS.

Besides the above, at the Chowpatty meeting the following resolution was also passed:—

The meeting extends its fraternal greetings to the workers of the world on the occasion of the "May Day" and declares its solidarity with the struggles of the exploited peoples of the world for freedom and Socialism.

AT KARACHI

KARACHI: May 1.

"May Day" was observed in Karachi by the Hari Mazdoor Association and Labour organisations, which organised processions converging in a meeting at the Khalikdina Hall at which Mr. Narayandas Bechar presided.

The meeting passed a resolution extending greetings to world labourers in their struggle and assuring them of warm support of their demand for an eight-hour day, sickness insurance and unemployment allowances.

The processions carried placards displaying various slogans including "The Proletariat of All Countries Unite" and "The Land for Cultivators: the Factories for Workers."—A.P.

DRIVE AGAINST LEFTISTS

Republicans Detained Under Public Safety Act In Ireland

LONDON, April 30

Twenty men including Mr. Stan McSwiney, a member of Cork Corporation, were detained following a midnight raid by large forces of heavily armed detectives on a number of houses in Cork and Waterford. During the night the police in Cork City held up motor cars and questioned their drivers.

It is understood that the men were detained under the Public Safety Act. The police drive is presumably aimed at Left Wing Republicans who regard President De Valera's Government as a British institution betraying the Republican cause.

The Public Safety Act is an extra-judicial form of procedure originally introduced by the Cosgrave Government to deal with the pro-Republican opposition of De Valera's Party.—Reuter's Special.

SCHUSCHNIGG'S CALL TO COLOURS

VIENNA, May 1.

Dr. Schuschnigg in a broadcast announced that all men born in 1915 will be called with colours.

He declared by October 1, there will be 15,000 serving the country. —Reuter.

AT NAGPUR

NAGPUR: May 1.

The "May Day" was celebrated here to-day by the textile workers of Nagpur. A meeting was held in the evening in Craddock Market, where red flags were conspicuously displayed. Mr. Mote, Vice-President of the Nagpur Textile Union, presided over the meeting.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narayan, Mr. Kulkarni and other leaders addressed the meeting.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narayan in the course of his address said that mere strikes would not solve their problem, unless workers organised themselves to fight Imperialism and captured political power as in Russia.—United Press.

IN NEW DELHI

NEW DELHI, May 1.

May Day celebrations were slightly marred towards the close when a couple of small pieces of stones and earthen pot were hurled at the meeting which was being held in the Queens Gardens this evening. A number of resolutions were passed. The New Constitution was condemned and described as an apple of discord Sympathy was expressed towards Abyssinians and the resolution on suppression of civil liberties were also adopted.—A.P.

WORLD MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, May 1.

First of May is being celebrated as a holiday in many parts of the world.

Madrid Public services are suspended, and shops and cafes are closed. A vast labour parade planned as the beginning of a general strike is expected.

HITLER'S ADDRESS.

Berlin. The chief ceremony will be a huge gathering in Luft Garden Square, where 100,000 workers will hear addresses of Herr Hitler, Dr. Goebbles and the labour leader Umley. The city is resounding with marching, singing and beating of drums.

Paris. Mass meeting will be arranged this afternoon. All precautions have been taken to ensure that demonstrations are peaceful.

TESTING MOBILISATION.

Rome. It is reported that Fascists are holding themselves in readiness to test mobilisation.

Moscow. The city is beautified with flowers and flags Parades are being held and music slogans are being broadcast.

HUGE MEETING IN NEW YORK.

New York The May Day parade is expected to bring out a record number of workers of all shades of opinion. It is estimated that over a quarter million will participate in the monster mass meeting in unionsquare.

Popularize Slogan Of Constituent Assembly

ALL-INDIA DEMONSTRATION ON SUBASH DAY

Jawahar's Call To P. C. C.s For Implementing Lucknow Decisions

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

Following is the full text of the circular issued by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Indian National Congress, to all Provincial Congress Committees for implementing the decisions adopted by the Lucknow Congress:—

"Now that the Congress is over, I venture to address you and to draw your attention to some of its principal resolutions. These resolutions cast a responsibility on all of us and we have to take steps to give effect to them in so far as we can. I trust that you will immediately circularise your district and local committees on this subject and request them to hold committee meetings, as well as public meetings, in order to give full publicity to the Congress resolution and plan out their future work in accordance with them.

"Our office has already addressed you on the subject of the changes in the Congress constitution. Please study this constitution carefully and arrange to take early steps to give effect to the amendments and the transitory provisions. This will probably result in enlarging your committee and in adding to your A. I. C. C. members. This desirable change at the top should be accompanied by livening up the primary committees so that even our primary members may take a greater part in our day to day activities. With a view to bring this about, as well as to broaden the mass basis of the Congress, a Committee has been appointed. This Committee proposes to issue a questionnaire to you in order to have the benefit of your experience and advice.

SUBHAS DAY

"The long and comprehensive resolution on the suppression of civil liberties is one to which the fullest publicity should be given and it should be repeated in public meetings. Special point is given to this resolution by the arrest and detention of Sjt. Subhas Bose as he was on his way to attend the Congress. A suggestion has been made that all India demonstrations should take place on a particular date to mark our indignation at this further outrage of public opinion and to send greetings to our comrade, Subhas Bose. I commend this suggestion to you and hope that such meetings should be held as widely as possible on Sunday, May 10. At these meetings, besides the special resolution on Subhas Bose's detention there should also be a repetition of the Congress resolution on suppression of civil liberties.

WAR DANGER

"Another Congress resolution which requires publicity is the one on war danger. The importance and urgency of this should be stressed and the implications explained to our people. The fact that it is merely an academic resolution but one which affects us, nationally and individually and which is likely to have far-reaching consequences, should be made clear.

"Every Congressman will realise the great importance of the resolution on the Agrarian Programme. This resolution is still incomplete and in order to fill the gaps and make it a complete whole, the co-operation of Provincial Congress Committees, their local committees and Kisan Sabhas is desired. May I suggest, therefore, that you should ask your local committees immediately to consider this problem and to confer with their primary committees, so that the widest possible discussion of this vital question takes place. Each P. C. C. should then make its own recommendations to the Working Committee.

REJECT INDIA ACT.

"As you are aware, the resolution which was debated most in the Congress was one on the new Government of India Act. Whatever the differences in regard to this might have been, one fact stands clear, that the Act has to be combated and rejected. On that, there is unanimity and it is desirable to stress this as well as to make this plank of our anti-imperialist programme. The Congress stands firmly for independence and anti-Imperialism and it is only with this background that we can consider any question. The constructive side of our rejection is the Constituent Assembly and full publicity should be given to this in public meetings. The slogan of the Constituent Assembly must be popularised and explained to the masses." —United Press.

RETRENCHMENT NOT THE WAY

Jamnadas Mehta Criticises Railway Board's Policy

The policy of retrenchment adopted by the Railway Board for reducing the deficit in the Railway Budget was criticised by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Mayor of Bombay, presiding over the "May Day" meeting at Parel on Friday.. The Budget deficits were due to a number of other causes.

At the outset Mr. Mehta explained to the workers the significance of the "May Day".

Mr. Mehta criticised the Railway Boards' policy of retrenchment and said that it was not the number of men who were engaged that led to the deficits but the wasteful policy of the Board in various directions. In the last seven years 50,000 workers had been retrenched; thus about two lacs of men, women and children had been put to very great hardship.

DIVIDENDS DESPITE DEFICITS

In spite of the "deficits", the Company-managed railways had declared dividends from eight to 18 per cent; the State-owned railways had, however, not declared such high dividends.

The workers were being made to pay, continued Mr. Mehta, for expenditure incurred in the construction of railway lines, which ought to be charged under 'capital'. Excessive allocation to the Depreciation Fund; charging railway revenues the deficits on the strategic lines amounting to 25 crores of rupees during the last 15 years; emoluments of the higher services; several uneconomic and wasteful schemes like the Kalyan Power Station, the Bombay Central station, excessive foreign element in superior services, were all factors that contributed to the deficits on the Railways.

Mr. Mehta concluded by appealing to the men to join the Railwaymen's Federation in larger numbers.

Earlier, Messrs. R. A. Khedgikar, L. Chaudhury, and Charles Mascarenhas addressed the meeting.

LAST HOMAGE TO KING FUAD

Two-Mile Procession Follows Hearse To Last Resting Place

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

CAIRO, April 30.

Amidst an impressive ceremony Egyptian sailors from the Royal Yacht carried King Fuad's body from the Abdi Palace and placed it on a guncarriage drawn by six black horses. Salutes of guns were fired from the square where the Egyptian cavalry was massed. The cortege moved along a route packed by a vast number of silent spectators to the Elrifai mosque where the body was interred Seven bulls were slaughtered on the pavement according to custom dating to the days of the Pharaohs and the meat was distributed to the poor.

The procession which was two-mile long included Royal Princes, members of the Diplomatic Corps and Cabinet Ministers. Planes flew overhead. Simultaneously there was a monster procession at Alexandria attended by 10,000.

In accordance with the Egyptian custom all trams and shops were fully lighted with electricity.

Prof. Housman Dead

(Special Cable).

LONDON, May 1.

The death has occurred of Professor A. E. Housman the poet and author of "A Shopshire Lad".

Uncle Sam's Navy To Be Second To None!

Ambitious Scheme Of U. S. Govt. Provides For Devotion Of 531 Million Dollars

WASHINGTON, May 1.

A record peace-time Naval Appropriation Bill designed to make the Navy second to none has been approved by the Relevant Committee of the House of Representatives.

The bill estimates a total of 531 million dollars will be devoted to the continuation of work on 84 warhips at present under construction, laying down 12 new destroyers, 6 submarines, increasing the fleet air arm and building up reserves of strategic war materials.

The bill also authorises the laying down of two new battleships, if another power commences capital ship replacement.

Huge Deficit Forecast.

A deficit of 5,966,000,000 dollars for the current fiscal year is forecast by Mr. Morgenthau.—Reuter.

TIDEWAY ANNEXES 1,000 GUINEAS

LONDON, May 1.

One thousand guineas run at Newmarket over a distance of one mile resulted as follows:—

TIDEWAY 1
FEOLA 2
FERRY BRIDGE 3

Twentytwo ran. The race was won by one and half lengths. Neck separated second and third horses. The winner was trained by College Leader.

Starting prices:—

100/30 Tideway, 28/1 Feola 11/4 Ferry Bridge.—Reuter.

BURDEN ON GERMAN INDUSTRIES TO CONTINUE

BERLIN, May 1.

The Government decision to continue the arrangement scheduled to expire to-day, by which exports would be subsidised from the levy on industrial production totalling nearly a milliard marks annually, means victory for Dr. Schacht School and defeat for the deflationists. The latter mostly industrialists, bitterly complain against the burden of the levy from which they hoped General Goering's new economic appointment would have relieved them. —Reuter.

COMMUNAL DISCORD IN PALESTINE

Arabs Demand Stoppage Of Jewish Immigration

PERUSALEM, May 1.

Following the incident in Damascus Gate where the police fired on Arab student demonstrators, the Jews accused the Arabs of perpetrating serious incendiarism in various parts of the country.

The Arabs Supreme National Committee are alleged to have presented to Sir Arthur Wauchope a demand for complete stoppage of Jewish immigration or, they refuse to call off the strikes.—Reuter.

CONVICT SENTENCED TO DEATH

BAREILLY, (By Mail.)

A convict who was undergoing a sentence of transportation for life in the Central Jail has been sentenced to death by the District and Sessions Judge Mr. A. H. Gurney.

The convict is Hem Singh. He was committed to the Sessions under Section 303 I.P.C. by Mr. M. B. L. Dar. Sub-Divisional Magistrate.

The facts of the case were that there was enmity between the accused and the deceased Ramavatar another convict. It was alleged that in the afternoon of January 14. Hem Singh inflicted injuries on the head of Ramavatar as a result of which the latter died.

The assessors unanimously found the accused guilty and the Sessions Judge agreeing with them sentenced him under Section 303 I.P.C. to death.

Marketing Staff Conference

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, May 1.

The second Joint Conference of Central Marketing Staff and the local Senior Marketing Officers in the provinces and States commenced at 10-30 a.m. on 27th April, 1936, in the old Assembly Hall, Civil Lines, Delhi under presidency of Sir Bryce Burt, Vice-Chairman, Imperial Council of Agricultural Research. In welcoming the officers from the provinces and States, Sir Bryce explained that object of conference was to compare notes as a result of the experience gained during last year and to consider how the programme of work for the ensuing year could be most expeditiously carried out with the staff available. The conference will continue till 2nd May.

GASSED IN GARAGE

Verdict Of Accidental Death Returned On Calcutta Merchant

LONDON, April 30.

A verdict of accidental death was recorded at the inquest on Mr. J. W. Ferguson, a retired Calcutta merchant. Evidence was given that a receiving order had been made against Ferguson in connection with income tax.

The Coroner said he had no hesitation in saying that death was accidental, despite the talk of bankruptcy proceedings.

There is not the slightest evidence of suicide.—Reuter.

TRADE BARRIERS CAUSE WORLD CONFLICT

Cordell Hull On Economic Ills And Peace Move

WASHINGTON, May 1.

The rising danger of catastrophic world war includes excessive trade barriers as the major factor, declared Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State addressing the closing session of the United States Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. Hull invited the attention of businessmen to the world's economic ills and urged reduction of such barriers as a move towards peace. The repeal of the Government's reciprocal trade policy would be a fatal step backwards, he said in replying to the criticism of America's many trade pacts.

Senator Pittman a close confidant of the Treasury on money matters states that he was not informed by the Treasury of any further devaluation of the dollar, in view of the possibility of France's abandonment of the gold standard.

It is the greatest peacetime deficite in history said Mr. Morgenthau Secretary of the Treasury discussing the estimated current deficit of £1,193,000,000, which he added was due partly to the soldiers bonus payment. He estimated that in 1937 the deficit would be £535,000,000.—Reuter.

PROVINCIAL AUTONOMY NEXT APRIL

LONDON, May 1.

It is understood that in view of the satisfactory nature of the Niemeyer Report, there is nothing now to hinder the Government from presenting a draft order dealing with the introduction of provincial autonomy, probably on April 1, 1937.

The order is likely to be dealt with by Parliament after Whitsun. —Reuter.

LAND FOR SOUTH AFRICAN NATIVES

£10,000,000 Will Be Allocated For Purchase

CAPE TOWN, May 1.

It is officially announced that the Government intend to allocate £10,000,000 for five years for the purchase of land for natives, and after that such further sums as may be required.—Reuter.

SPANISH PRESIDENCY

(Special Cable)

MADRID, April 30

Premier Azana has been proclaimed by Left Wing Republicans as the sole candidate for the Presidency. As the Right Parties are not participating in the election, Premier Azana's Presidency is virtually assured. The Right Parties have maintained that their constitutional rights have not been restored to them and that their adherents are being imprisoned and terrorised. —Reuter.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that my son HARKISSON MAKAN, of Bombay Rajput Dhobi is separate from me in food estate and worship and has his separate business. As I have no concern with him if any person or persons choose to deal with him in my name or on my behalf, he, she or they shall do so at his her or their risk and the undersigned shall not be in any way looked for or held liable for his debts or acts whatsoever of any manner or nature.

Dated this 25th day of April, 1936.

MAKAN JIVAN.
Morar Ramji Mala, Krishna Building,
Trinity Street,
Dhobi Talao, Bombay, 2.

3110.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CERTIFICATES for twenty-five ordinary shares Nos. O.41569|73, 187783|87, 181871|75 (duplicates) 138475|79, 75723|27 and sixty second preference shares Nos. S. P. 104467|526 of the Tata Iron and Steel Company Ltd., Bombay standing in the name of Mohomud Nurul Hasan Khan, deceased have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

AQIL MOHAMMAD, B.Sc., LL.B.,
Solicitor.
For the legal heirs of the Estate of the late Maulvi Nurul Hasan Khan, Shahjahanpur, Aligarh.
65, Shahpir Gate,
Meerut City (U.P.)

3108

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Certificates for twelve ordinary and three Preferential shares Nos. 199189|200 and 499798|800 respectively of the Punjab Portland Cement Ltd., Bombay standing in the name of Maulvi Mohd. Nurul Hasan Khan deceased have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

AQIL MOHAMMAD, B.Sc., LL.B.,
Vakil, Shahpir Gate, Meerut.
Solicitor.
For the legal heirs to the Estate of the late Maulvi Nurul Hasan Khan, Shahjahanpur, Aligarh.
65, Shahpir Gate,
Meerut City, (U.P.)

3105

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that share certificate No. 3337 in respect of 75 ordinary shares Nos. 231694 to 231768 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Maulvi Mohamed Nurul Hasan Khan deceased have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

AQIL MOHAMMAD, B.Sc., LL.B.,
Solicitor.
For legal heirs of the Estate of the late Maulvi Nurul Hasan Khan, Shahjahanpur, Aligarh.
65, Shahpir Gate,
Meerut City, (U.P.)

3106

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificates for orig. fifty shares Nos. 131165|183, 192098|103, 255928|952 of the Bundi Portland Cement Ltd., Bombay, standing in the name of Maulvi Mohd. Nurul Hasan Khan deceased have been lost or mislaid.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificates in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the undersigned.

AQIL MOHAMMAD, B.Sc., LL.B.,
Shahpir Gate, Meerut.
Solicitor.
For the legal heirs to the Estate of the late Maulvi Nurul Hasan Khan, Shahjahanpur, Aligarh.
65, Shahpir Gate,
Meerut City, (U.P.)

3107

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our client has contracted to purchase the undermentioned property from DINSHA KHARSHEDJI DAJI, ARDESHIR HORMARJEE WADIA, SORAB NAOROJI VAKIL and Dr. R. KOW, the Trustees of the Will and Codicil of Pooranmal Goolji Singhance. Any person or persons having any interest in or claim to the said property or any part thereof, by way of sale exchange. mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Whiteaway Laidlaw Building, 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise he, she or they will be precluded from making the same and such claim, if any, shall be deemed to have been waived.

The Schedule Of The Property

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government Pension and Tax land or ground (cess whereof has been since redeemed) with the messuages buildings, stable, hereditaments and premises standing, lying and being at Vithalbhai Patel Road (formerly known as Girgaum Back Road), without the Fort, in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement four hundred and seventy square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 334, New No. A|2155, Old Survey No. 601 and New Survey No. 1C|7951 and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 1448 (1) and 1448 (3) and Street Nos. 365B and 365D, Cadastral Survey No. 1619, Girgaum Division and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the North partly by a common passage and beyond that partly by the property hereinafter secondly described and partly by the property hereinafter, thirdly described, on or towards the East by a public passage, on or towards the South by the property of Roze Maria Almeida and on or towards the West by a Sweepers passage.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government Pension and Tax land or ground (Cess whereof has been since redeemed) with the messuages, buildings, hereditaments and premises standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Vithalbhai Patel Road (formerly known as Girgaum Back Road), without the Fort in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement one hundred and sixty-five square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay under Old No. 334, New No. A|2155, Old Survey No. 601 and New Survey No. 1C|7951 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1449 and Street No. 373, Cadastral Survey No. 1619, Girgaum Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by the Vithalbhai Patel Road (formerly known as Girgaum Back Road) aforesaid, on or towards the East by the property hereinafter, thirdly described, on or towards the South partly by a passage and partly by the property hereinbefore, firstly described and on or towards the West by a Sweepers passage.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground (Cess whereof has been since redeemed) with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Vithalbhai Patel Road (formerly known as Girgaum Back Road), without the Fort of Bombay, within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and forty-six square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 334, New No. A|2156, Old Survey No. 601, New Survey No. 1D|7951 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 1448 (2) and Street No. 371, Cadastral Survey No. 1619, Girgaum Division and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by the said Vithalbhai Patel Road (formerly known as Girgaum Back Road), on or towards the East by the common passage of the Oart and on or towards the remaining two sides by the property hereinbefore, firstly and secondly described.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1936.

PATELL & EZEKIEL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

3099

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership subsisting between RUSTAMJI DHANJIBHAI MASANI and JAMSHEDJI KHARSEDJI ITCHHAPORIA, lately carrying on business in Bombay as building contractors in the names styles and firm of Itchhaporia & Co., and Masani and Itchhaporia has been DISSOLVED as from the 11th day of August, 1934.

Dated at Bombay this 22nd day of April, 1936.

MULLA & MULLA.
Attorneys for Rustamji Dhanjibhai Masani.

KANGA & CO.,
Attorneys for Jamsedji Kharsedji Itchhaporia.

3114

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT CATHEDRAL STREET, AND KNOWN AS JAMNADAS BUILDING.

Under instructions from Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Morarji Keshavji and another and pursuant to the power of sale and all other powers reserved to and vested in the mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated the 14th day of September, 1928 and the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage dated the 12th day of November 1931, Messrs. Crawford & Co., will sell by public auction the following immovable property on Wednesday the 13th day of May 1936 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Bombay Pension and Tax land or ground situate, lying or being on the West side of Cathedral Street formerly known as Portuguese Church or Cathedral Street without the Fort in the Town and Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 705 square yards or thereabouts by recent admeasurement as also according to the Collector's order dated 20th February 1914 registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140 New No. 1159 Old Survey No. 288 and New Survey No. 425 and Cadastral Survey No. 1747 Bhuleshwar Division together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon which are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 4464 Street Nos. 24-26 C Ward Nos. 4465-4469 Street Nos. 1 to 5 and C Ward No. 4470 Street No. 6, Cathedral Street all which premises are bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by the property of Goswami Shri Gokuladhisji Maharaj on or towards the South by the property of Vishwanath Parbhuram on or towards the East by the said Portuguese Cathedral Street and on or towards the West by the property of Keshavrao Bhaskerji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY, SITUATE AT GOREGAUM, DISTRICT THANA.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee and the assignee of the estate and effects of the insolvent, Dr. Krishnarao Ganpatrao Dhairyawan, Messrs. Crawford & Co., will sell by public auction on Tuesday, 19th May, 1936 at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right title interest and share of the above-named insolvent in the immovable property at Goregaum, District Thana, consisting of 2 bungalows and land admeasuring 8,000 square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Government Auctioneers.

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete Household furniture, Godrej, Chubb and Milner safes, His Master Voice Gramophone, Singer foot machine, Chesterfield and drawing room sets, Cabinets, Glassware etc.

WHY GULBAI DELAYED SIGNING THE PRO-NOTE

Manager Of Bank Of India Further Cross-Examined In Petits Case

Twice the Prosecution counsel asked Mr. Jungalwalla, defence counsel, to consult his client on the matter of instituting a civil suit against his client to save the time of the court, at the resumed hearing of the case against Mrs. Gulbai Petit and Pherozshah Petit, launched at the instance of Mr. A. G. Gray, Manager of the Bank of India, before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Friday.

The charge against the accused in the present case relates to the alleged dishonest and fraudulent transfer of shares in Chateau Petit, by a deed of mortgage, from the first accused to the second and the subsequent reconveyance to the former in order to release responsibility of debt to the Bank of India to the extent of Rs. 1,50,000.

Mr. H. D. Banaji appeared for the Bank of India while the first accused was represented by Mr. N. T. Jungalwalla and the second was defended by Mr. Lam, solicitor.

GRAY CROSS-EXAMINED

Mr. A. G. Gray was further cross-examined by counsel for the first accused.

To the repeated questions put by counsel, whether he was aware of any civil suit filed against the accused on the subject-matter of the present case, witness replied that the Bank was certainly considering the matter in all its aspects, civil and criminal.

But witness could not say how far the matter had gone, whereupon counsel asked whether the Bank was more anxious to get money than for going on with the case.

Mr. Gray replied that comparatively the Bank was anxious to get the money but it would also try to get a conviction, if it believed that its debtors were cheating the Bank.

SAVING COURT'S TIME

At this stage Mr. Banaji stood up and volunteered the statement that the time of the court could be saved if only the counsel took proper instructions from his client, for he asserted that the civil proceedings had already been taken, that summons had been served and that the plaint was in the hands of Mr. Jungalwalla's client.

Mr. Jungalwalla requested the witness to produce the minutes of the Directors' meeting, in order to ascertain the date when they decided to institute civil proceedings.

Cross-examination was not complete when the court rose for the day when further hearing of the case was postponed till May 13.

At the outset counsel repeatedly asked witness whether he was aware of the fact that first accused refused to sign the pro-note on July 1929 to enable its renewal.

Witness replied that Mrs. Gulbai delayed signing and negotiations were in progress.

Q: But my question is simple, Mr. Gray. Did Mrs. Gulbai sign the pro-note?

A: If the pro-note was not renewed then something must burst.

Mr. Jungalwalla: But nothing did burst.....

Mr. Gray: Yes, and therefore she only delayed signing.

Further hearing of the case was postponed as stated above.

AIR BOMBING ON N. W. FRONTIER

(Continued from page 6)

mander Chamier. Captain Mumford pointed out to the audience that there was danger in this aerial form of bombing innocent people on the Frontier. Formerly, he said, whenever there was "trouble" on the Frontier, Civil authorities if they summoned the Military to their aid, used to abdicate but they did not like that. Therefore, they now avoid calling the Military. What happens now, Captain Mumford continued, is whenever there is trouble the civil authorities telephone for aeroplane bombers. Thus, the 'planes arrive on the scene and do the work of bombing the Pathan population and the civil authorities continue to enjoy their power. "This is significant for European civilization." declared Captain Mumford.

Whose Frontier Is It?

Mr. Menon asked the question: "Whose Frontier is it? Is it India's Frontier? Is it Britain's Frontier? Is it the Frontier of the Tribes?" There was none in the audience to give reply to this pertinent question of Mr. Menon.

If the Conference was considering anything, Mr. Menon suggested that it should consider the bombing of unarmed population as a whole. That was the only view a pacifist could take.

The other point that Mr. Menon stressed was the one man who understood well all about peace—that is Mahatma Gandhi was not allowed to go to the Frontier to pacify the "uncivilised" tribe. "Solution to the Frontier problem," Mr. Menon maintained, "lay in Abdul Gaffar Khan and Mahatma Gandhi going out to the Frontier and the whole question of the unrealistic line drawn on the map being considered in terms of free people."

SHRI TARUN GUJARATI SAHITYA SABHA

To-day's Annual Gathering

The Second Annual Gathering of Shree Tarun Gujarati Sahitya Sabha will be celebrated on 2nd, 3rd and 4th inst. at Blavatsky Lodge Hall, Chawpatty. The programme is as under:—

Saturday (2nd May) at 6-30 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge. Speech on subject:—"Saints of Saurastra" by Sjt. Zaverchand Meghani.

There will also be music and dance.

BHULABHAI FOR EUROPE

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, leaves for Europe on Monday. He will catch the Dutch Aeroplane at Jodhpur and his present destination is Amsterdam. From there he will proceed to Paris and London.

Mr. Bhulabhai's visit abroad is due to reasons of health and he will be back in India before the end of June.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

Arabs who formerly sold their lands to the Jews. The latter had an answer ready. Last year at the municipal elections in Jerusalem they succeeded in putting one of their men-of-straw, Hussein Khalidi, into office in place of their "bete-noire," Raghab Ben Nachachibi. But a protest was lodged against the validity of elections and no decision has yet been reached. Raghab Ben Nachachibi will not own himself defeated. The recently created "Arab National Defence Party" is rapidly growing.

The Arabs of Palestine have been despoiled and pretty well exploited. Are they to have any compensation? Or, with their usual disdain of salaried work, will they devote themselves to self-defence with consequences that can neither be estimated nor foreseen? That is the crux of the problem.

A Look Round The World

JEW MENACE TO PALESTINE ARABS

Immigration Problem Complicates Situation

Grave danger lies ahead for Arabs in Palestine where matters are becoming complicated due to the immigration of the Jews, declares M. Francois Dauture in "Je Suis Partout," Paris.

At the present rate there is an annual influx of 50,000 to 60,000 Jews, a figure which at the end of ten years will place the Arabs in the minority.

It was Lord Balfour's declaration in 1917 that Great Britain would look favourably on the creation of Palestine as a home for the Jews at the conclusion of peace that placed the question of the Jews on an official and international footing. Since then the events of the last few years have given a sudden turn to the situation.

MENACING INCREASE

With every succeeding year the question has become more complicated. The mandate given to Great Britain by the Treaty of Versailles covers a territory of 9,000 square miles. In 1920 the population was 70,000 consisting of 650,000 Arabs and about 50,000 Jews. In fifteen years this proportion of less than 1 Jew to every 10 Arabs rose to 1 Jew to 3 or 4 Arabs. The last figures give 310,000 Jews out of a population of little more than a million. Since 1931 there have been 150,000 Jewish immigrants.

The situation in the last two years has, of course, been seriously affected by the anti-Jewish policy of the German Government. Until 1932 the majority of the colonies came from the ghettos of the Ukriane, Central Europe, or the Balkans. In 1933 and 1934, however, these were augmented by the German Jews, who had more education and more money.

SPECULATORS ACTIVE

The population of town like Tel Aviv has swollen from 65,000 to 120,000 since 1933. Land speculators have been in their element. They have bought entire holding from the Arabs for the price of a loaf of bread and sold them some months later—to the new colonists or even sometimes to the original Arab owners, at an enormous profit. The price of land in Tel Aviv a few years ago was 24s. an acre it is now £120 and even £160 an acre. There could be no better field for speculation than a country where more than sixty different tongues are spoken and where the population is divided into half a dozen religious beliefs. Compared with Palestine the Tower of Babel was inhabited by a simple, homogeneous people.

Will the effect of the influence and capital of the German Jews be economically favourable to the inhabitants of the country? The transition from a simple and even primitive, economic system to the capitalist system as we know it in the West, may easily lead to future complications and strife.

Out of the £50,000,000 which have been imported into Palestine, half a million was enough to buy half the country from the Arabs. There is no lack of floating capital and industry and commerce are in a flourishing condition. One important factor in this is that the greater part of the labour is Arab and that what rudimentary social legislation there is, gives no protection to manual labour.

BETWEEN DEVIL AND DEEP SEA

Who will undertake the defence of the rights of the Arab Proletariat? It must be admitted, that the latter are by no means prodigal of their physical strength and do just enough work to keep them from starvation. As the Jew prefers to work with his money rather than his hands the whole country is suffering from lack of labour, particularly in agriculture. Even in 1922 when Lord Balfour was questioned on the situation in Palestine he replied: "Very bad. These damn Arabs won't work."

It is evident, therefore, that difficulties are not of recent date but they increase with time. The British authorities find themselves between the devil and the deep sea; the Jews accuse them of favouring the Arabs, and the Arabs say they are in the pay of Jewish "Big Business."

PALLIATIVES NO CURE

The French authorities have always been sympathetic towards the Jews and have allowed Jewish immigration in Syria and Leba. On the other hand the British authorities are trying to drive the colonists to Trans-Jordan. But the colonists do not want to go so far from the coast, and such palliatives are no cure for the situation which is rapidly becoming worse. The chiefs of Zionist movement are credited with the proposal to bring in six or eight million Jews in the years to come.

The Arabs are, therefore, easy and they are beginning to organise. At the beginning they were divided between their hatred of the Jews and their desire to sell their waste lands to the enemy at a profit. They soon found, however, that they were no match for their foes in the field of speculation, and having nothing more to sell, their only thoughts of defence.

ARABS ORGANISE

The Grand Mufti of Jerusalem has poured obloquy upon the

(Continued in Col).

TO-DAY

MANOHAR'S MASTERPIECE SOCIAL

UNEMPLOYMENT UNEASINESS DUE TO THE FATE THE WHEE

NASIB-KA-CHAKKER

featuring

India's Most Famous Singing Trio

Singing Queen—AKHTARI
Bulbul of Bengal—ANGURBALA
Bulbul of Benares—RAJMANI

with

The famous Comedian
MASTER MANEKLAL
and
LACHAMAN & ISHAQ

Directed b

PESS KARNI

The man who dired the famous Vasant-Beali of London Fa

DON'T FAIL TO SEE AT

CINEMA MAJESTIC

Daily at 5-15; 8; 10-30 p. m.
Sat. Sun. Holiday at 2-30 Matinee.

INTER-SCIENCE EXAMINATION

List Of Successful Candidates

The following are results of the Intermediate Science Examination held in March, last.

FIRST CLASS:—Nos. 53 146 627 670 766 1313 1431 1445 1467 1670 1758 1902.

SECOND CLASS:—Nos. 3 11 15 18 31 38 63 71 75 86 91 94 105 106 117 124 125 127 131 148 150 167 169 170 174 178 184 201 207 210 212 216 218 220 223 227 238 241 242 246 247 248 256 273 300 314 333 343 416 430 448 456 462 473 479 481 487 488 489 496 498 504 521 535 537 552 570 585 590 602 604 608 612 622 628 642 645 646 653 659 677 688 690 707 712 726 733 743 753 758 774 782 793 797 798 809 836 840 843 848 855 886 915 932 942 943 951 1004 1007 1024 1041 1054 1078 1086, 1148 1165 1170 1175 1190 1195 1197 1201 1210 1216 1221 1230 1232 1242 1249 1252 1264 1280 1286 1294 1306 1311 1321 1329 1330 1350 1353 1370 1389 1397 1404 1415 1416 1418 1429 1438 1459 1461 1463 1471 1475 1504 1505 1558 1521 1530 1556 1558 1564 1568 1578 1581 1582 1583 1588 1591 1594 1609 1635 1638 1672 1675 1679 1681 1682 1683 1693 1705 1713 1725 1738 1774 1809 1814 1892 1910 1927 1942 1958 1963.

PASS:—Nos. 1 2 5 17 22 28 37 42 44 46 52 58 59 60 65 70 78 85 87 88 99 101 107 110 111 113 116 122 128 139 149 151 152 153 156 163 164 165 168 171 173 175 181 183 186 189 190 191 194 195 198 211 214 221 224 226 229 232 236 240 244 249 250 255 257 259 262 264 270 271 274 281 285 286 287 288 289 291 298 299 302 303 304 305 310 312 315 319 320 322 324 325 326 329 330 334 335 336 338 339 341 342 347 348 353 354 359 363 364 367 370 371 379 380 385 386 388 390 391 395 396 400 403 407 409 410 415 417 420 422 424 429 441 442 443 444 445 453 454 455 458 459 463 470 476 477 485 486 493 494 500 501 502 503 505 509 510 516 518 520 523 527 529 533 539 546 551 553 554 555 559 561 562 564 567 568 579 580 591 593 594 603 607 611 614 617 619 623 624 630 632 652 655 657 660 683 686 692 694 695 713 714 717 720 721 730 736 739 740 748 759 767 769 775 781 786 789 792 795 799 800 805 806 808 817 820 821 827 828 830 832 839 847 854 858 870 875 876 877 884 887 894 897 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 910 912 918 923 933 952 953 955 958 962 967 968 971 978 979 980 982 983 987 991 992 999 1001 1010 1016 1018 1021 1023 1030 1034 1038 1043 1046 1048 1051 1053 1061 1070 1071 1075 1079 1082 1089 1091 1096 1102 1103 1104 1108 1113 1116 1117 1122 1130 1133 1136 1139 1143 1157 1160 1164 1172 1173 1183 1185 1193 1203 1211 1213 1215 1220 1223 1236 1239 1241 1248 1258 1259 1262 1265 1267 1269 1274 1276 1281 1284 1288 1300 1304 1305 1315 1325 1326 1332 1333 1334 1338 1346 1356 1357 1359 1360 1363 1366 1368 1369 1381 1386 1387 1388 1330 1391 1392 1394 1406 1412 1413 1417 1420 1421 1422 1425 1428 1430 1432 1434 1437 1441 1443 1446 1448 1452 1454 1455 1456 1457 1465 1466 1468 1470 1476 1477 1480 1483 1486 1487 1488 1489 1492 1493 1497 1501 1513 1514 1518 1520 1524 1525 1529 1541 1543 1547 1548 1550 1554 1561 1565 1573 1586 1590 1592 1595 1596 1597 1600 1601 1603 1604 1605 1606 1607 1612 1620 1623 1629 1631 1634 1637 1642 1645 1649 1650 1652 1659 1665 1666 1668 1669 1671 1674 1684 1687 1689 1694 1695 1696 1698 1699 1703 1706 1714 1717 1719 1721 1723 1729 1730 1733 1739 1741 1743 1745 1750 1751 1753 1755 1756 1757 1763 1765 1766 1776 1778 1779 1780 1781 1793 1797 1798 1800 1801 1804 1808 1813 1827 1833 1850 1853 1854 1856 1859 1863 1867 1873 1875 1884 1886 1913 1919 1937 1938 1939 1943 1944 1945 1949 1953 1959 1964 1965 1968 1973 1976.

The results of candidates Nos. 835 1009, 1270, 1383 1495 1691 1754 and 1921 are reserved.

Scholarships and Prizes

The Scholarships, Prize and Medal have been awarded as under:—

The Gibbs Prize—To No. 125.

The Melville Memorial Scholarship—To No. 1313.

The Mrs. Satyawati Lallubhai Samaldas Scholarship—To No. 1725.

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit Medical Scholarship—To No. 915.

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit (First Baronet) Science Scholarship—To No. 627.

The Byramji Nusserwanji Koyaji Scholarship and Silver Medal—To No. 1505.

The Noormahomed Jahazbhoy Peerbhoy Scholarship—To No. 441.

The Ismail Jan Mahomed Scholarship—To No. 843.

Supplementary List

The following is a supplementary list of successful candidates in the Intermediate Examination in Science:—

Pass:—Nos: 69 108 208 466 672 700 1045 1047 1192 1376 1382 1602 1811 1930 1951.

Terms For B.Sc.

The following unsuccessful candidates are entitled to keep terms for the B.Sc. Examination:—

Nos: 62, 96 156 179 182 196 233 306 327 332 399 499 531 577 605 629 691 744 849 862 960 975 1017 1027 1066 1296 1310 1327 1361 1379 1402 1412 1433 1480 1502 1506 1633 1673 1747 1789 1820 1822 1825 1901.

BARODA FORGES AHEAD

Dewan Surveys Legislative Activity Of State Assembly

BARODA, May 1.

"In the field of legislation, measures of far-reaching importance have been placed on the Statute Book—measures of which any Assembly like this has reason to be proud." Thus declared Sir V. T. Krishnamacharya, delivering his presidential address to the current year's last session of the State Legislative Assembly.

SOCIAL LEGISLATION

"Let me mention the most important of these measures, I shall group them under three heads," he continued:

"First, there are the amendments made to the Hindu Law. One set of these laws have enlarged the property rights of Hindu women, marking a great step in the advance of our society. Another set aims at removing unreasonable restrictions on marriage, adoption, etc. The importance of these laws will be realised more and more as their effects are felt.

"Secondly, I shall mention a group of laws the object of which is to remove well-known abuses in our society. In this category falls the Sanyas Diksha Restraint Act, which penalises the initiation of minors into Diksha. Then there is the Caste Tyranny Removal Act. This prohibits unhealthy forms of intimidations exercised in the name of the caste. These laws seek to strengthen the hands of reformers and to educate society on the need for healthy changes in old institutions to adapt them to the progressive needs of modern conditions.

RELIEF TO PEASANTS

"Thirdly, I would mention the three laws passed for the betterment of the conditions of the agriculturists in the State. The Agriculturists' Debt Regulation Act deals with the indebtedness of the rural population and enables courts to go into the history of the debts and pass equitable decrees. The Rent Regulation Act enables Government to fix equitable rents and prevents expropriation of tenants in backward areas.

Another important legislation is the one regulating the relations between the holders of Ankadia villages and their tenants, protecting the latter against rack-renting and eviction. There is then the law preventing fragmentation of agricultural holdings which gives a right of preemption to an adjoining owner when the sale of a holding which is uneconomic comes on the market. Lastly, is the law which entitles the cultivating tenants to the benefits of suspensions and remissions granted by the Government in times of distress.

EDUCATE VILLAGERS

"I earnestly hope that all of you will continue this good work by undertaking educative propaganda in villages and helping the villagers to shake off the fetters of unreasonable customs and superstitions. Without this, all talk of economic reconstruction of the countryside is bound to be futile.

"Your influence is also felt steadily on every-day administration. The non-official members moved 391 resolutions, out of which 204 were withdrawn and 14 were rejected by the Dharasabha, leaving a balance of 173. Out of these 173, 26 were congratulatory resolutions. As regards the remaining 147, the Government have accepted 83 and given effect to the recommendations of the Dharasabha; 38 are still under consideration; 26 have not been accepted by the Government. These resolutions covered the whole field of administration—the majority of them relating to land revenue and education. The figures given above indicate the high value of the co-operation between the officers of Government and the members of the Dharasabha."

JUBILEE FUND BALANCE

Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar also referred to the Golden Jubilee of the accession of the Maharaja. He said:

"You will be interested to hear that the Peoples' Fund has a balance of about six and a half lakhs of rupees. As already decided, the income from this fund is to be devoted to rural uplift in the State. The sub-committee appointed for the purpose has drawn up a scheme which will be duly published."

Concluding the Dewan said:—"You will all remember the gracious message of His Highness the Maharaja on the 3rd of January in which he announced a gift of one crore of rupees to be called 'The Sayajirao III Diamond Jubilee Trust,' the income of which is to be devoted to improving the conditions of life of the rural population, especially those of the poor and depressed classes, supplementing the amounts which would be progressively devoted to such purposes in the regular budgets of the State. A scheme for the working of this Trust is under preparation."—United Press.

DEATH OF CITY BUSINESSMAN

Mr. G. S. Turkhud Succumbs To Heart Failure

The death has occurred of Mr. Ghanisham S. Turkhud, a business man of Bombay.

Mr. Turkhud, who died of heart failure, had been doing business under the name of Messrs. Arrow Engineering Company. He had connections with most of the leading mills in Bombay.

Mr. Ghanisham Turkhud was the brother of Mr. B. S. Turkhud, Honorary Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. G. S. Turkhud was born in 1884, Bombay and after completing his education joined the firm of Messrs. Wheeler & Co., but he had no inclination or aptitude for the life of service and joined as a partner to Messrs. N. Savur & Co., dealing in mill-machinery and mill-stores. Soon after he opened his own firm under the name and style of the Arrow Engineering Co., and established his connection with all the leading works in Bombay.

In all the activities of his elder brother Mr. B. S. Turkhud, J.P., Hon. Pres. Magistrate, he wholeheartedly co-operated with him.

The late Mr. Turkhud having met with a serious accident in Indore was rushed to the Sir James Roberts Nursing Home at Indore. Death overtook him so suddenly that all possible attempts to bring him down to Bombay failed. Mr. Turkhud leaves behind him his aged mother, one brother Mr. B. S. Turkhud and two sisters, Dr. Miss Muktabai and Dr. Mrs. Kantabai Vazkar, a widow, two daughters, and one son and numerous friends and relatives to mourn his sudden death.

His funeral was largely attended by friends—the ceremony being conducted according to the Brahmo rites. Mr. D. G. Vaidya offered the last prayer.

Ahmedabad Labour Conference

The Secretary of the Reception Committee of the Labour Conference, Ahmedabad, writes:—

Preparations in connection with the Labour Conference at Ahmedabad on May 3 are proceeding rapidly. Invitations have been sent to President Jawaharlal, Mr. Jayaprakash, Acharya Narendradeo, Messrs. Masani, Meherally, Khedgikar and Mrs. Manibehen Mulji, Mr. Randive and other prominent Labour and Socialist workers.

HARKISHEN LAL'S SON SURRENDERS

LAHORE, May 1.

Lala Jiwanlal Gauba, son of Lala Harkishen Lal, founder of the People's Bank, now in liquidation, who was wanted by the police surrendered himself yesterday evening and was produced to-day before the Additional District Magistrate for trial under Section 409.

Lala Jiwanlal applied for the adjournment of the case for one week, which was not granted. Then he prayed for time to move the High Court for the transfer of the case.

The hearing was accordingly adjourned till May 11.—United Press.

Attempt To Derail Train

PATNA, May 1.

What is suspected to be an attempt at train derailment was reported yesterday when the main East Indian Railway line was tampered with between Madhupur Junction and Karmatar.—A. P.

PRABHAT'S Rajput Ramani

A Novel Theme Nobly Treated

In the world of motion pictures, PRABHAT is a synonym for gorgeous settings, faultless photography and beautiful recording. In Indian history, Rajputs stand for heroism, sacrifice, bravery and everything noble. No wonder then that PRABHAT'S RAJPUT RAMANI should prove to be a first-class attraction to draw packed houses wherever it has been exhibited.

PECULIARITIES OF THE STORY

The theme of the story is impressive by its novelty. Unlike all other Rajput romances of facts or fancies, Rajput Ramani has peculiarities that have perhaps never been found in any other picture story. Portraying as it does Mughal or pre-Mughal times, it includes thoughts and shots that would appeal even to the modernist among modernists. Although it is not a historical theme, it is made to appear such by careful study of the costume, manners and whole atmosphere in general. So the audience is at once taken to the glorious past when PADMINI of Chittore was making history and when the whole of RAJASTHAN was every inch of it a living force.

NALINI TURKHAD as TARAMATI

SHANTA APTE as KESAR

NO WEEPING AND NO CRYING

Generally, Rajput pictures culminate in a tragic sacrifice by the heroine; and the pathos of the whole show is rather depressing. Not so the RAJPUT RAMANI. It moves you through all the delicate feelings, bringing them to a climax, but ultimately, you leave the house with rather a smile of satisfaction. That is the unique feature of the Prabhat story.

SUPERIOR TO HARIKARI

Not that it does not exemplify the noble sacrifice you expect of the brave Rajput ladies. On the contrary, RAJPUT RAMANI portrays a whole career of judicious sacrifice that not only achieves what is aimed at, but is great enough to save even the lives that carry the torch. For the ladies of a royal family to commit "Harikari" was undoubtedly a brave and noble deed; but RAJPUT RAMANI'S sacrifice is nobler still. Hers is the spiritual self-immolation. The physical existence was only a tool in the hand of the spirit within.

THE CHARACTER OF MANSING

Brave, warlike, but utterly uncultured is the nature of MANSING, the principal character in the play, who even in his full-manhood does not know LOVE, JOY and HAPPINESS. To show these characteristics of his on the silver screen must be hard nut for any Director to crack. But thanks to the clever and ingenious handling of the story by Mr. K. DHYBER (to rhyme with KHYBER) one easily gets a clear idea of what MANSING is and what he is not. The brute in the man is changed into God in man by the RAJPUT RAMANI, Nalini Turkhud, playing the role of Taramati.

WHO WOULD MARRY A BRUTE?

She was already betrothed to Baldeo, a friend of Mansing. Although Mansing's disposition was known to every one, none was prepared to offer him a girl as bride. The brute in Mansing was playing mischief after mischief, and the whole of the Rajput clan was suffering the consequences.

It was only whispered that marriage alone would soften the man. But where was the bride to come from? Cleverly indeed does the Director show you that every woman of the kingdom detested the idea of marriage with Mansing. It was the fashion to say: "Who would marry the brute?"

HEROINE ON THE SCENE

Here comes in an opportunity for a unique sacrifice, to the most beautiful of all Rajput girls. At once she realises the gravity of the situation. Mansing, with all his defects, was the uncrowned king of the clan. His leadership was needed to keep the country safe from foreign invasions. He had proved his worth. Only one way out of the impasse is shown: the suggestion comes from the sweet and loving Taramati. She resolves on cancelling her engagement with Baldeo and accepting the hand of Mansing instead.

NOT WIFE BUT SLAVE!

Naturally every one is stupified at the idea. But she insists on her plan being accepted and the formal proposal by the father of the girl is sent in orthodox Rajput style to Mansing. Here you see the brute in him. He is not prepared to accept the proposal with grace. When advised by influential personages around him, he formally accepts it, conditionally, saying openly that he would accept Taramati not as his BRIDE but as his SLAVE.

FIRM AS A ROCK

Knowing full well that Mansing meant what he said, attempts are made by the relatives of Taramati to persuade her from her determination. But all to no purpose. She is strong as ever. Being confident of her powers, she wants to change the heart of Mansing from hard stone to soft butter. In fact it is an attempt to bring about a change of heart, to use the Gandhian phrase.

AT LAST THERE IS LOVE!

Really, the whole picture is a demonstration of the success and efficacy of the principle of suffering without the least resistance, in order to bring about what is aimed at. Taramati gives you a practical demonstration of how to practise the teachings of 'Satyagraha' in its noblest form. She does not dabble in politics. First and foremost, she is the wife of Mansing who has been treating her as a slave to be true to his word. Pure love and immense suffering for his sake—that is what Taramati returns. At last dawns a day when the change in heart takes place. For the first time in his life, Mansing hears the words LOVE, JOY and HAPPINESS. He tries to realise their meaning. Taramati, like a clever schoolmistress, explains to him the idea by practical demonstration. For, how else could a brute understand the sentiments expressed by those words?

CONTRASTS IN CHARACTERS

Thus it will be seen that the story offers many difficulties for the Director. His work is rendered all the more difficult because in a short space he has to convey all the conflicting ideas and portray the contrasting qualities of Mansing and Taramati.

And it must be admitted that Mr. Dhyber has done full justice to the piece. No better representation could be possible or expected. Another factor to be considered is that Mr. Dhyber is directing a picture for the first time. As a first attempt, the direction is certainly creditable and the hopes created by this first attempt are many.

NANASAHEB PHATAK as MANSING

DIFFICULT JOB

A word or two to explain some of the difficulties in his work: the atmosphere of the centuries-old Rajputana to be maintained in a story for the film of this type is no mean job. To avoid the high-light of the love scenes, that are very common amongst almost all the films produced abroad and to keep up the tempo, is no joke. Herein you see the test of the Director. He uses such means and uses them cleverly to keep up the continued interest, bring it to climax and then approaches the end, moving the audience not by easy and cheap pathos, but by the noble and pure love of the heavenly type rarely to be met with on the mundane earth.

A moving scene from Rajput Ramani.

(To be continued)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Unwarranted Alarm"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Mr. A. D. Shroff asks Indians not to be deceived by "misleading overdrawn pictures" of the success of the Russian experiment and proceeds to give the "alarming version" of a news agency that bread prices in Moscow are nine times those in England and 20 times in proportion to wages, that the prices charged are 20 times those paid to the cultivator and part of this reflects 'the expense of bureaucracy." I always wonder how news agencies work out such highly complicated statistical data and remember how once butter was reported to cost twelve shillings a pound and boots cost £10 a pair (and everyone wore them) in Russia and how periodically millions perished by famine or a political drive to Siberia and how many times Lenin was assassinated. The testimony of Hubert Griffith, a journalist in London for many years, about these prices and wages figures only confirms the American saying "He lies like a newspaper."

It is notoriously difficult to compare the worth of money prices in relation to wages in different countries. In Moscow there are two sets of prices, one for necessities, other for extras and luxuries. Every worker can get the quota of his daily needs at Government shops at a cheap rate but rates for extras are dear .The rate for necessities is cheap not only in relation to wages but in relation even to conditions outside Russia. For the dearness of luxuries there are two reasons: (1) The heavy programme of industrialization means large payments abroad for plant and machinery and these payments can only be made by large exports. (2) The Russians aim at feeding every man, woman and child in Russia, i.e., everyone is a buyer. The prices would not be allowed to press on wages and even assuming that bread prices may be high, still that does not imply in Russia what it would imply elsewhere—starvation conditions. Prices are fixed in relation to wages and not by a ring of capitalists to earn dividends. And how these prices reflect "the expense of bureaucracy" I fail to understand; one has only to comment that Stalin's salary which is that of a school teacher works out at Rs. 300 a month.

Mr. Shroff inquires if Jawaharlal's Socialism conforms to that of Socialist parties in Europe. It does not conform to the National Socialism of a Hitler, nor to that of a Mussolini but it would conform to the theories of men whose ideals these unworthy men have exploited. In actual practice all over Europe the State for its own purposes, good and evil, dominates Capitalism; capitalism to-day lives on protection and is no longer private enterprise. Capitalism at its worst thrives far more in India than in Europe and intelligent people must welcome the lead of idealists, even if they overstress the theory, who point the way to control this capitalism. As for the "investing public" it is idle to suggest that men who save out of their hard-earned wages fear Jawaharlal; but they do walk in daily terror of those exchanges which by their periodical orgies of calculated gambling have nearly killed investor's enterprise.—Yours, etc.,

RAMAN K. DESAI.

Vested Interests And Pundit Jawaharlal

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I was much amused to read Messrs Walchand Hirachand and A. D. Shroff's fulminations against the Congress President, Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, the chosen of the Nation.

It is satisfactory to note the clarification made by Punditjee at the Nagpur Kisan meeting, wherein he said that Swaraj was meant for the peasantry and the exploited, who formed the bulk of the Indian Nation.

Pundit Nehru, and as a matter of fact all genuine Congressmen do believe in ending political, social and economic exploitation, native or foreign and vesting all power in the hands of the producing masses.

The flutter created in the camp of high finance-capital represented by the abovenamed gentleman suggests an initiative taken by the vested interests in opening a tirade against the rising progressive elements in the Indian National Congress as represented by the President and asti-imperialist Left-Wing.

Since when have Messrs. Walchand and Shroff developed love for the Congress? The Nation knows too well and will never forget the anti-nationalist action of Mr. Walchand, when he opposed the Congres in the last Assembly elections and the Maharashtra electorate gave him a sound lesson by defeating him. Mr. Shroff, as is well-known, belongs to the Liberal Camp, which is consistently fighting the Congress for the last 16 years.

After 1930-'32 national struggles, the masses have come to know their friends in disguise too well and no Congressman will be inveigled into the snares deliberately created by these finance magnates and the friends of vested interests,

It seems that the Anglo-Indian journals are successful in creating a United Front against Pundit Jawaharlal, Radical Congressmen and Socialism.—Yours, etc.

RAMANLAL SETH.

Govt. Statement Re Poona Riots

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—We have carefully read the statement issued by the Director of Information, Government of Bombay, in connection with the recent inter-communal riots in Poona. In the official statement it has been mentioned that we the prominent Muslims with whom the District Magistrate had a discussion on the 23rd April had admitted that no objection had been offered by Muslims in the past. This part of the official statement is not correct. Only four Muslims were invited by the District Magistrate. At our interview with him, we pointed out that the Muslims had not only objected to music being played before the shrine, but had also objected to the present shrine bring built on Laxmi Road. In fact we made it clear that our community would not consent to any kind of music whether soft or otherwise being played, and that we should not be understood as parties to the order modifying the order of 7th February 1936. —Yours etc.

A. A. KHAN, Advocate.
M. I. BAIG, Advocate.

Poona Cantonment.
April 29.

Rural Uplift Work

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Having come to the conclusion that drinking water was the main cause of a number of diseases a few social workers formed themselves into an Association styled as the Rural Health Relief Association and selected the Kolaba District as their centre of operation and started its work of demonstration in about 100 villages in the Talukas of Roha and Pen of the said district in August 1934.

It will no doubt be found very interesting to mark the results arrived only with the constant use of "Chlorogen," which is used as a water steriliser, in all these 100 villages. Besides being used as a preventive it is used also as a curative in cases of Cholera, Typhoid and Guinea-worm.

Mr. Amberkar, 1st Class Magistrate of Mahad, in his letter to the Association, writes that "200 patients were treated with complete success and the poor people think it a boon that the Association had kept this article with me."

Mr. V. G. Chakradeo, 1st Class Magistrate of Roha, who presided over the first annual meeting at Nagothna openly declared that "he entertained no doubts as to the permanent eradication of all water-borne diseases if systematic campaign is carried on in this direction. He thought 'Chlorogen' as a saviour of the poor masses."

The Sanitary Inspector Mr. D. S. Salvi, who inspected these villages reports that he could see a great material change in the general health of the villagers. As regards guinea-worm he says that it was as if by magic that guinea-worm cases were cured. When questioned by Mr. Salvi, Mr. S. V. Tilak, ex-President of the D. L. Board, Kolaba, stated that he had tried it in 5 of his villages with perfect success.

The Collector of Kolaba and all Taluka Mamlatdars have been quite in favour with the arrangements and the Collector has recommended the Association for being financially aided to the Commissioner of the Southern Division.

The Association has so far restricted its activities only to a limited area but is prepared to extent its sphere of activity provided it received good response at the hands of the authorities concerned.

It has had several practical experiments and has upto now treated more than several thousands of persons suffering from guinea-worms and other diseases with a remarkable success. The Association, with the aid of "Chlorogen" is conducting 16 centres in the Kolaba District.—Yours, etc.,

G. R. DATAR.
Honorary Secretary,
R. H. R. Association.

Rewas Bunder

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It had been my bitter experience to find "Hamals" on Rewas Bunder without any sign or number attached to their arms, whenever I had occasion to travel via Rewas. The traveller is put to a great deal of inconvenience to find out the "Hamal" who carries his luggage, in the melee that ensues while boarding and disembarking the steamer.

Will the authorities concerned look into the matter and relieve the public of this inconvenience? —Yours, etc.,

M. V. SHRINGARPURE.

Ismail Beg Mohamed High School

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—A high school for Muslims will be started on Mahomed Ali Road and the trustees have already advertised for the staff of teachers required. There are probably one or two Muslim educationists with foreign qualifications in the city and if one of them is engaged as the headmaster, it will be of greater credit to the institution than engaging a B. T. Arabic is the hardest of languages and the untrained teachers in the presidency have made it equally complicated in grasping the subject easily. Under these circumstances the appointment of an O. T. i.e., oriental trained from the Punjab will be profitable.—Yours, etc.,

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Indian Team's Strength Assessed

BOWLING NOT LIKELY TO BE AS GOOD AS BATTING?

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The average age of the seventeen members of the Indian cricket team which reached England yesterday for their tour this summer works out at just thirty. Only six of the Indians are below 27. The youngest is Mushtaq Ali, 23; Baqa Jilani is 24, Palia 25, Merchant 25, Meherhomji 25, Nissar 26, Gopalan 27, Hindlekar 27, Banerjee 29, Amarnath 30, Mohamed Hussain 31, the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram 31, Amir Elliah, 32, Wazir Ali 33, Jai 34; then the two veterans, C. K. Nayudu (41) and Ramaswami (40), writes a special correspondent to the "Manchester Guardian".

Thirty is a high average age as compared with many international sides, but it does not necessarily imply a preponderance of experience in first-class cricket. Of the seventeen, only five were in the Indian team that came here in 1932. The others have had a good deal of acquaintance with quadrangular and inter-provincial tournaments in India, and most of them made at least one or two appearances against the Maharajah of Patiala's team of Australians last winter, but they have yet to win their spurs in cricket of a more representative character.

On paper the Indians look a moderate but not reliable set of batsmen who will want to go for the runs perhaps too quickly. The absence of the Nawab of Pataudi means the loss of a restraining influence, for he alone among Indian cricketers of to-day could have taught this impetuous side the art of back-play and defensive tactics.

NISSAR CHIEF BOWLER

Only Nissar can be described as a proved, first-class bowler. Gopalan has pace on matting but may prove expensive on turf. India has nothing like a genuine spin bowler. Spin bowling is likely, indeed, to prove the Indians bogy. If they succeed in mastering that fear they are capable of compiling good scores, but lack of bowling talent may mean many drawn games. Yet they will be attractive to watch, for their ground fielding is good and they are capable of springing surprises.

It was inevitable that Nayudu should be included, but a distinct surprise is the selection of Ramaswami, who won his lawn tennis Blue at Cambridge sixteen years ago and played for India in the Davis Cup competition in 1932-33. He has come into the side on the strength of being a left-handed batsman who hits hard and who somehow 'came off' against the Australians in India in his only two innings against them.

The Maharajkumar, Nayudu, Wazir Ali, Nissar, and Palia were in the 1932 team. On that occasion Nissar was a belated choice, but he turned out to be the Indians' best bowler, taking 73 wickets for 1,230 runs (average (17.53) during the tour. He certainly did best in India's single Test match at Lords, accounting for Hobbs and Sutcliffe with only eleven runs on the board; Ames, Robins, and Brown brought his total bag to five for 93. He is a big hitter and has been known to make good scores, but seldom against good bowling.

While Nissar will have to bear the main burden of the bowling (since Amar Singh will be available only for the Test matches', he will be backed up by seven others who have some knowledge of bowling. Gopalan did well against the Australians; he headed the bowling average against Ryder's side with a total of eleven wickets for 85 runs (average 7.73). He is a good all-rounder with many centuries to his credit in Indian cricket, and he once bowled an entire side out in Madras for only five runs. Incidentally, Gopalan is a grand hockey player; he was one of the halfbacks in the Indian team that toured in New Zealand last summer and, but for the coming cricket tour, might have been selected for the Indian Olympic hockey team.

Among the change bowlers are Palia (a slow left-hander), Baqa Jilani (medium right-hand with an accurate length), Amarnath (better known as a batsman; he was the first Indian to score a century in a Test match against England, in Bombay, 1933), Mushtaq Ali (a left-hander who can mix them fairly well), Wazir Ali (a fairly useful change bowler), and Nayudu himself.

PARTNER FOR NISSAR

In addition to these, Jahangir Khan, the Cambridge Blue, will be available. A strained thigh muscle interfered with his bowling during the second half of last season, and he made use of the opportunity to develop his style as a batsman; but he has decided to concentrate again on bowling at Cambridge this month. If he is included for most of the Indians' matches he would probably be a useful partner for Nissar: India really has not another opening bowler.

The Indians are bringing two wicket-keepers. Of these D. D Hindlekar looks first choice, as he is a sound opening batsman and is safer behind the stumps than K R Meherhomji. The latter is a great hitter. Dilawar Hussain, now studying at Cambridge, may be called upon to play in some of the matches.

As a batting side the Indians are likely to give the English public many an attractive display of quick and carefree run-getting. If S. Banerjee partners Hindlekar as their opening pair, they may start their innings with due caution, but many of the other members of the team have plenty of runs in them and the spirit to go for them. Wazir Ali, who twice led India to victory over the Australians last winter, scored 1,725 runs (six centuries) in the 1932 tour in England until he received a bump on the head at Lord's from Bowes. He seems, however, to have entirely recovered from that injury, for he hit up a record score of 268 not out in the Eden Gardens at Calcutta during Christmas and had an innings of 122 in the same week against the Australians.

THE MIDDLE BATSMEN

Others in the team who made centuries against the Australians are Amarnath and L. P. Jai, Mohamed Hussain is a steady and forceful bat, who will certainly not bore the spectators. Merchant, noted for his full strokes, and Palia, a left-hander, have been in good fettle recently in tournament cricket in India. Mushtaq Ali, a left-hand bowler but right-hand batsman, lacks stability. Baqa Jilani has scored a thousand runs each season regularly under Indian conditions. As Nayudu still seems to have plenty of fire left in his play, it looks as if the Indians will do better as batsmen than as bowlers.

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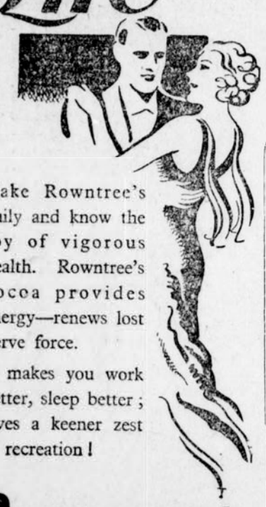

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INDIAN PLAYERS IN ENGLAND

Who "Took The Eye"?

LONDON (By Air Mail)

The luck of the All-India team is still cut. With Lord's sodden they set out to practise at the Fairfax Indoor School recently but the cricket clothes of several of the side had gone astray.

Some appeared in borrowed plumes, but Mohammed Nissar, the fast bowler of the side, who took so many wickets on the last tour, could not find any boots big enough to fit him, and he spent all the afternoon muffled up in a heavy overcoat, a silent critic.

The absence of flannels also reduced C.K. Nayadu, India's best batsman and captain of the last team in Test matches, to the ranks of spectator, but Amar Nath, a new-comer who scored a century against the Australian side recently, refused to allow clothes to interfere with his practice. He simply took off his jacket and batted as well in black trousers as he might have done in white.

JACK HOBBS TO THE RESCUE

Even more interesting was the case of the Maharaj Kumar of Vizianagram, the captain. His cricketing gear had also gone astray.

He sought out Jack Hobbs to come to his rescue. Hobbs arrived post haste with a huge bag crammed with new flannels, new bats, new gloves, new pads, but the Maharaj, keen to hit a ball again, was already at the nets, wearing a borrowed sweater blue trousers and a soft felt hat which he eventually hung on the stumps.

He had invited Sims, of Middlesex just back from New Zealand with an added reputation and a complexion of the darkest brown to bowl at him, and against all kind of balls from a variety of people some of them members of his own team who are not played for their bowling, he "shaped well."

But, of course, cricket at the nets differs very much from match cricket. It differs still more when the practice takes under cover on India-rubber pitches in artificial light. And naturally the Indians were more anxious to loosen limbs than to pay respect to scientific cricket.

GOPALAN'S EASY ACTION.

It was not an occasion to reveal true form. But most of them showed that ease of movement which is the birthright of men born in sunny climes. They made their strokes quickly and without effort.

Among those who "took the eye" as far as circumstances allowed were Amar Elahi a swing bowler who does not need a wind to produce his swerve, M. J. Gopalan, whose flowing easy action suggests possibilities and especially L. P. Jai, who comes with very big reputation. Indeed, he is considered by many good judges who have watched his big innings on his own wicket to be the finest batsman produced by India for some years. His strokes are alive with wristwork and he obviously has the quick Indian eye.

It was all very interesting—although probably in some respects misleading. But two things we have still to learn. One is to pronounce their names correctly, for even our own weird way of pronouncing Beauchamp or Cholmondeley is simple compared with India's eccentricities. The other is to tell "t'other from which." Even the manager of the team confessed that he could not identify some of them!

WHAT CAUSED DELAY IN INTRODUCTION?

Punjab's New Pay Rates

LAHORE, April 28.

A number of reasons has caused delay in introducing the new rates of pay as proposed by the Government of the Punjab for the Provincial services says a Press note.

AN INSTANCE

During the last summer the Government decided upon the new scales of pay for services in Class I and Class II, and introduced new rates of pay in one service. But they were faced with serious obstacles in this direction. An instance is that the Government are bound by rules that have force of law not to alter conditions of service of Government servants who were in service on March 31, 1936 The Government cannot interfere in the matter of their pay or the conditions of their service as the Government are held by Statutory Rules to maintain the pay and conditions of service.

A DIFFERENCE DISCOVERED

The Punjab Government, however, felt that the cases where Government servants are promoted from one service to a higher service, it is an exceptional promotion which they cannot justly claim and, therefore, if the terms of the superior service are reduced before a Government servant is promoted to it, he can only claim the new reduced terms of service. The Government here found that the Central Government, have treated their servants differently, more liberally. The Government feel now that before they apply the rules strictly, they have to be sure that they are legally entitled to do so. The Government have, however applied a 15 per cent. cut to the pay of officials appointed after January 1, 1931. This is temporary, but will continue until the new rates of pay are brought into operation.—United Press.

CLASH AVERTED IN NIZAM'S CAPITAL

Police Patrol Locality Throughout Night

HYDERABAD (Dn.) (By Mail)

Prompt action by the police averted a threatened Hindu-Muslim clash late on Saturday night on the occasion of 'urus' at the tomb of Hazrat Syed Jalaluddin in Karwan, a suburb of the city, which adjoins a Hindu temple.

It is stated that the temple authorities complained to the Ecclesiastical Department that on the occasion of the Urus, sheds built for the occasion used to encroach the temple boundaries. Accordingly the Ecclesiastical Department ordered the processions connected with 'urus' to proceed by another entrance which was specially made through the wall enclosing the Pir's shrine.

However, on Saturday night, a sandal procession connected with 'urus' approached the old entrance, seeking admission through it, but they were met by the police who showed them the prohibitory order. This caused a great stir among the processionists who numbered 2000 but the prompt arrival of armed police under the Commissioner of Police averted serious developments. Simultaneously, officials of the Ecclesiastical Department arrived on the scene and after a parley, the procession was permitted to enter the shrine by the old enterprise.

Quiet was thereafter restored but the police patrolled the locality throughout the night.—A. P.

HEALTH PROPAGANDA IN SATARA

SATARA, (By Mail).

The village Vagbhata class, conducted during the whole of the month of May at Satara by the village Health Propaganda League for the last five years will begin this year also from the 1st of May.

No books are prescribed for this course, the student has to equip himself only notes-books and writing material. A fee of Rs. 5 only is charged for entrance, diploma etc. If a student desires for securing boarding and lodging he has to pay Rs. 14 more.

The Village Vagbhatas are imparted training in giving ordinary medical help. The Satara District Board has been training 40 primary teachers in its employ every year for the last five years.

About 25 teachers were similarly trained in primary medical knowledge by Aundh, Sangli, Bhor and Akkalkot Darbars. So far 200 such men have been trained and they are doing good work in the villages of Satara District and the small states mentioned above.

The Governor of Bombay has spoken in eulogistic terms about the work of this class and its directed by Mr. Kelkar.

NEW IDEOLOGY FOR YOUTH

Dr. Hardikar On Jawahar's Role In Reorientation Of Congress

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, April 30.

Dr. Hardikar addressed a large gathering of youths last evening and explained the Lucknow Congress decisions.

In the course of his speech he said:—Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru has given a new orientation to the Indian political thought. It is a bold but it was inevitable. Upto 1919 Indian politics were confined to the upper monied classes and constituted what might be called arm-chair politics. The word Swarajya was introduced in Indian politics by the late Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji in 1906 at the instance of Lokmanya Tilak. But it was vague and undefined. The circumstances then prevailing were unfavourable to its clear-cut definition. In 1919, Mahatma Gandhi shifted the centre of Indian politics to middle classes by his Satyagraha movement. But "Swarajya" remained undefined. Up to Lucknow Congress, personalities and not principles dominated Indian politics.

But that era practically closed when the resolution on Fundamental Rights was adopted by the Karachi Congress. But that was not enough to the younger groups in the Congress. They felt the need of a clearer definition of "Swarajya" and a more vigorous programme for its attainment. Thus the Nehru ideology gradually dawned on the horizon. Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru asks you to think of this ideology not in terms of his personality but in terms of the principles behind it

Continuing the doctor said that Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru was not forcing his ideology on any body. The public were free to accept or reject it. The Pundit has no desire to create a split in Congress unity on this issue at present. Therefore he deliberately included in his cabinet men of all schools within the Congress.

The immediate issue before the country is the rejection of the India Act. The Congress has decided to contest the coming elections and to capture legislatures.

Dr. Hardikar exhorted the audience to become Congress members and to help wholeheartedly in the Congress electioneering programme.

KARACHI MEMORIAL TO KING GEORGE?

Citizens' Meeting Decision

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, April 29.

At the invitation of the Mayor, an informal meeting of 20 prominent citizens was held in which the question of raising a suitable memorial to the late King was discussed. The Mayor said he had received representations from several prominent citizens for a public meeting being called for collecting subscriptions to raise a fitting memorial to His Late Majesty, at which the following resolutions were passed:—

First, that a public meeting be convened at Karachi of citizens of Sind and that excellency be requested to preside;

Second, that funds be collected from the whole of Sind which will be utilised for erecting a fitting memorial to His Late Majesty for any purpose which will be useful for the whole Province; Third that the final decision as to what form the memorial takes should be left to the decision of a Committee consisting of the Governor, the Mayor of Karachi, the Presidents of the Municipalities and the District Board in Sind and seven members elected from Donors.

ORGANISING MUSLIM MASSES

"Patriots' League" Formed In Rajputana

(From A Correspondent)

BEAWAR, (By Mail).

To organise the Muslim masses on sound and progressive lines for their social, moral, economical and political betterment, a new organisation called the "Rajputana Muslim Patriots' Leagues" has been established here with Maulana Moinuddin Ajmeri as its president and Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor as its secretary.

The League will contest the forthcoming elections and will also join hands with all those who honestly and sincerely work for India's emancipation and the real betterment of the 'teeming millions'.

The League will establish its branches all over Rajputana and will also have a weekly organ of its own, for which arrangements are being made.

Burma's New Governor

RANGOON: April 29.

Sir Hugh Stephenson, who arrives here on May 5 from Maymyo will leave the shores of Burma privately from the Phyre Street jetty on May 7 on retirement from the office of the Governor of Burma.

Sir A.D. Cochrane, the new Governor, is expected to arrive here on May 6. Though his arrival will be private, he will be received by officials and non-officials at the wharf.—A.P.

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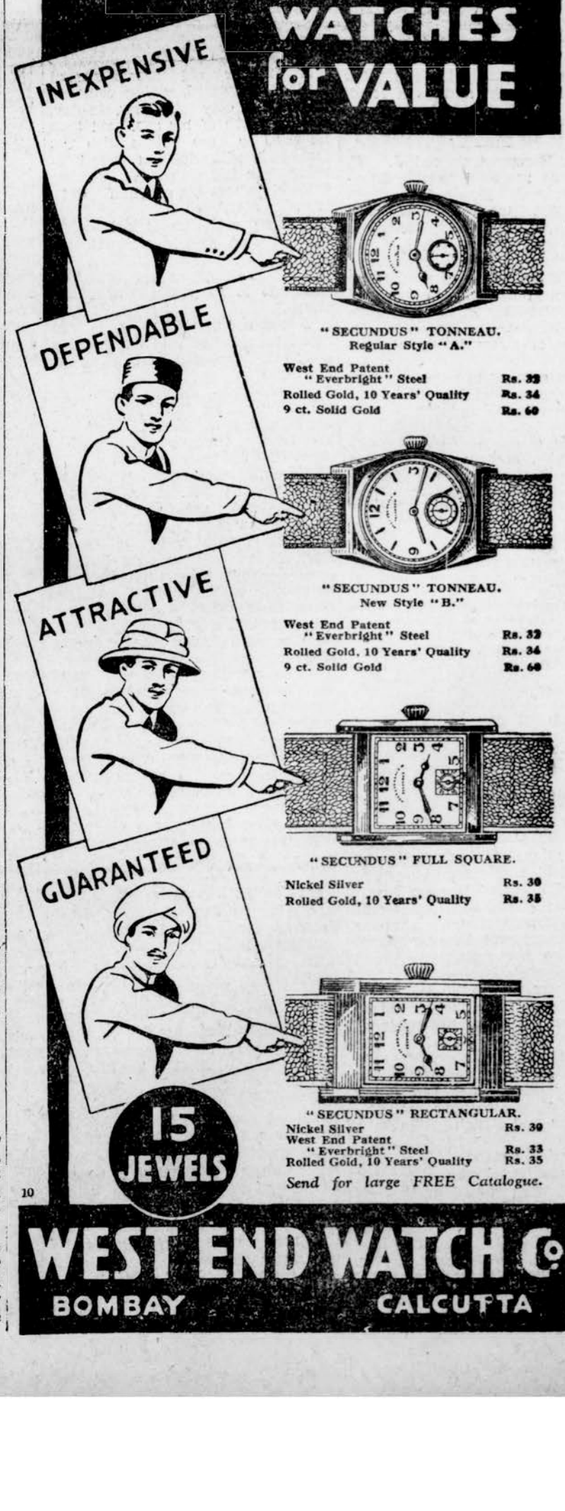

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BOMBAY CALCUTTA

The Ranasaheb of Porbunder (centre) performed the opening ceremony of the Kaivalyadhama Health Centre Home at Back Bay Reclamation Grounds on Thursday. One of the workers of the Centre reading messages of congratulations wishing the Home success.

The Ranasaheb of Porbunder unlocks the main entrance to the Home.

A general view of the large gathering, including ladies, present at the opening ceremony.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sheik Ahmed Sheik Fatte (25) son of a carpenter residing at Sonapur Lane died, it is suspected, of opium poisoning, last night in the G. T. Hospital.

Inquest on the body has been postponed.

"The deceased inadvertantly ran into a motor-car at De Lisle Road and was knocked down" was the rider added, to-day, by the Coroner's Jury, while giving a verdict of death on the body of Jaibai Laxman (50) who was knocked down by a motor-car on April 19 last.

After assaulting Ranu Lala at Byculla,, last night, Rangia Rajhoo and another were stated to have twisted his hand, involving dislocation of joints.

The motive of the assault is not known and Rajhoo who was produced before the Mazagaon Magistrate, to-day, was ordered to be remanded to police custody for a week, in order to enable the police to complete their inquiries.

A man who "resigned himself unto the Lord" soon after, it is alleged, he had had a few drinks, had to be removed to the hospital this afternoon.

Baloo Krishna, residing at Kamatipura VII Lane, it appears went home at 11 this morning after some drinks and threw himself on the framed picture of a god. The glass was broken and as a result he was smeared with blood. He was removed to the J. J. Hospital.

When European named J. E. Quim was removed to the European General Hospital on Wednesday last in an unconscious condition, it was found, the police alleged, that he had taken opium with a view to commit suicide.

The European was discharged from the hospital, to-day, and placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on a charge of attempt to commit suicide.

He was ordered to be released on bail in the sum of Rs. 100, pending further police enquiries.

A sequel to the murder of a man named Baboo at Saitan Chowkie last night was heard at the Dadar Court today.

Two persons, who were arrested in this connection, were remanded into custody till May 14 pending further enquiries.

It appears that the deceased and the accused Rafique were on inimical terms. The latter is alleged to have gone to the house of the deceased Baloo, with a gang of about ten persons armed with sticks and knives. When Baboo came out, all of them are alleged to have set upon him and the accused Ataulla is stated to have stabbed him and attempted to have run away. He was, however, chased and arrested. Baboo died on the way to the hospital.

Mahomed Sarwar the second accused was arrested as he was seen with a dagger in his hand.

Ataulla, one of the accused, who sustained injuries has been detained in the hospital for treatment.

Babu, alias Mahomed Hassan (35), a mill employee, living at Saitan Chowkey, Bombay was stabbed to death near his residence on Thursday night. Sarwar Hamid Ismail and Ataulah Habibullah, two Rampuris, have been arrested in this connection.

It appears that Babu was returning home from Dadar, when he was accosted near his residence by a Muslim who barred his way with a stick. Babu caught hold of the stick and questioned the stranger. Meanwhile, two Rampuris are alleged to have gone behind Babu and struck him with knives.

Babu cried out and fell. The alleged assailant who attempted to escape, were chased by the police and a crowd, and caught. Two knives are alleged to have been seized from them.

How an accused made a bold bid for liberty when caught in the act of stealing at noon on Wednesday and how when he was chased by a large crowd kept them at bay by flourishing an open clasp knife, was revealed to the Bhoiwada police when they took into custody Francis D'Souza.

It appears that the complainant, a sewing machine repairer, left his shop, situated at Supari-baug Road Bombay, at noon on Wednesday and went to have his tiffin. When he returned after half an hour he found the door of the shop ajar. The lock was missing. He entered the shop and saw the accused hiding inside. When caught, the accused managed to free himself and took to his heels.

The complainant chased him and at the same time gave an alarm. Several persons, including constables in plain clothes, pursued him. He kept them all at bay for some time by flourishing as open clasp knife. One of the constables in plain clothes, however, managed to overpower and disarm him. The lock of the door of the shop was recovered from the suspect's coat pocket. An iron "jemmy" was also recovered from him.

The accused is suspected to be concerned in several cases of house-breaking and theft in this section. He was remanded in custody till May 14 at the Dadar Court to-day.

A 50-year old grocer named Amin Mohommed, giving evidence before the City Coroner, to-day, on the death of his son, said that he tried to keep pace with the DeLisle Road Police who were hurrying to his shop at Shaitan Chowkie where his son had been brutally murdered.

"I went to the police last night" the old man said in the witness-box, to-day, "to report about a terrible disturbance made by about 10 to 15 people near our chawl."

"I took a police constable who raced ahead of me and I could not keep pace with him, being an old man," he added.

When witness arrived home at about 7 p.m., he found his son lying in a pool of blood in the shop and he was literally dazed at the sight of that ghastly spectacle.

The police then removed the deceased to the K. E. M. Hospital and he learnt subsequently that his son had died on the way.

Recalling what took place on April 28 last, witness said that at noon on that day an unemployed neighbour of his, named Rafique, came to him and asked for his son Mohommed Hussein who was working as a jobber in the Apollo Mill.

Witness replied that he had gone to work, whereupon the other indulged in filthy and vulgar language.

Rafique, even, threatened, witness stated, that he (the father) should take care of his soon.

"I am going to take notice of him," Rafique told witness, in angry tone, and left the place.

Further inquest on the body is postponed till May 8.

Sixteen Pathans who are alleged to have assaulted two other Pathans were arrested by the Palton Road Police yesterday.

The assault is stated to be a sequel to an altercation that took place over the decision of a wrestling match which was fought in Northbrooks Gardens.

It appears that the wrestling match, was held at Northbrook Gardens on April 19. Thereafter there was a discussion about the result of the match and some Pathans went away discontented.

On Wednesday last at about 8 a.m. Shah Mahomed Sunat Khan and two others were walking along Apollo Street when about 16 Pathans met them and the result of the wrestling match was again discussed.

Sticks And Lathis Used

Some heated arguments were exchanged and soon after lathis and sticks were freely used by the Pathans.

Shah Mahomed and his two companions were seriously injured and removed to G. T. Hospital.

Yesterday the injured men pointed out their assailants and they were all rounded up by the police.

The 16 Pathans were later released on furnishing bail in the sum of Rs. 50.

POLICE STORY OF BHAIYAS' FIGHT

BOMBAY, Friday.

In connection with the stabbing affray that took place yesterday on the Charni Road, opposite the Girgaum Police Court, in which knives and sticks were freely used by two parties of Bhaiyas owing to an old quarrel, the Lamington Road Police put up Raghunath Shivram, who was arrested on the spot, before the Girgaum Court this morning.

How the incident came about was narrated by the prosecution.

Attarsingh Mansingh, who is well-known as a bully and a 'Dada' in the Kalbadevi locality, —who bore a grudge against the complainant in this case, Bhadrisingh Vijaysingh,—lodged a complaint of assault against Bhadrisingh with the Bombay Police in February last. The case of assault was to be heard yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court.

In that connection Bhadrisingh came to the Court with some of his friends and relatives. The case was transferred to the Esplanade Court to be tried together with a counter case.

So, when Bhadrisingh went out with his counsel, Mr. Jhabvala, and his friends, it is alleged that the accused, who is stated to have been waiting outside, since 11 a.m., is alleged to have plunged forward and stabbed Bhadrisingh twice with a large, clasped knife on the left shoulder and right fore-arm.

Ran Away

Thereafter, he began to run away, but was chased and ultimately overpowered in a tea shop near the Krishna Cinema. A blood-stained clasped knife was recovered from the road. It is suspected that the accused is a hireling of Attarsingh, the compainant against Bhadrisingh in the first case.

Bhadrisingh collapsed on the road and was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he is detained for treating the incised wounds which he had received.

As the statements of some of the witnesses are yet to be recorded and the statement of the accused to be verified, the police asked for a remand till May 15th, which the Magistrate granted.

Four Arrests

Four more persons arrested in this case on the spot on suspicion, as they could not give satisfactory account of themselves for being in possession of sticks at the time and place thereon, were ordered by the Girgaum Magistrate to be released on a bail of Rs. 100 each, Rs. 50 to be deposited in Court, in default to be remanded into custody till May 15th.

Amernath Oberai, alleged to be one of the conspirators who organised and started the Laxmi Petroleum Syndicate at Karachi and defrauded a number of persons, was arrested in the city last evening by the Bombay Crime Branch Police on a warrant issued from Karachi.

Sub-Inspector Desai, C. I. D placed the accused before Mr. D N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, third Court, to-day and applied for a remand of the accused in custody.

He stated that a bogus company "Laxmi Petroleum Syndicate" was started in Karachi by certain persons, who appointed Managers, Agents and Inspectors for various depots in several towns.

The company took large deposits from the persons appointed and thereafter the promoters disappeared from Karachi. Complaints were received from various persons in Karachi by the police there and in the course of their inquiries they learnt that Amarnath Oberai alleged to be one of the conspirators was in Bombay. An Officer came down to Bombay from Karachi and identified the accused and he was arrested.

Mr. N. C. Acharya appearing on behalf of the accused applied for bail. The Magistrate ordered the accused to be released on bail of Rs. 500 deposited in cash, with one surety in the sum of Rs. 750, in default to remain in custody for a fortnight.

WESTERNISED MUSLIM LADY

Magistrate's Comments On Her "Wrong Notions" In Divorce Case

NEW DELHI, April 30.

"As far as I can see she wants separation and divorce, and for that she has to go to a Civil Court. She feels that she is Westernised and finds it difficult to pull on with her poor, uneducated husband. I consider it necessary to mention here that she has taken a wrong notion of Western culture."

With these observations Mr. S. M. Rashid disposed of an application under section 498 I.P.C. filed by Mrs. Firdans Jahan Begum, a young and educated Muslim lady.

The plaintiff's case was that she was married with Mumtaz Ahmed, a wealthy merchant of Saddar Bazaar, about ten years ago. For five years they pulled on well, but later her husband grew addicted to drinking and began maltreating her. He also developed intimacy with another woman.

All this told heavily on the plaintiff's health who went to England with her father for treatment. During her stay there she received a letter from her husband levelling serious charges against her character and on her return to India the husband expressed annoyance at her discarding the Purdah. She was threatened to be kept in strict Purdah.—United Press.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED IN BURMESE VILLAGE

Slashed With Dahs By Gang On Inimical Terms

RANGOON, April 30.

It is reported from Hlegu that a Burmese villager, his two sons and a woman visitor were killed, while the wife of the villager and a male friend were seriously injured as the result of an attack made on their house by a gang of Burmans.

The house-owner and his family and visitors were victims of a sudden raid at night believed to be due to personal enmity.

The assailants who were armed with 'dahs' slashed at their victims and escaped. No property was stolen.—A. P.

The closing score in the World Snooker Championship was Lindrum 21 frames, Davis 19.

NO CHANGE IN PARSI CALENDAR

Committee Appointed To Revise Not In Favour Of Change

The Committee consisting of 13 members with Mr. M. P. Kharaghat as Chairman appointed by the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayat to revise the Parsi Calendar has issued its report.

The majority view is in favour of continuing the present system as they consider that the present Parsi calendar is not against the Zoroastrian religion nor do they think it incorrect. They therefore do not recommend any alterations therein.

The majority of the members opine that if the Parsi calendar is altered it would create unnecessary confusion leading to the creation of a third sect ('Fasli') in the community.

There are already two sects, viz., Shehenshai and Kadami. The existing Parsi Calendar has been observed from time immemorial and therefore the majority recommend the continuance of its observance.

The "Faslis" (as the advocates of the reformed calendar are popularly known), celebrate their new year on March 21 while the "Kadmi" sect of the community celebrates it a month ahead of the 'Shahenshahis', who observe it in September.

Thus the old controversy, after the arduous labours of the committee of about a decade, and occasional propaganda in the press, remains unsolved yet.

NEW RECRUITS TO I. C. S.

Result Of Delhi Competitive Examination

SIMLA, April 30.

Mr. Thiru Venkatachari, Mr. Ali Saghar and Mr. S. V. Sohoni are the three Indian candidates selected for the Indian Civil Service as a result of an examinaton held in Delhi in January last.

The Burman candidates selected are Mr. Kway Foung He and Mr. Van Wyck.—United Press.

PAY UP FAVOURITE FOR THE DERBY

Rhodes Scholar Displaces Bala Hissar In Betting

LONDON, April 30.

The following is the Derby call over:—11 to 2 against Pay Up offered, 6 to 1 taken, 10 to 1 Rhodes-Scholar offered, 100 to 9 taken, 100 to 9 Bala-Hissar offered, 100 to 8 taken, 20 to 1 Noble King taken and offered, 22 to 1 St. Magnus offered, 25 to 1 taken, 28 to 1 Abjer taken and offered, 28 to 1 Raeburn offered, 33 to 1 taken, 33 to 1 Taj Akbar, 40 to 1 His Grace taken and offered, 40 to 1 Walvis Bay offered, 50 to 1 taken. —Reuter.

BRITISH AMATEUR GOLF

LONDON, April 30.

At Deal, in the fourth round of the British Amateur Golf Championship, H. G. Harrison of Middlesex beat Rex-Hartley at the 19th hole. Lister-Hartley beat Crawley 5 and 4.

In the fifth round Lister-Hartley beat Harrison 3 and 2. Bentley, Tolley and Langley have also entered the last eight.—Reuter.

A Patna message says following uclose upon the detection of a bolt placed between joint rails between Kajra and Kiul junctions, cause obstruction to the train is reported to have been noticed between the Madhurpur and Karmatar stations E. I. Railway It is stated that four bolts were removed from the fishplates of the up line. Mr. Rizvi, Superintendent, has hurried to the scene.

SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS

Guiding Policy Of "Oriental" Management

Sir Purshotamdas in the course of his speech made at the annual meeting of the Oriental Government Security and Life Assurance Co., said:—

"Our new business last year at 48,858 policies issued assuring nearly Rs. 890 lakhs shows an increase on the figure of the previous year of 6,480 policies assuring over Rs. 127 lakhs which constitutes a record annual increase for the company. It may interest you to know how these results compare with those of other companies established within the Empire and so far as the published results of ordinary Life Assurance business show we stand tenth on the list, the first nine comprising of 5 British, 2 Canadian and 2 Australian Companies.

'Our Premium Income last year of Rs. 266-1/4 lakhs exceeds that of the previous year by Rs. 26-3/4 lakhs as compared with that year's increase over that of the preceding year of about Rs. 21 lakhs, and I am glad to say that our Lapse Ratio continues to remain at about the same low figure attained in 1934 to which I drew your particular attention last year.

INTEREST INCOME.

'Our net interest income at nearly Rs. 77 lakhs shows an increase of Rs. 5½ lakhs on the previous year's figure and gives a net yield on the Life Assurance Funds of 4.96 per cent. as compared with 5.05 per cent. in 1934 and 5.09 per cent. in 1933 The maintenance of the net yield thus far at round about 5 per cent. in spite of the impossibility of obtaining new investment as remunerative as we could in the past, must be, as I am sure you will agree with me, regarded as satisfactory. The reduction in the Income Tax Surcharge last year, though very slight, has helped us to some extent to maintain this yield and the further reduction, effective from the current year, will be equally helpful to us in the future.

"Claims by death at just over Rs. 55½ lakhs show an increase of Rs. 6½ lakhs on the previous year's figure but out of that increase about Rs. 2½ lakhs is accounted for by claims as a result of that tragic disaster, the Quetta Earthquake, in which 90 of our policyholders lost their lives, the large majority of whom had effected life assurance only in very recent years. It was reported only the other day that over 8,000 lives had been lost in that terrible disaster and I doubt very much whether more than five per cent. of that number held life assurance policies, though figures have not so far been published by other Life Assurance Companies sufficient to indicate the extent to which the dependents of these unfortunate people were protected by Life Assurance.

"As a result of the year's operations the funds of the company now stand at Rs. 17 crores, an increase of Rs. 1-1/2 crores on the previous year's figure.

TRIENNIAL VALUATIONS.

"This being the last year of the current triennium at the end of which the next Valuation of the Assets and Liabilities of the Company falls to be made, I believe that you will expect me to endeavour to forecast what the result is likely to be, but the monetary situation being as it is it is very difficult to make a forecast with any possibility of its turning out to be accurate. So long as life assurance companies continue to experience the difficulty which they have to cope with at present in finding reasonably remunerative investments it would be unwise to forecast a general continuance of the high rates of bonus declared in recent years by most life assurance companies, and I feel sure that we shall learn in due course that some companies whose valuations fell due at the end of last year have, in view of the difficulty of forecasting the future trend of interest rates, decided to declare somewhat reduced bonus rates even though it may be only as a temporary measure, but I can assure you that those companies such as the Oriental, which have in the past not declared higher rates of bonus beyond such as could be reasonably expected to be maintained out of anticipated trading profits, will be the last to be compelled to reduce their bonus rates.

INSURANCE LEGISLATION

"The Oriental stands to-day in a finadcial position from which we can look with equanimity upon situations which might cause anxiety to others less fortunately situated, and with entire confidence to the future. Our policies will continue to be as safe and profitable investments to their holders as they have been at any time in the past, taking into account prevalent conditions, and if any prospective policyholder doubts the ability of the company to maintain eminently satisfactory bonus declarations, and I hope and believe that there must be few such, let him consider effecting a policy under our Non-participating Scale of Premiums, the low rates of which, an index of the value of our policies generally, can hardly be beaten by any other company operating in this country.

"I have referred on more than one occasion during the past few years to the urgent necessity of amendments in insurance legislation but although suggestions have been called for from the interests concerned and though it is believed that a report thereon has been submitted by the Special Officer appointed for the purpose, we have had no further definite information as to Government's intentions in the matter. Amendments in the Legislation for the greater control of Insurance practice in this country and for the protection of policyholders ought to have been taken up years ago, and I fear that the undue delay by Government in dealing with this matter may have prejudiced the interests of institutions and individuals almost beyond recovery. I would, therefore, urge that this important question should not be avoidably delayed any more. Government owe it to the public to state their programme and policy in this connection frankly."

UTTERED FALSE COINS

MIRAZPUR, April 27.

Mr. S. Faiyaz Ali, City Magistrate, has sentenced Balai Lohar aged 23, under Section 240, I.P.C., to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment.

The case for the prosecution was that on January 27 the accused brought 200 rupee coins to the Government Treasury and demanded two currency notes of Rs. 100 each in exchange. Out of these coins 68 were found to be counterfeit.

The money tester in his written report said that when he told the accused that some of the coins were counterfeit, the latter said that his master had asked him to dispose of the coins even if he had to pay some 'batta' (rebate) on them.

The accused pleaded not guilty. He added that he did not know that any of those coins were counterfeit. The coins were given to him by his master who had told him that he should pay about two to four annas 'batta' for the whole lot if necessary.

Sentencing the accused the Magistrate observed: "The fact that he wanted to induce the money tester to exchange these counterfeit coins even on payment of some money clearly goes to show that when the accused came in possession of these coins, in whatsoever manner it was, he knew full well that they were counterfeit. The accused has failed to prove his allegation as to the person from whom he got possession of these coins."

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1—a pure soap that is all soap.
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SHAVING STICK

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SIXTH CENTENARY OF A FORGOTTEN EMPIRE

Bombay Karnatakis Observe Vijayanagar Day

(From A Correspondent.)

Under the auspices of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay the Vijayanagar Day was celebrated on Tuesday last in the Hall of the Sangh, with Shri Shankaracharya (Dr. Kurtkoti) presiding. A large and distinguished gathering was present.

Mr. R. A. Jahagirdar, in his opening address traced the history of the Vijayanagar Empire and narrated the causes which led to its foundation exactly 600 years ago. He described the conditions existing in the Deccan then and how the invasions of the northern Moghul armies had laid waste many Hindu kingdoms both in the north as well as in the Deccan. It was at such a critical time when there was helplessness all round that the well-known Hukkaraya and Bukkaraya, under the inspiring leadership and guidance of Shri Vidyaranya, gathered together the disrupting forces and successfully stemmed the tide of the onward march of the invaders. But for this successful opposition, the speaker said the Deccan would have met with the same fate as the north of India and its religion and culture would have suffered incalculable harm. The speaker stated that this act of patriotism of the founders of the Vijayanagar Empire was the principal source of inspiration to the founders of the Maratha Empire. He asked the audience to emulate the sentiments underlying the heroic deeds and imbibe the noble qualities of their ancestors and to attempt to bring about the advancement of Karnatak.

Prof. V. K. Gokak who spoke next, urged that the Karnatakis should attempt to produce inspiring literature capable of not only improving the culture of Karnatak but of influencing other cultures of India as well, thus expanding the cultural domain of Karnatak.

Messrs. Belur Keshavdas and N. Kusnur also spoke.

IMBIBE THE LESSONS

The President then delivered a very inspiring address in the course of which he declared that a successful commemoration of any event would require a true appreciation and imbibing of the lessons derivable from it. What were the causes that led to the foundation of the Vijayanagar Empire? For what principles did the Empire stand? A full and true appreciation of these points alone would awaken in the hearts of the Karnatakis the sense of love and pride for their ancestors and guide them in regard to their present duty towards them. He urged the Karnatakis to weigh the conditions existing then and now and try to win the fame and glory which their ancestors had gained.

He then dilated on the glorious deeds of the founders of the Vijayanagar Empire and on how they influenced the subsequent glorious achievements of the founders of the Maratha Empire. The fact that there was such an influence was admitted by well-known Marathi scholars like Prof. Potdar of Poona. He concluded by exhorting the Karnatakis to celebrate the Sixth-Centenary of the Vijayanagar Empire in a fitting manner and promised them all possible help in this connection.

After a vote of thanks to the Chair the gathering dispersed.

"GIVE PROOF AND TAKE DELIVERY"

QUETTA, (By Mail.)

The Claims Commissioner has issued the following communique':

Notice is hereby given to persons concerned, whose property, salved from 658 sites as detailed below, is in my custody, to arrange for taking its delivery, after giving the necessary proof, by the 31st May 1936. After this date the undelivered property in store will be considered as unclaimed and will be handed over to the police under sec. 25-27 of the Police Act for the orders of the Magistrate of the district:—

Ward 1 36 sites; Ward 2 31 sites; Ward 3 54 sites; Ward 4 84 sites; Ward 5 91 sites; Ward 6 87 sites; Ward 7 69 sites; Ward 8 78 sites; Ward 9 46 sites; Ward 10 15 sites; Ward 11 19 sites; Ward 14 4 sites; Ward 15 4 sites; Ward 16 2 sites; Ward 18 17 sites; Ward 19 23 sites, bringing the total to 658 sites.—A. P.

ELECTION FEVER IN PUNJAB

Nationalist Reforms Party Comes On Scene

LAHORE, (By Mail)

The election atmosphere is already here in the Punjab. Existing parties are bestirring themselves while considerable political activity goes on behind the scenes for creating new parties or seeking allegiance of undefined sections to one or the other parties. The Unionists, under Sir Fazl-i-Hussain lead, are already in the field and are going ahead with their work.

To-day Raja Narendra Nath, the leader of the Nationalist Reforms Party in the Punjab Council has come out with the party's election manifesto. The policy of the party shall be essentially national in its aims and outlook with full Dominion Status as its objective. It will work among other things for harmony among all classes, abolition of communal electorates "prevention of domination of the province by any oligarchy based on communal forces," amelioration of the conditions of the poor, economy and efficiency in the working of the administration protection to Punjab products, removal of untouchability and the uplift of untouchables.—A. P.

"ONLY WAY OF ENDING UNTOUCHABILITY"

Conversion, Question Of Time, Says Ambedkar

BOMBAY, April 29.

Dr. B. R. Ambedkar's paper "Janata" warns all concerned not to believe in any rumours that are spread about from time to time regarding his or his followers' conversion to this religion or that.

A conference of Mahars of the Bombay Presidency will be held in Bombay on May 30 and 31, for considering this question of mass conversion to some religion, which will assure social equality and equal economic opportunity to the depressed classes.

Replying an open letter addressed to Dr. Ambedkar by some Harijan youths studying in Central Hindu College, Benares, the "Janata" asserts: "There is not the least likelihood of caste being abolished by Hindus and as long as there is caste there must be outcastes. We have most dennitely come to the conclusion that giving up Hinduism is the only way of ending untouchability. Since the Yeola conference announcement, there has arisen a veritable competition between the Mussalman, Sikh and Christian Missionaries to appeal to the Harijans to join their respective folds. The Harijan leaders are very carefully considering whom to embrace and when. But one thing is certain. The Harijans will choose only that religion which guarantees equality and economic opportunity to all, to men and women alike, in a word, they will embrace only that religion which will stand for the new democratic ideals. And once this is decided upon, the Harijans must get converted in their lakhs, because that is the only way to abolish untouchability." — Maharashtra News Service.

City Corporation Decide To Give Matunga Combined Market

At a meeting of the Improvements Committee of the Municipal Corporation held on Tuesday, Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer stated that since the question of a market at Matunga was considered last he had met a number of persons residing in the locality, and he was satisfied that over 80 per cent. of them were vegetarians. Consequently, there was no great demand for a combined market. He also drew the attention of the Committee to the letter received from several residents of the locality protesting against the proposal for erecting a combined market.

Mr. Sultan Chinoy said that it was possible in the course of the next five years that non-vegetarians would preponderate.

A POSSIBILITY

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole was not certain that the majority of the residents were vegetarians. It was possible that some tenants were afraid of declaring that they were non-vegetarians as the landlords, who were vegetarians, might ask them to clear out. He believed, a purely vegetable market would not be an economic proposition.

Mr. Salebhoy K. Barodawalla said that a screen might be put up between the vegetarian and non-vegetarian sections. Mr. Ramchandra Iyer said that it was a question of wounding the sentiments of the residents.

The Chairman, Mr. M. A. Karanjawalla, explained that the Corporation had agreed to the erection of the market.

Mr. Karanjia moved an amendment requesting the Corporation to reconsider the resolution in view of the protests made by the residents of the locality. Mr. Ramchandra Iyer seconded the amendment.

The amendment was lost, four voting for, and eight against.

The original proposition that the combined market be erected, as recommended by the Municipal Commissioner, was carried.

VILE PARLE BHAGINI SEVA MANDIR

Tenant To Shift Sequel To Legal Notice

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Thursday.

For some time past there was a good deal of heat and controversy going on between the Trustees of the Bhagini Seva Mandir and Shrimati Surajbehen who is at present the tenant and is conducting a Maternity Home in the building.

It will be remembered that the building's foundation-stone was laid by Mahatma Gandhi in 1929 and Sjt. Jamnalal Bajaj brought down his Mahilashram to this building which was hired for the purpose. But the political activities of the inmates of the ashram during Satyagraha days led the Government to ban the Institution and confiscate the property where after it slowly came in the hands of Mr. K. K. Chitalia of the Servants of India Society.

Later on the building was let on hire to its present tenant Smt. Surajbehen who first tried to have coaching classes and sewing classes. But later on she started the Maternity Home. This activity of hers was not liked by the Trustees who asked her, I am informed, either to vacate or shift her activity to some other channel.

At last the trustees are said to have been reluctantly let to give her a legal notice to vacate through their solicitor, Sjt. B. G. Kher, and as the result of this, she is shifting to the new premises to the east end of Vile Parle.

CROSS-WORD PUZZLE CASE

(From Our Correspondent)

AMRITSAR, (By Mail).

At the resumed hearing of the case against the "Illustrated Weekly of India" in the Small Causes Court, Lahore, on 21st inst. the defence counsel filed an objection that the magazine in this case could not be sued and that the Proprietors, Messrs. Bennet Coleman & Co. Ltd., should be called upon to answer the charge. Mr. G. S. Monga, the plaintiff, disputed the propriety of suing Messrs. Bennet Coleman & Co., as in his opinion, the case related to the Cross-word puzzles published in the "Illustrated Weekly of India." He subsequently however agreed to amend the plaint accordingly. The case against Messrs. Bennet Coleman & Co Ltd., will, therefore, come up for further hearing on 30th April.

FOLLOW CHRIST'S EXAMPLE

The part which the medical students are required to play in relieving suffering and distress among villagers by curative and preventive measures in the course of their professional career which afforded them unique opportunities for the service of mankind was stressed by Dr. Miss Edith Brown in the course of her presidential address to the All-India Medical Licentiates' Conference held in Amritsar. Administering to the needs of the sick was in itself the reward added the President, citing the example of Lord Christ as the greatest benefactor of humanity.

The Colonial Secretary Mr. J. H. Thomas, delivered by wireless his address at the opening of the International Levant Fair at Elaviv on Thursday. Speaking of the success of the Fair two years ago, he said that over 2,000 exhibiting firms from 32 countries participated and the attendance numbered 6,600,000. "Naturally, the unhappy events of the last two weeks have cast a deep shadow upon this occasion, but I am confident that these sad happenings will not prevent the Fair from repeating and surpassing the remarkable success of two years ago.

DIABETES SUFFERERS!!!

Here is latest Proof for you. Of the numerous patients cured, Mrs. Coverbai N. Bharucha, Grant Road, Bombay, writes on 13-12-35.

"I was suffering from DIABETES for the last 11 years and had tried many doctors of Bombay but without any effect. I then put myself under the treatment of Dr. S. R. Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 45 days for me and that I was completely cured at the end of the course. When I commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment, my urine was examined by the Municipal Analyst and found to be S. P. Gravity 1035 and Sugar 4.69 per cent. After the treatment and as examined by Dr. N. H. Clubwalla, M.D., B.Hy., of the Pathological Laboratory, the S. P. Gravity was 1012 and Sugar "Nil." Further I found that my weight of body was increasing by 6 lbs. every week for which I owe my thanks and wish him long life and prosperity for removing 'Sugar' in my urine entirely.

WITHOUT DELAY

Consult personally Dr. S. R. IYENGAR, between the hours of 9 to 11 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m. at Dahanukar Building, 1st Floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2.

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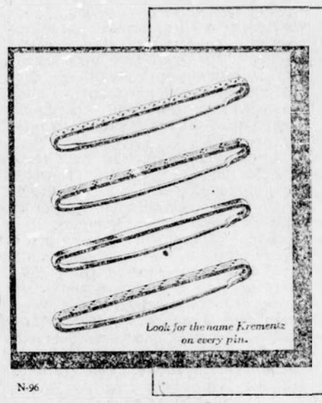

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of outstanding quality

Krementz Collar Pins are unequalled for their lasting qualities—their neatness and attractiveness. Will not tarnish even in the most humid weather. Many styles to choose from, all made in 14 kt. rolled gold plate.

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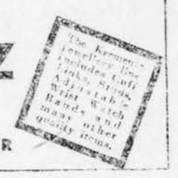


Look for the name Krementz on every pin.

N-96

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1920.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 11,25,00,000	Reserve Fund	Rs. [illegible]
Paid-up Capital	„ 5,62,50,000	Reserve Liability of Shareholders	„ [illegible]

Local Head Offices:

BOMBAY : CALCUTTA : MADRAS

BANKING FACILITIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE BUSINESS UNDERTAKEN.

Copies of Conditions of Business obtainable at any office of the Bank.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS OPENED AT INTEREST.

Deposits withdrawable on demand. Rules of Business can be obtained on application

Income-Tax Returns prepared and Claims made on behalf of Constituents.

WILL MY HUSBAND EVER GET RID OF HIS NERVOUSNESS AND BE HIMSELF AGAIN, DOCTOR ?

ONLY WITH PROPER NERVE-NOURISHMENT. I ADVISE A DAILY DIET OF QUAKER OATS

BECAUSE...

HIS CASE IS TYPICAL OF DOZENS. RECENTLY A YOUNG MAN CAME TO ME. HE WAS A NERVOUS WRECK, COMPLETELY STARVED FOR A CERTAIN ELEMENT WE FIND IN QUAKER OATS.

FOR LACK OF THIS SAME PRECIOUS FOOD ELEMENT—VITAMIN B—HIS INTESTINAL TONE WAS POOR. HE SUFFERED THE USUAL BY-PRODUCTS OF CONSTIPATION.

I EXPLAINED HOW THE BODY CANNOT STORE VITAMIN B—IT MUST BE TAKEN IN DAILY. IN QUAKER OATS, NATURE GIVES GENEROUSLY OF THIS NERVE-NOURISHING VITAMIN.

TODAY WHEN I SEE HIM HE IS A MADE-OVER PERSON. BETTER APPETITE AND VITALITY. NERVOUS TROUBLE ALL GONE. CONSTIPATION CURED JUST BY GETTING A DAILY SUPPLY OF VITAMIN B IN QUAKER OATS

HE'S THANKFUL FOR THAT BIT OF ADVICE!

M-92

Nervous, irritable, run-down people **NEED THE NERVE-NOURISHING VITAMIN AND ANAEMIA-COMBATING MINERALS IN DELICIOUS QUAKER OATS**

Now available in Quick-Cooking form—Cooks in 2½ minutes.

If you prize your health, protect it with a daily diet of Quaker Oats. Quaker Oats is rich in the vital nerve-nourishing Vitamin B!

Our bodies must have a fresh supply of this precious element every day! We cannot store up a surplus. And without this vitamin, we develop nervousness, constipation, poor appetite, and a badly run-down condition.

That's why Quaker Oats is so essential to everyone. Every man, woman and child needs its strength-giving, health-building qualities. Delicious too, and so easy to prepare!

EXPERTS SELECT QUAKER OATS FOR DIONNE QUINTS

With the whole world of food science to guide them, experts in charge of these little wards of H. M. The King, put them on Quaker Oats even before their first birthday.

Made from plump Dominion grain. 50% richer in muscle-building value.

QUAKER OATS

Gives you the Vitality to keep you fit

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY at Pitha Street, Fort, on Friday the 8th May 1936 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the premises, under instructions from Mr. Ebrahim Currimbhoy Lokhandwalla and Bai Vazirbai, wife of Ebrahim Currimbhoy Lokhandwalla, the Transferees of the Mortgage and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Gulamhusein Mulla Ganiji and pursuant to the power of sale reserved in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 22nd October 1923 and by virtue of the Indenture of Transfer of Mortgage dated 28th November, 1930.

All that piece of land partly of Fazendari and partly of the quit and ground rent, tenure admeasuring about 143 square yards, together with a dwelling house standing thereon situate at Pitha Street bearing Collector's Old No. 264, New No. 5150-5151, Old Survey No. 450 New Survey No. 8947 and Cadastral Survey No. 647, of Fort Division and Municipal A Ward No. 1398 and Street Nos. 11-13.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Transferees of the Mortgage, Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street, or to the undersigned.

SALE OF 10 BALES JAPANESE GREY COTTON SHIRTINGS.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. B. Gokaldas & Co., and on account and at the risk of the parties concerned Sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 4th May, 1936, at 3 p.m. at their sale Rooms at 123, Medows Street, the following:—

No. 106/110 10 Bales Japanese Grey Cotton Shirting 5151.

No. 111-115 44" x 38 yards, s.s. "Manju Maru."

Note: The above goods are lying at Kundla (Cutch Mandvi Port) and they will be sold against Delivery Orders. The goods will be sold in the condition they may be at the time of sale and the same will be taken delivery of by the purchasers from the above said Port at their expense and risk. It will be deemed that the purchasers have bought the goods being quite aware of the condition in which they are now lying.

25 per cent. deposit will be required at the time of sale and the balance shall be paid within three days of the sale against Delivery Orders.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

D. MISTRY & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

6/12, Bruce Street, Fort, Tel. No. 22801.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO BUYERS OF JEWELLERY, ETC.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY, LOOSE DIAMONDS AND PEARLS.

Under instructions from Messrs. Dabholker and Jeshtaram, Attorneys for the Executors of the late Seth Mulji Karsondas Messrs. D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 5th day of May, 1936, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at 6/12, Bruce Street, Fort.

Jewellery, Loose Diamonds and Pearls.

The property will be on view on the day of the auction.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

D. MISTRY & CO.

Auction Sales

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (SATURDAY) at 5 P.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co. of complete Flat furniture, Electric Cabinet Gramophone, Milner, Chubb and Godrej safes, Singer foot machine, Remington portable typewriter Chesterfield sets, A.C. Fans, etc.

THE GREATEST HIT OF THE SEASON

THE BEST TRICK PICTURE OF THE YEAR

VISHNU'S MASTER PIECE

HOORE SAMANDAR

Starring:—

ANSUYA, ASHIQHUSAIN, M. SULTANA, Master KANTI

See it and Show it to your family.

Now showing at:—

SUPER TALKIES

AT 2-30, 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE

THE MASTERPIECE OF NEW THEATRES LTD.'S

DEVDAS

Featuring:

SAIGAL, JAMUNA, RAJKUMARI

AT

KOHINOOR CINEMA

DADAR:——:(B.B.)

Daily 5-15, 8, 10-30

Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-30 P.M.

FILM ACTRESS v. EDITOR

Kajjan Files Another Contempt Case Against Calcutta Weekly

CALCUTTA, April 29.

Before Mr. Justice McNair an application was made on behalf of the petitioner, Jehanara Begum alias Miss Kajjan, asking for committal for alleged contempt of Court on the part of the defendant S. M. Jafari, alleged to be the chief editor, printer and publisher of the Urdu weekly "Khadim".

The petitioner had brought a suit which was for damages on the allegation that the defendant had falsely and maliciously published defamatory articles and cartoons in three issues of the journal, concerning the petitioner. The petitioner also asked for an injunction restraining the defendant from publishing and distributing words and cartoons complained of, and similar words or cartoons.

An interim injunction had been granted but in defiance thereof the defendant it was alleged again published defamatory words and cartoons in two issues of the journal whereupon the petitioner applied for his committal. The defendant opposed the application but was committed to prison for four weeks for contempt, on January 1, 1935. The suit of the petitioner was decreed for Rs. 15,000 as damages and a permanent injunction was granted against him.

Actress Of Repute

The petitioner alleged that in spite of this in the issue of "Khadim" of April 1, 1935 the defendant again falsely and maliciously wrote and published certain words referring to her. She was a leading and star artiste of the Madan Theatres Limited and was well-known throughout India. She was held in high esteem in the film world. She asked that the defendant should be committed to prison as he was guilty of contempt of court.

On April 9 1936 a rule had been issued on the defendant to show cause why he should not be committed for contempt of disobeying the permanent injunction.

His lordship said that the defendant was now in jail, in execution of a decree, and he had telephoned from jail saying that he wanted to oppose the application.

His Lordship adjourned the application and directed that the defendant be allowed to appear on Monday next to answer the application. The Registrar was to inform him accordingly.

Running from:—

—FRIDAY, 1ST MAY.....

SWASH-BUCKLING

ROMANCE of a PRINCE who in order to win Love and Crown became a PRINCE of THIEVES.

—:Time:—

5-15, 8, 10-45

Friday, Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

SMOULDERING LOVE DRAMA

Now Comes to GLOBE.

NAV BHARAT MOVIETONE'S SUPER STUNT THRILLER.

Prince of Thieves

(SHAHOO—CHHOR)

Starring:—

Ace of Stunts:

Master NAVINCHANDRA,

Miss NOORJEHAN,

Mr. BHIM, Comedian

AMRITLAL & BRIJMALA.

Miss AZURIE

GLOBE Talkies

SANDHURST ROAD.

CYCLONE PLAYS HAVOC IN ARACAN

Enormous Damage To Property And Life Caused

RANGOON, May 1.

The "Rangoon Gazette" publishes a harrowing tale of loss of life and damage to property in Aracan as a result of the recent cyclonic storm. It states, in Kondon area the loss of property has been estimated at Rs. 3 lakhs and 36 deaths have been reported, while in Taungup Township 20 villages have been affected and roughly about 1,000 people killed. Sandoway, Kyaukpyu and Ramree have alsso suffered considerably.

YEMEN RULER TAKEN ILL

(From Our Correspondent.)

CAIRO, (By Air Mail.)

Information has been received from Sana the capital of Yemen that Imam Yehiya the ruler fell suddenly ill. His condition is serious.

The Government of Rumania has established an embassy at Tehran the capital of Iran. Mr. Kirlcuri has submitted the official documents about his appointment to H. M. King Riza Shah Fehlavi. Ali Maher Pasha the Prime-Minister of Egypt, is carrying an official correspondence with H. M. King Ibn Saud of Hedjaz to arrive at the settlement of a long standing dispute between the two countries. The inception of the dispute dates back the conquest of Hedjaz by King Ibn Saud It may be noted here that all the powers of the world including the League of Nations have acknowledged the sovereignty of King Ibn Saud over Hedjaz except Egypt.

LOAN TO PATIALA

Press Report Contradicted

SIMLA, May 1.

Enquiries in the official cicles deny the report published in the Vernacular Press of Lahore, that the Maharaja of Patiala is negotiating for a loan of six to eight lakhs from the Central Government.

The Political Department denies any knowledge of any recent financial transaction between the Government and Patiala.—United Press.

Lord Kinnoull's Protest Against Subhas' Arrest

LONDON, (By Mail).

In the course of a letter to the "Manchester Guardian", of Easter Monday, Mr. K. D. Kumria, General Secretary of the Indian Swaraj League, (London) asks: "While many prominent people of different political parties in this country (England) are protesting against concentration camp in Europe, is it too, much for us to expect that they should look nearer home and ask their own Government to make it impossible for anybody to be kept in prison without trial?" This has reference to the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in Bombay and Mr. Kumria draws attention of the readers of the "Manchester Guardian" to the speech delivered by Lord Kinnoull in moving a resolution "protesting against the policy of the Government in harassing this noble son (Mr. Bose) of India and also detaining nearly 2,000 people in prison without trial."

Major H. C. Stevenson, President, Nigeria has been appointed Chief Commissioner, Ashanti succeeding Sir F. Jackson.

CUSTOMS HOUSE CRACKS

But 'Quake Causes No Damage

RATNAGIRI, May 1.

Further enquiries into the earthquake shock reveal that the shock was felt on Wednesday at several other places besides those mentioned in yesterday's message.

The port officer of Jatgad States that the shock was felt there and that the customs Office building received cracks but no damage is reported.

Reports from several places indicate that the shock was felt through a radius of 25 miles north of Ratnagiri.—A. P.

Bhil Leader Released

(From A Correspondent).

BEAWAR, April 29.

"The Rajasthan" understands that Mr. Motilal Tejavat, a prominent Bhil leader of the States in Rajputana and Gujarat has been released from Udaipur Jail unconditionally.

It is believed to be the outcome of Mr. Kothari's negotiations, that he has been unconditionally set free suddenly.

THREE MONTHS FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT

Bhavnagar Judgment In Atmaram Bhatt's Case

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, May 1

The long awaited judgment in the contempt of court case against Mr. Atmaram Bhatt was delivered this morning. Mr. Bhatt was sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment.

It will be recalled that Mr. Atmaram published an open letter to Messrs Chudgar and Jagjivandas regarding the Mahuva incident assault case. The case was first of the kind in Bhavnagar. The sentence is considered excessive in all quarters.

The following are the results of the football matches played in the League (second division) on Thursday:—Norwich 4, Bradford 1; Hull 2, Sheffield United 2; in a friendly match, Orient beat Motherwell by one goal to nil.

When the Censors had BANNED IT——

It was: "THE MILL."

NOW THIS BLAZING HUMAN Drama of India's toiling Textile Workers comes to the SCREEN.

COMING NEXT SATURDAY to

West End

TALKIES: LAMINGTON ROAD.

Written by: Sjt. PREMCHAND.
Directed by: Sjt. BHAVANANI.

AJANTA CINETONE'S out of the way Picture with Social Background.

GARIB-PARVAR

OR

Daya-ki-Devi

Starring:—

Miss BIBBO,
Miss GOHAR KARNATAKI,
Mr. JAYRAJ, NAYAMPALLI.

Wellington Cinema

DHOBI TALAO

To-day and To-morrow: 3-30; 6-30; 10 p. m.

SECOND TRIUMPHANT WEEK

OF EZRA MIR'S SENSATIONAL PRODUCTION

"MERE PYARE"

(MY BELOVED)

Starring the nightingale of Bengal

MISS KAJJAN

IN AN ENTIRELY NEW TYPE OF ROLE!

See the lovely adorable MISS KAJJAN

as one of the foremost tragedians of the Indian Screen!

At the close of the last show we have made special arrangements for trams and trains to every part of the city. The trams will start from Dhobi Talao near our Theatre

Running 2nd Week

WHAT PRICE FASHION!

Yes....SHILADEVI Paid a very High Price for being a glamorous Queen—

MODERN INDIA!

Where is its place? Know this truth from the Painted lips of

Madam Fashion

Direction: Bai Jaddanbai

Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-30 p.m Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays

Starring Queen of Music Jaddanbai WITH Baby Rani, A. Husain, Ansari & others.

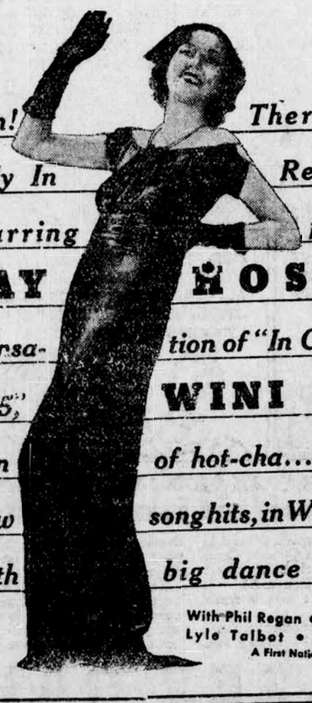
Special Show for Ladies On Monday the 4th May. at 1-30 P. M.

at Imperial Cinema

—Lamington Road.—

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Stop! Look! Listen! There's danger ahead! "The Lady In Red" is coming in her first starring picture.. "BROADWAY HOSTESS" Hear the singing sensation of "In Caliente" and "Gold Diggers of 1935," WINI SHAW as Broadway's queen of hot-cha...burning up the town with 5 new songhits, in Warner Bros.' night-club thriller with big dance numbers.



With Phil Regan • Genevieve Tobin Lyle Talbot • Allen Jenkins

A First National Picture

DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30, 10 p. m.

Running from TO-DAY 2nd May, '36

SAGAR PRODUCTION

Directed by Sjt. K. P. GHOSH who gave you a smash Hit like "Lure of the City"

Come and Join the Big Crowds at ROXY Talkies. New Queen's Road.

SAGAR Movietone Presents

Drawn together by Fate!.... Her deadliest Enemy.....SHE..... A Princess fell in love with a vagabond!

—Queeen of Glamour
—Empress of Emotions
—That cute little belle of Indian Screen

SABITADEVI

IN.....A.....Drama that is Blazing with Forbidden Emotions breaking against the bar over that love could not batter down.

Forbidden-Bride

TIME 5-15, 8, 10-45 Sat, Sun, and Holidays, at 2-30 p.m.

With—

Lovable Hero of Indian Screen MOTILAL in duel Role

Supported by—

Azurie, Aruna, Devi, Ansari, Bhudo Advani.

PLAZA

To-night 3-30; 6-30 & 9-45 P.M.
The Romance that will make the heart of the world beat faster

DARK ANGEL
DARK ANGEL

A Samuel Goldwyn picture released through United Artists, with
FREDERIC MARCH
MERLE OBERON

SPLENDID
TAMIL TALKIE
on SUNDAY, 3rd May at 10-30 a.m. in the Morning
TAMIL NADU TALKIES' Second Mythological Hit
"MOHINI—RUKMANGADHA"
featuring
The Nightingale of South India.
Miss M. S. VIJAYAL
(of 'Menaka' fame) and
MISS SARADAMBAL
VIDWAN SREENIVASAN
M. R. SUBRAMANIAN
and others, at your favourite Theatre

PLAZA

NOTHING NOBLER and GREATER
has ever been brought to the Indian Screen
that is why crowds are packing up
KRISHNA
TALKIES
to enjoy
RAJPUT RAMANI

Prabhat's great historical Musical Super .....
starring
NALINI TURKHED
and
SHANTA APTE
supported by
NANA PHATAK, KELKAR, MANE, BUASAHEB and CHHOTOO
now in its
3rd GLORIOUS WEEK
at
KRISHNA
Dubash Theatre
Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee at 3 p.m. on Sat., Sun., and holidays.

16 SIXTEENTH GRACIOUS WEEK
and
Still it draws hundreds of people —nay, high-class families like a magnet!!

New Theatres (Calcutta)'s Epic Creation of 36-37
DHOOP-CHHAON
or
BHAGYA CHAKRA
Starring:
UMASHASHI, K. C. DEY, P. SANYAL, NAWAB, BHADURI.
—TOGETHER—
CONGRESS TOPICAL
By Special Demand
One Week More
See PT. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, MAHATMA GANDHI and many National Leaders
at
MINERVA
TALKIES, Lamington Road
Time: 5-15, 8 & 10-45.
Sat., Sun., & Holidays at 2-30.
at

FREE!! Gold Talisman (Govt. Registered) given by a sage in the palace of Maharaja of Tipperah. Infallibly cures any disease and fulfils all desires.
SHAKTI BHANDAR, P.O. Auliabad (Sylhet), ASSAM.

FOR LADIES
Dreading Pregnancy
Menestrin Capsules are the safest contraceptive by mouth. Price Re. 1-8-0 per bottle. Obtainable from the Oriental Research Laboratory, Vepery, Madras, or P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Princess Street, Bombay.

BIRTH CONTROL
Why Indian and European Judges, Magistrates, Doctors, Professors, High Court Advocates, etc., after 10 years' use call "F. P. Pills", the best of all birth-control drugs, country made or foreign? Because they say, "it controls birth infallibly and at the same time keeps monthly flow normal and thus improves health in each and every case used" Read their opinions. 4 months pills Rs. 2/4. Dr. M. Bose, B.A., M.D.H., B.L., Saidpur, (Rangpur). Bengal.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
Established 1919
Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.
Branch:—RAJKOT (Civil Station.)
CAPITAL PAID UP Rs 39,90,000
RESERVE FUND Rs 7,00,000
Chairman:—Sir HORMUSJEE CO. WASJI DINSHAW, Kt. M.V.O., O.B.E.
Managing Director:—
Sir SORABJI N. POCHKHANA WALA Kt.
Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One lac.
Fixed Deposits for long and short period received on favourable terms.
Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 2 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances or 3 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.
Advances made on approved securities.
All kinds of Banking business transacted.
B. M. BHARGAVA, B.A., LL.B., Secretary.

A factory fresh EVER READY tube battery will give you longer service

Batteries of all types
The EVER READY Co. (India) Ltd
P.O Box 2170, Calcutta
170, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay 1

The "Dream" That Gandhiji Has Long Chrerished

"THAT LITTLE VILLAGE NEAR WARDHA,"

NAGPUR (By Mail)

Mahatmaji said: "In a conference of literateurs, I am out of place. But you seem to have dragged me from Wardha, because literateurs are like roaring lions safe only in their respective cages and you thought that I being a Mahatma, could perform a magic trick for bringing them together for common good. I have come, indeed, but my heart is not here, neither at Wardha. It is in that little village near Wardha called Seagon where after much unsuccessful argument with a Sardar who is still striving with me, I have decided to go and settle. That is a dream I have long cherished, but it will be fulfilled, God willing only now. That does not mean, however, that I will cut myself off from the outer world. Far from it. I shall be as much available as before for consultation by friends and advice to those who will seek it. But the best of my time will be given to village-folk."

The other part of the oral speech, summarized in the printed one, emphasized the necessity of leading literary men of every province speaking different languages meeting together and serving India through sharing with one another the best in all the rich languages of our country. He deplored the fact that people in one province never tried to cultivate acquaintance with the languages of other provinces, and were ignorant of the treasures in other literatures. Chaitanya was not known outside Bengal and Orissa and Tiruvalluvar outside Tamil Nadu. All literatures that promote communal unity, morality, valour and knowledge should be made available in all languages.—"Hindustan Times."

RAILWAYMEN'S CONFERENCE

Retrenchment "Menace", Important Item On Agenda

A conference of the workers of the B.B. and C.I. Railway will be held on Sunday May 3 at 5-30 p.m. at the Talcherkar's Wadi, Near Lower Parel Railway Station, to protest against Retrenchment and repression.

Railways and railway income are to be important factors in Federation. But the Railway Board has recommended a retrenchment of more than 3,000 hands and it is not known how many of them will fall to the lot of the B.B. & C.I. Railway.

Retrenchment is not the only grievance of the Railway workers. There is no fixed minimum wage. The condition of the gangmen is bad as also of the workers in the Transportation Department.

Unfortunately there are three Unions of the B.B. and C.I. employees and they are working in a spirit of rivalry. Sunday's conference has been summoned by a central committee, which includes members of one or other of the Unions.

It meets with a dual purpose. Firstly to offer a United Front, an organised and vigorous resistance to the menace of retrenchment; and secondly to bring about unification of the workers.

Similar conferences have been held at Ajmer, Dohad, Ahmedabad and other places. Propaganda meetings have also been held in Bombay.

Propaganda In Bombay

Preparations for the above conference are almost complete. The place selected for it is Talcherkar's Wadi near DeLisle Road Bridge, Lower Parel. The open session will commence at 6 p.m. under the presidentship of Com. S. H. Jhabvala.

Propaganda for this conference has been done throughout the line of the B.B. and C.I. Rly.

In Bombay also the Reception Committee has carried on vigorous propaganda for the conference by means of a number of meetings at all the important centres such as the Parel Workshops, Loco Running Shed, Bandra Yard etc. To spur up the enthusiasm afresh two more meetings were held one on the 30th April at Bandra and the other on the 1st May at the Parel Workshops.

MEETINGS ON SUNDAY.

On Sunday morning, the Subjects Committee will meet at 9 a.m. at Ambabai Mistri Nivas Dadar. The Open session will begin at 6 p.m. on Sunday (3rd. inst.)

Infirmary For Disabled Refugees And Beggars

KARACHI, (By Mail).

There is a move initiated by the outgoing Mayor of Karachi Kazi Khuda Bux, to lay the foundation of an infirmary for the disabled Quetta refugees and beggars of the city.

The Mayor feels that it is necessary to start such an institution for accommodating the infirm and incurable Quetta refugees, living in the city. With this object in view he suggested at the recent meeting of the Viceroy's Quetta Earthquake Relief Fund Committee, that a grant of Rs. 10,000 be sanctioned to the Karachi Municipal Corporation in this connection. There is every likelihood of the amount being sanctioned for the purpose. It now remains for the Karachi Corporation to decide the question of maintaining the institution the cost of which has been estimated at Rs. 3,000 a year, assuming that in the proposed institution, 20 Quetta infirms and 20 other infirms from the city will be lodged.—United Press.

ROLE OF TRADITION IN EDUCATION

Bratachari Chief On Arya Kanya Mahavidyalay's Work

(From A Correspondent.)
BARODA (By Mail.)

Mr. G. S. Dutt, I.C.S., Founder President of the Bratachari Movement, Calcutta writes:—

While on a visit to Baroda I had the privilege of paying a short visit to Kanya Mahavidyalaya. Santipriya and Shrimati Sushila Kumari very kindly showed me some of the activities of the school, including Garba dances, the Yoga Asana exercise and archery practice. This visit has been a inspiration to me and a revelation as to the wonderful possibilities of bringing up the young manhood and womanhood of India on purely Indian tradition in every sphere of life including physical development and formation of character.

The importance of this institution from the point of view of the future educational development of India and her national progress can hardly be over-estimated. The self-sacrifice and spirit of service of the organisers of the institution will I feel sure serve as an inspiring example to Indians all over the country. I wish to record my gratitude for the kindness and courtesy I have received here and I shall have much to say about this movement to the people of Bengal on my return there.

KIRPANS AND ARMS ACT

Power Of Local Govt.s To Put Restrictions

LAHORE, (By Mail.)

The following letter received by Sardar Mangal Singh, M.L.A. from the Under-Secretary, Home Department, Government of India, has been released for publication:—

"With reference to your letter dated the 6th April, 1936, I am directed to say that the notification dated the 18th December, 1935, issued by the Government of Burma does not impose any new restrictions on the possession or carrying of kirpans by Sikhs in Burma. It merely draws the attention of the public to the restrictions which have already been in force in that province for years.

"As regards the other provinces, I am to say that there are no restrictions on kirpans in the Punjab and Delhi. In remaining provinces Kirpans are exempt from all the prohibitions and directions contained in the Arms Act and Rules but the local Governments have power to impose any restrictions they consider necessary in the interests of the law and order. The Government of India regret that they are unable to interfere with the discretion vested in the local Governments in the matter.—A. P.

Baroda Assembly In Session

(From Our Correspondent).
BARODA, April 30.

The last session of the State Legislative Assembly for the current year was held this morning in Dharasabha Hall under the presidentship of Dewan Sir V. T. Krishnamachariar, when 18 members were present. The first five resolutions are of a formal nature expressing gratitude to the Maharaja for the liberal gift of one crore of rupees trust in commemoration of the Diamond Jubilee were passed. Another resolution expressed gratitude of the people of Patan to the Government for free maternity treatment.

RALLY ROUND CONGRESS FLAG

Only Remedy For Nation's Ills Is Freedom, Says Dr. Satyapal

RAWALPINDI, April 29

The message of the Lucknow Congress brought home to the public of Rawalpindi at a largely attended meeting last night by Dr. Satyapal, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee. The doctor drew a vivid picture of the conditions prevailing in India at the present time. According to the speaker the only specific remedy for the various ills from which the country was suffering lay in the attainment of national freedom. No other organisation than the Congress the doctor opined, was competent to take this arduous job in hand. All other communal and semi-national organisations would not be able to attain this object.

Proceeding Dr. Satyapal explained the message given by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru in his presidential address at the Congress session at Lucknow and exhorted all those present to follow his lead with unflinching devotion and loyalty.

Concluding the doctor made a passionate appeal to the audience to rally round the flag of the Congress in order to put their country in the comity of independent nations of the world.—United Press.

HERBERT MORRISON THE HUSTLER

His Visit To New York

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

The Municipal Reformers have adopted from 20 to 30 candidates for the London County Council elections next spring.

It is the first time in several decades that the wheels of the party machine have started whirring so early. This may be taken as a measure of the determination of the M. R.'s to win back London. It is common gossip among politicians that if the once all-powerful Conservative Party is beaten a second time in the L. C. C. contests it means the finish for them. That is why they will make the fight of their lives next spring. These elections have become more important than ever from the point of view of national politics. If Mr. Morrison and his hosts establish themselves as the dominant party at County Hall next year then it means that London, which was once the citadel of the Conservative Party will become the rock on which the Labour Party can build its national power. The dominant colour of political feeling in the capital of the country is always a great factor in its historical development.

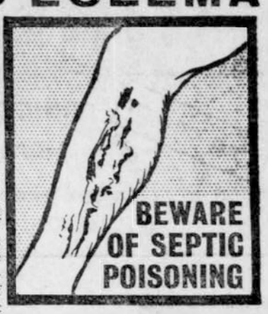
One thing that is amusing is the new crop of M. R. candidates remaining true to old traditions. Just as in the halcyon days before the war the salad is prepared from the same ingredients—a solid base of local politicians, a sprinkling of sons of peers, ambitious young politicians gaining experience for higher flights to come, retired Army officers and a few amiable titled ladies.

MR. MORRISON IN NEW YORK

Meanwhile Mr. Herbert Morrison has captured the second largest city in the world as well as the first; the great heart of New York is missing, beats with excitement because the shrewd, little man, from Hackney, London, E.C., is among them. New York's journalists have already re-christened him Hustling Herbert. It appears to have been inspired by more than easy alliteration. Mr. Morrison has been hustling and with purpose.

For his civic reception they had the motor-cyclist police out to keep the crowds back and they have also provided an escort of mobile police to help him to hasten through their traffic. In his first few days the leader of the Labour L.C.C., has given scores of interviews, has studied traffic control, addressed several meetings and functions and has debated the theories of municipal government with New York's chiefs. The New Yorkers have shown Mr. Morrison their slums. This, perhaps, was as much to annoy other New Yorkers as to interest Mr. Morrison; in fact, they did interest the guest, who has declared that New York has much to teach London in slum clearance and housing. Mr. Morrison has also been impressed by menus in New York hotels. That is one up for the city's hotels when the victim is fresh from a week of dazzle from the cartes of an Atlantic liner's kitchen. What Mr. Morrison liked about New York's menus was their free information about the values of the food. It seems that even when carefully balancing his proteins and carbo-hydrates, the hustler from Hackney still ate it all with a Londoner's relish.

Soothes at a Touch BAD LEGS ECZEMA Dhobi Itch Prickly Heat



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WATERBURY'S COMPOUND
N-8

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Annual Income	Rs.	3,14,01,970
Policies in Force	Rs.	54,20,38,518
Total Claims Paid ...	Rs.	16,29,88,814
Funds Increased to ...	Rs.	15,53,88,843

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AMBALA	GAUHATI	MADURA	RAWALPINDI
BANGALORE	GUNTUR	MERCARA	SINGAPORE
BAREILLY	JALGAON	MOMBASA	SUKKUR
BELLARY	JALPAIGURI	NAGPUR	TRICHINOPOLY
CALCUTTA	JUBBULPORE	PATNA	TRIVANDRUM
CALICUT	KARACHI	POONA	VIZAGAPATAM
	KUALA LUMPUR		

HARIJANS MALTREATED FOR USING GHEE

Details Of Chakwara Incident

RAJPUTANA HARIJAN SANGH'S REPORT

In the course of a statement on the recent Chakwara incident, Sjt. S. L. Gupte, Secretary, Rajputana Harijan Sevak Sangh, Ajmer, writes:—

Some time ago, a sensational case of caste Hindu tyranny to Harijans was reported from village Chakwara in the Mauzamabad Tehsil of the Jaipur State. In this connection, I sent a responsible worker of the Rajputana Harijan Sevak Sangha for enquiry on the spot. The facts as reported by him are as under:—

"Chakwara is a pretty large village, three miles west of the Phagi police station within the jurisdiction of the east Mauzamabad Tensil of the Jaipur State. It is inhabited mainly by caste Hindus particularly the Jats, the Minas and the Brahmins, etc. and contains about 40 Chamar families, besides other Harijans. Happily the village had never known any conflict between the Savarnas and the Harijans and from times of yore their mutual relations had all along been very amicable. These were, however, disturbed by a deplorable incident in February last which has caused both the caste Hindus and the Harijans not only misery and pain, but also considerable money.

The genesis of the tragedy was this. A party of Chamars from Chakwara had returned after pilgrimage to the holy Ganges and thought of giving the customary gangoj feast to the community, but they wanted to introduce innovation by entertaining the guests with Malpuas or sweet chapatis prepared from ghee. But the arrogant Savarna in rural Rajputana regards feasts of preparations from ghee as a special caste privilege, which he would never brook the Harijans to copy. The Chamars of Chakwara knew this. Hence their prompt visit to the D. I. G. of Police at Jaipur with the request for permission to prepare and serve ghee Malpuas in the feast. The permission was readily given and preparations for the feast set in.

A large number of Savarnas seemed incensed at the affrontery of the Chamars preparing ghee Malpuas and expressed their anger in so many words on arrival at the spot. Without awaiting explanation from the latter, they began to assault the Chamars indiscriminately, men and women, old and young all came in for blows. Neither the plea of the victims that they had obtained permission from the state nor protestations in the name of the Maharaja had any effect on the assaulters. The bottle full of the holy Ganges water with which were associated the deepest religious sentiments, was broken to pieces by a Brahman. The pans of ghee were filled with sand and other edibles and materials were strewn, trampled and looted.

The caste Hindus not satisfied with assault, have subjected the poor Chamars to the deprivation of their economic rights by refusing to pay them their dues in kind as wages for their customary labour for the present and the last crops. Even before the incident happened the poor Chamars were penalised by the Savarnas with a stringent social boycott.

One may treat the notice issued by the Depressed Classes Association of Ajmer in favour of change of religion as a mere threat, but the feeling seemed to me to be real though not very strong among the Harijans of Chakwara. Non-Hindu suggestions are reported to have been made for conversion with the claim that it will deliver them from all the social wrongs they have to suffer as members of the Hindu-fold."

The details are sufficient to give an idea of the gravity of the incident and the least that appears to be called for is a thorough and unimpeachable enquiry into the matter. It is hoped that the Jaipur authorities will institute one without delay and adopt measures to see that unalloyed justice is done and due allowance is made for the handicaps the Harijans have to labour under in successfully setting the legal machinery in motion on account of their ignorance, poverty and subdued spirit.

Where Hindu & Muslim Cultures Mingle

Nizam's Dominions Represent Continuity Of Mughals' National Traditions

HYDERABAD (Deccan) (By Mail)

Sardar K. M. Panikkar, the Foreign Minister of Patiala and the Secretary of the Chamber of Princes writing recently to a friend in Hyderabad, makes some very pertinent observations on "The true Mission of Hyderabad in the future of India."

"To my mind," he says, "Hyderabad represents, firstly, the continuity of the national traditions of the Moghuls—involving as it does a synthesis of Hindu and Muslim culture; secondly a Deccan Nationalism which should form the nucleus of the union between the South and the North; and thirdly, the premier State in India, with ample resources and a large area and a unified system of Government where it is possible to work out the plans of India's economic regeneration."

The Nizam State, he adds, represents not only in theory, but also in fact the continuity of the Moghul tradition.

"TRULY NATIONAL"

"This (Moghul) Empire," he continues, "though in origin foreign, (so are all royalties in Europe) was not only truly national, but was accepted as such by everyone in India, including the Marathas. It stood for two definite principles, (1) a non-communal State; and (2) a common Indian culture."

"The mission of Hyderabad which it inherits from the Moghuls," he says, "is therefore obvious to my mind. The moment it forgets this mission through shortsightedness, it loses its national character."

Mr. Panikkar then proceeds to elaborate his reference to Deccan Nationalism, in which connexion he asserts that all students of Indian history will agree that, despite the efforts of great statesmen, from Asoka to Nana Phadnavis, the South and the North have been two distinct entities in India.

"India will never become one," Mr. Panikkar writes, "unless a decent synthesis which unites the mind of the South and the North is evolved."

WHY THEY FAILED

The Bahmini and Vijayanagar Kingdoms and the Chalukyas attempted to do this but failed owing to the unsettled conditions then prevailing in North India But the Nizam State, he thinks placed as it is to-day, has now the chance to achieve this end.

"If it unites in one culture, "declares the Patiala Foreign Minister, "the Andhras, the Marathas and the rest of the cultural units of the Dominions, a great step towards the union of India would have been taken."

He feels that the third point he has raised, namely the suitability of Hyderabad for working out plans of India's economic regeneration, is self-explanatory, and continues, "In Hyderabad, with its population of fifteen millions and its natural resources, it is possible to inaugurate measures which, in time, will lead to the economic regeneration of India."—A.P.

JUDGE DISAGREES WITH JURY

Two Men Acquitted Of Murder Charge

BAR ILLY, April 30.

Judgment was delivered in a sensational Sessions Case by Mr. A. H. Gurney, I.C.S.' District and Sessions Judge, in which Roshan Basant and Ajudhi stood charged under section 302 I.P.C., for it is alleged, murdering Mirbhan Gujar. The majority of the Assessors found the accused guilty but the judge disagreed with them and found that the accused were not guilty. He, therefore, acquitted them of the charge under section 302 I.P.C.

The prosecution alleged that the accused murdered Mirbhan on the night of September 24 1935, with spears and lathis while he was asleep near Nakatia where he had piled his newly cut rice crop. The murder was discovered on the following morning when his younger brother came for him and the dead body was recovered from the bed of a river. The police made intensive enquiries, but failed to find any trace of the culprit. Then the mother of the deceased filed a criminal complaint against the accused. The accused were committed to Sessions by the Magistrate.—United Press.

FOR RELIEF OF ABYSSINIAN SUFFERING

Hindu League President's Appeal To Fix Common Prayer Day

LAHORE, (By Mail).

The impassioned appeal to the world press to state Ethiopia's case made by the Empress of Abyssinia in the course of an interview with Reuter's Special Correspondent and a subsequent appeal by Princess Tsahai, daughter of the Negus, has evoked a public appeal from Dr. Bhagat Ram Sahgal, President of the All-India Hindu League, calling upon leaders of all organisations religious and others, to fix one common day for prayer for the relief of the sufferings of Abyssinia.

In the course of a statement to the press Dr. Bhagat Ram Sahgal, refers to the appeal issued by the Empress, the horrors committed by the Italian forces in Abyssinia and the use of poisonous gas and adds that cannot Britain and France definitely set their foot against this unjustified Italian aggression? India still holds a subordinate position and cannot give any material help to the aggrieved party.—A. P.

WINDFALL FOR HARIJAN SANGH

Doctor Makes Over Property Worth Rs. 6.000

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, (By Mail).

Dr. F. S. Saldhana, retired Sub-Assistant Surgeon, offered his immovable property, lands, and newly constructed building at Ankola in North Kanara, worth about Rs. 6,000 to the Harijan Sevak Sangh, unconditionally, Sjt. V. V. Patil, the president of the Karnatak Harijan Sevak Sangh saw Mr. Saldhana at Karkar and has communicated to the General Secretary, Mr. A. V. Thakkar, as to the final settlement of the offer.

The gift, coming as it does from a Christian gentleman for the cause of the Harijans, is highly admired and it is hoped that Harijan work in this District, would receive good impetus.

The whole family of Dr. Saldhana is noted for its philanthrophy. His eldest brother gave all his earnings to the Catholic Mission at Calicut.

DON'T THINK IN TERMS OF MEN & WOMEN

Mrs. Naidu On Congress Cabinet Composition

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) May 1.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, who arrived here, was interviewed by a representative of the "United Press." To a question as to why no woman was included in the Congress Cabinet, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu retorted: —"It will be ridiculous if young people think in terms of men and women, which complex is retarding progress of society."

KING FUAD.

When the news of the death of King Fuad of Egypt was conveyed to her Mrs. Sarojini Naidu said: "King Fuad was one of the most progrssive rulers of the world, who successfully imbued the spirit of national patriotism in the minds of his people."

Mrs. Naidu's future programme is not yet definite.—United Press.

For School Children's Safety On Roads

Mr. A. S. Trolipe, Chairman of the Bombay Provincial Branch of the Safety First Association of India, gave a lecture-demonstration on Tuesday in Grant Road High School Hall, Mr. P. R. Rao, Principal, Dalton Training Institute, presided.

Mr. Rao introducing the lecturer said that the need for such lectures and demonstrations to school children is a right type of instruction which especially the town-dwelling children must be given, as one cannot say whether one's life is safe the moment one gets into traffic-ridden roads, lanes and bye-lanes, trams, buses and cars whizzing on all sides.

Mr. Trolipe made his lecture on "Safety first" very interesting by drawing imaginary Roads, taking boys to cross them while toy-cars were made to bus around. He also showed pictures wherefrom one could learn that education in personal Safety is as essential as any other knowledge that schools are imparting.

The president then proposed a hearty vote of thanks to the lecturer and wished that such instructions would be given to children from time to time.

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CORNS GREW LIKE MUSHROOMS

Remarkable Result of Excess Uric Acid

WALKS WITHOUT PAIN AFTER SUFFERING 25 YEARS

Uric acid was the cause of this man's painful, extraordinary corns. His system was producing far too much of this harmful poison, and it seemed to collect in his feet, with the result described below:—

"My feet have never been strong and for the past four years I have been regularly attended by a foot specialist in order to walk at all. Two have remarked that they have never seen such corns—one saying he had never known corns grow so rapidly—literally like mushrooms in the night, due to rheumatic tendency. A short while ago a friend recommended Kruschen Salts and I took the small dose in my early morning tea. Then, to my great surprise, one day about three weeks later, I discovered I was walking without pain—think of it, after 25 years. It seemed almost too good to be true. The corns, which were like hard dry bone, were softening and coming away—the feet are becoming daily stronger"—F.L.P.

Kruschen Salts can always be relied on to drive uric acid from the system. Two of the ingredients contained in Kruschen dissolve painful uric acid deposits. Other ingredients of those Salts assist Nature to eliminate this poison through the natural channels.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and bazars.

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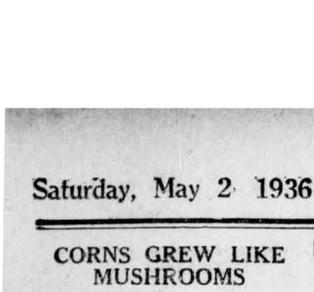

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TRADE AND FINANCE

Govt. Repay 2 Crores Loan To Reserve Bank

Fluctuations In Gilt-Edged Comparatively Narrow

Sterling Exchange Quiet But Steady: Gold Prices Decline: Silver Dull: Cotton Mill Shares Neglected: Cements Spurt

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, May 1

MONEY

Money was easy throughout the week, and call funds were quoted at 1/2 per cent. Treasury Bill tenders fetched Rs. 0-13-0 per cent per annum as against Rs. 0-13-2 per cent last week. Total tenders amounted to Rs. 4.91 crores, of which Rs. 2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 0-13-0 per cent.

Maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore, and, through the purchase of £275,000 sterling by the Government, an additional Rs. 36.66 lacs were put on the market. There was a nett efflux of Rs. 63.34 lacs.

During the week Government repaid to the Reserve Bank of India Rs. 2 crores from their borrowings against ways and means, thus reducing the total amount borrowed under this head to Rs. 4 crores.

Fixed deposit rates are quoted at: 3 months 3/4 per cent, 6 months 1 per cent and 12 months 1 1/2 to 2 per cent. Fixed deposits for less than 12 months were not on very good demand.

DECLINE IN G. C. NOTES

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended April 24, 1936, shows a decline of Rs. 17.11 lacs in the total notes issued against an equal decrease in Rupee Coin.

Notes in circulation have diminished by Rs. 243.92 lacs while those held in the Banking Department have increased by Rs. 226.81 lacs. Sterling securities and Rupee securities remain unchanged at Rs. 68.31 crores and Rs. 23.42 crores respectively.

Government Deposits, which include Rs. 10.84 lacs held in London on account of the High Commissioner, are down by Rs. 20.39 lacs to Rs. 6.46 crores and Banks' Deposits by Rs. 9.01 lacs to Rs. 36.49 crores.

Balances held abroad fell by Rs. 67.29 lacs to Rs. 19.42 crores. Loans and Advances to Government are reduced by Rs. 2 crores to Rs. 4 crores and Other Loans by Rs. 1 lakh to Rs. 4 lakhs.

Investments decreased by Rs. 1.97 lacs and Other Assets recorded an increase of Rs. 10.26 lacs to Rs. 70.65 lacs.

The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

IMPROVEMENT IN IMPERIAL BANK

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on April 24, 1936, shows an improvement of Rs. 18.85 lacs in the total cash balance of the bank to Rs. 26.06 crores. Security port-folio shows an increase of Rs. 77.50 lacs to Rs. 36.23 crores.

Loans, Cash Credits and Bills Discounted have declined by Rs. 14.67 lacs, Rs. 10.62 lacs and Rs. 7.44 lacs respectively. Deposits on all accounts recorded an increase of Rs. 47.57 lacs to Rs. 79.22 crores during the week. We understand the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

STEADY GILTEDGED MARKET

Fluctuations in giltedged were comparatively narrow. 3 1/2 per cent. Paper opening at Rs. 98-1 advanced to Rs. 98-9 and closed at Rs. 98/2. The market was steady and the drop in 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper from Rs. 98-9 to Rs. 98-2 can probably be assigned to some special selling.

3 1/2 per cent India Sterling Stock was steady at £97 3/4. 3 per cent 1941 and 1951-54 loans moved between Rs. 104-4 and Rs. 104-6 and Rs. 103-12 and Rs. 103-14 respectively. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan fluctuated between Rs. 106-12 and Rs. 106-14; 4 per cent 1943 bonds between Rs. 110-10 and Rs. 110-12; 5 per cent 1933-44 loan between Rs. 108-10 and Rs. 108-12 and 5 per cent 1940-43 loan between Rs. 111-7 and Rs. 111-8.

4 per cent 1960-70 loan after a slight improvement from Rs. 113-13 to Rs. 114 mid-week declined and closed at Rs. 113/13. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan changed hands at Rs. 118-10 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (Tax free) loan at Rs. 120-3. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan was quoted at Rs. 108-4.

STERLING EXCHANGE QUIET

Sterling exchange was quiet but steady. Remittances against shipments of silver from London and very limited business for gold exports resulted in rates being a shade easier, sellers quoting 1s. 6 3/32d and buyers 1s. 6 1/8d.

Tenders to Government this week were comparatively small amounting to £275,000, which were allotted in full at 1s. 6 1/8d.

Foreign exchanges in London were comparatively inactive. The sterling dollar cross rate opening at dol 4.93 3/8 rose to dol. 4.94 1/16 and closed at dol 4.93 7/8. The French franc was steady around Frs. 74.98, the highest being Frs. 75.01 and the lowest Frs. 74.91. The belga and the guilder fluctuated between 29.22 1/2 and 29.19 and 7.28 1/4 and 7.27 1/2 respectively. The Italian lira is quoted at 62.68.

People are anxiously awaiting the final results of the French elections, which are expected on the 4th instant. The first count shows the distribution between the following parties:—

Right	75
Centre	42
Left	62

GOLD PRICES DECLINE

Gold opening at Rs. 34-14-3 declined to Rs. 34-13-6 in the absence of good demand. Comparatively little fresh business was done for export because the local market remained just over export parity. At mid-week there was a temporary rise to Rs. 34-14-3 as a result of little general buying by option dealers, but prices soon reacted to Rs. 34-13-6.

Daily arrivals average about 15,000 tolas and stocks on hand are estimated at about 1,00,000 tolas. The daily offtake averages about 2,000 tolas. Last week's shipment per s.s. "Maloja" is valued at Rs. 54.63 lacs.

In London the price of gold opening at 140s.11 1/2d gradually declined and closed at 140s. 9 1/2d. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 34-14-3 and Rs. 34-13-6 for ready, and May 8 and June 7 settlements.

The price of sovereigns was steady around Rs. 22-11-6 for ready and Rs. 22-11-0 for forward. Total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 4,09,023 in bar and coin.

SILVER MARKET DULL

After last week's excitement, the silver market was rather dull. Movements were narrow; and the quotation for ready opened at Rs. 50-15 and after declining gradually to Rs. 50-2 improved and closed at Rs. 50/7.

Stocks, including imports amount to about 4,000 bars while the offtake averages about 140 bars a day. Silver "en route" is valued at £636,000. Total imports during the week amounted to about 191 bars and Rs. 79,491 in coin.

The highest and lowest rates in London were 20 7/16d and 20 3/16d both for ready and two months forward; and those in our market were Rs. 50-15 and Rs. 50-2 for ready and May 12 settlement and Rs. 51 and Rs. 50-3 for June 11 settlement. The Shanghai dollar was quiet at 1/2 1/2.

SHARE MARKET CLOSES STEADY

The share market was quiet at the opening and, after firming up at mid-week closed steady. The turnover continues to be small. This being the settlement week the majority of transactions were for carryfoward.

Tata Iron Defds. and Ordys. fluctuated with changing rumours regarding a possible dividend: Defds. opened at Rs. 510 and after improving to Rs. 517-8 declined to Rs. 506-14 but closed at Rs. 510; and Ordys. opened at Rs. 145-8 and after rising to Rs. 147-4 eased to Rs. 146-8 but finished at Rs. 147-8.

Cotton mill shares were almost neglected. Bombay Dyeing moved between Rs. 677-8 and Rs. 673-12; Centurys between Rs. 160-10 and Rs. 158-12; Kohinoors between Rs. 181-14 and Rs. 178-2 and Central Indias between Rs. 217-8 and Rs. 213-12.

Hydro-electrics were easy. Andhra Valleys opening at Rs. 1545 declined to Rs. 1527-8 and Tata Powers from Rs. 1480 to Rs. 1476-4.

CEMENT SHARES SHORT UP

Cement shares spurted on reports of an early materialization of the merger scheme, and Bundis, Katni Defds. United and Punjabs were to the forefront. Bundis improved from Rs. 36-14 to Rs. 37-12; Katni Defds. from Rs. 2145 to Rs. 2310; United from Rs. 124-8 to Rs. 132-8 and Punjabs from Rs. 25-10 to Rs. 27.

Among Miscellaneous, Shivrajpurs shot up from Rs. 29-14 to Rs. 32-12 and Scindias after rising from Rs. 16 to Rs. 16-8 closed at Rs. 16-5. Bombay Burmas changed hands at Rs. 392-8 and Belapurs at Rs. 160.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 24th day of April 1936.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	24,58,59,000
Notes in circulation	170,69,07,000
Total Notes issued	195,27,66,000
Total Liabilities	195,27,66,000

ASSETS.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	68,31,71,000
Total of A	112,73,88,000
B. Rupee Coin	59,10,81,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	23,42,97,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper	Nil
Total Assets	195,27,66,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57.733 per cent.

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 24th April 1936.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	6,46,59,000
(b) Banks	36,49,71,000
(c) Others	27,36,000
Bills Payable	10,38,000
Other Liabilities	50,84,000
Rupees	53,84,88,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	24,58,59,000
Rupee Coin	8,21,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,31,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	1,85,000
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Treasury Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	19,42,07,000
Loans and Advances to the Government	4,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	4,00,000
Investments	4,97,20,000
Other Assets	70,65,000
Rupees	53,84,88,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

**Includes £81,300 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee.

COTTON MARKET REPORT

Universal Re-armament Will Stimulate Cotton Consumption

Bombay, April 29

On Wall Street, the most extensive break for about two years following the Leftist trend of the French elections and the fear that prices might have outrun the pace of general business recovery. In Chicago, wheat decline of 4 cents on more favourable weather. Cotton, declining also on better weather but only a modest 50 cents a bale, remained comparatively calm. Yet the events of Monday, of which the above were leading examples, could not be construed other than as a confidence destroying beginning for a week.

It is, in fact, a world in which confidence is, in most cases, a delicate plant, very susceptible to breezes financial, economic or political from any quarter of the globe. Markets, under the disturbing influences of the immediate present may, therefore, go lower. As we remarked last week, we make no pretence of knowing what New York will be to-morrow or next week. But, taking the long view of cotton, we think prices before the present American crop begins to move in volume during the late summer will be higher than they are to-day. And, possibly, much higher.

BEST STIMULANT TO TRADE

We have recently stressed the probability of steadily expanding consumption. With painful personal memories of the destructiveness of explosively propelled metal, there is no one less likely than ourselves to look with favour on armaments. But re-armament is, nevertheless, the best stimulant known to trade. Even Switzerland, for long the most clearly defined of all neutral territories, is spending 15 1/2 million pounds sterling on additional defences. And South Africa, according to her Minister of Defence, "bearing in mind the lessons of the Abyssinian campaign" is enlarging very considerably her defence services. War is a relatively remote possibility. Wars do not happen when the 'other fellow' is looking. And there is an obvious wakefulness among all nations to-day. We are not concerned with the political aspect of it all. But in terms of cotton consumption this universal re-armament is a factor the consequence of which it is most unwise to under-estimate.

BOGEY FOR OLD CROP

In the New York market uncertainty about the release of loan cotton has again appeared as a bogey for old crop. Rumours current yesterday of a possible reduction in the sales basis for loan cotton have found no confirmation in New York. In our opinion, it is extremely unlikely that any change will be made either in the basis or in the already announced policy for the release of loan cotton.

Beneficial rains in the Western belt have upset the speculative long interest which was beginning to be built up in new crops. Relative to the smallness of the advance the reaction has been considerable and on any further easiness it looks to us as if new crops are a purchase.

The outstanding feature of the week in Bombay was the opening of trading in the new crop Broach April-May 1937 contract last Wednesday. The first business in this contract was done at a discount of around Rs. 2 relative to April-May 1936. Heavy selling by exporters, however, quickly increased the discount to Rs. 4 around which level it has remained.

WHOLE MARKET DEPRESSED

Although this selling—much of it on straddle accounts with Liverpool and New York—was fairly well taken by local operators its volume was sufficient to depress the whole market.

The new crop straddle with Americans looks narrow, particularly with New York. But it is not so easy to decide whether Broach April-May 1937 is too high or the new crop months in America are too low.

There appears to be more consciousness of a low price level in Bombay than in New York. And, of course, there are some six weeks yet before the rains are due. At this stage of the season it can only be assumed that the monsoon will be normal but to sell new crop East Indians with confidence against Americans almost two months before planting will begin is not without hazard.

Export demand has recently been quiet. Spinners seldom buy in a falling market and, particularly in the case of Japan, large purchases were made some few weeks ago. Lancashire and the Continent are both in the market only for retail quantities.

It looks to us as if there is a possibility of the lull in demand continuing for some time in the case of Oomras and Bengals but any return of confidence in price levels generally should bring out an export demand for Broach, Gujarat and the staple descriptions of Indian cotton, particularly in view of the probable continuance of a tight spot position in Americans.

On any further easiness here we recommend purchases.

SEEDS

London, April 30

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton April sellers	£10-17-6
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12-12-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12-18-9
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12-10-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton April May sellers	£12-11-3

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New York Cotton Featureless

Co-operative Associations Selling Reported

BRIGHT RECOVERY IN WALL STREET

Chicago Wheat Rule Better

BOMBAY, May 1.

After the recent heavy depression, Wall Street showed a bright recovery in prices. Trading in the Stock Exchange commenced with a lower trend because of the familiar reasons, amongst which the tax developments and the French Currency situation were prominent, but finally terminated with a gain of two Dollars.

Cotton was somewhat easier on May liquidation and the usual foreign selling with signs of port selling but the pressure was not so heavy. Weather conditions were unsettled with Showers in the Eastern belt the activity on the whole was obviously limited with the traders awaiting further political developments.

Stimulated by crop and weather news, the Chicago market ruled cheerful.

NEW YORK COTTON.

Trading in the American futures started with a drop of two points with July standing at 11.02—2. Soon after Market developed further weakness due to bearish Liverpool advices which ultimately induced some May liquidation with some foreign selling operation July touching 10.99—5 being the lowest for the day. At the time of Liverpool July was quoted at 11.00—4.

Thereafter market assumed a very quiet tone with narrow price-movements. Trading was very much restricted. However, the recovery in Wall Street was a consoling factor which checked any further fall in prices. However, in absence of fresh political developments, most of the operation maintain an indifferent attitude. Speculative interest is entirely dormant. Before the close market suddenly improved on bear covering which partly wiped out the earlier loss. Finally July was quoted at 11.04 being the previous level. The spot stood at 11.55—5.

NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans future market ruled dull and uninteresting May and July gaining one to 2 points at the close.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

As expected the Liverpool cotton opened at a decline of two points, July being quoted at 5.94—2. Soon after market improved on some scattered purchases July touching 5.96 being the higher for the day. Bombay buying helped the market to maintain a steady level. But later prices reacted on ruling easiness in New York which attracted same liquidating and hedging operations July touching 5.92—4 being the lowest for the day. Thereafter market ruled quiet with narrow price movements. Sentiment appears to be affected by poltical uncertainties and weakness in outside markets. Finally July was quoted at 5.93—3. The spot stood at 6.50—2.

EAST INDIAN.

This market ruled dull and featureless May and July losing two points at the close.

EGYPTIAN.

Egyptian group ruled irregular Sakel May and Upper July finally finishing at unchanged to 4 points lower.

Alaxandrian market remained closed.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July Highest	11.04—
New York July Lowest	10.99—5
Liverpool July Highest	5.96—
Liverpool July Lowest	5.92—4

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Sentiment affected by politics and weak outside markets. Southern hedging met limited trade offtake. Speculation apathetic.

New York: Entering season purchases for new crops usually profitable.

New York: Co-operative associations free sellers of July which is believed to be in connection with the purchase of loan cotton. Trade buying. New Crop months supported by shorts covering.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables:—

Liverpool: Pool sold some May contracts to-day.

Cables received through Reuters:—

Liverpool: Bombay buying of distante. Prices later reacted on New York and local liquidation and hedging and straddle selling. Closed quiet.

New York: Market early was weak on Southern hedge selling, but later recovered partially by bear covering.

New York: The cotton market displayed considerable nervousness over the foreign political outlook with the result that business was restricted.

New York: Government's crop acreage reports this year will be less reliable than usual, owing to the new soil conservation programme. Mr. Wallace indicated prediction of first accurate report on acreage shifted from major crops will not be known until December acreage Report, as prior to that, it will be difficult to know exactly what progress the new programme is making.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 30

May	11.45
July	11.04
October	10.16—01
December	0.17
January	10.19
Middling Spot	11.55—65

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 30

May	11.36+01
July	10.98+02
Middling Spot	11.38+03

NEW YORK

New York, April 30

New York 10-55 a.m.—	
May	11.43—02
July	11.00—08
Noon Call—	
May	11.44—02
July	11.01—06

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 30

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	4,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	7,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	16,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 30

May	6.11—03
June	6.01—03
July	5.93—03
August	5.80—03
September	5.67—03
October	5.58—04
November	5.2—04
December	5.1—04
January	5.51—04
February	5.51—04
March	5.51—04
April	5.50—04
Middling Spot	6.50—02
10-12 a.m. quotations	
July	5.95—04
October	5.61—03

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 30

F G F Sakellaridis—	
May	8.70
July	8.53
October	8.45
November	8.30
January	8.20
March	8.15
F G F Spot	9.03

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 30

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good staple)	5.27
Fine (Good staple)	5.42
Superfine (Good staple)	5.57
Oomra—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.24
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.39
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.54
Bengal—	
Good	3.99
Fully Good	4.09
Fine	4.21
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.30
Fine	4.42
Superfine	4.45

EXCHANGES

London, April 30

T T London on:—	
New York closing rate	4.93 7/8
Paris	74.98
Berlin	12.28 3/4
Madrid	36.19
Amsterdam	7.38 1/4
Brussels	29.22 1/2
Milan	62.68
Berne	15.20 1/2
Prague	119.50

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, April 30

Bank Bills 3 months market rate	unchanged
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	unchanged
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate	unchanged
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate	unchanged
Interest day to day loan	unchanged
Interest 7 days market loan	unchanged

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, April 30

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—

C and F Calcutta per cwt April May sellers	6/9
C and F Bombay per cwt April May sellers	6/6
C and F Karachi per cwt April May sellers	6/6

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 30

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report of the closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Com	10
Amer Power and Light 5 per cent P A	43
Amer Forn Power Common	7
Electric Bond Common	18
Electric Bond 6 per cent Pfd	78
Consolidated Gas	29
Columbia Gas	17
American Tel and Tel	155
Western Union Telgm	76
New York Central	34
Baltimore and Ohio R R	17
Erie R R	12
Pennsylvania R R	2
Union Pacific R R	124
Northern Pacific Rly	28
United States Steel	57 3/4
Anaconda Copper	32 3/4
General Motor	60 3/4
Kelvinator	20
American Radiator	19
Int Cement	44
St Oil of N J	59
Atlantic Refining	29
Socony	13
Chase Bank	33 1/2
National City Bank	30 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	45 1/4
Montgomery Ward	39
Sears Roebuck	65
Great North Pfd	35
Bethelehem Steel	50
Curtiss Wright	5

Total business: 2 1/2 munon
Market closed steady to firm.
Brokers loans up 20 million dollars.

SILVER STEADY

Bombay, May 1

The silver section in the local bullion market continue to rule with a quiet tone. Recently price movements look to be restricted within a range of only two annas. Market is small with two sided operations.

The silver prices in London yesterday were quoted at 1/8d. higher for both Spot and Forward positions. Indian buying was again countered by selling from China. Offerings were small. Tone was quiet. New York silver ruled at 44 3/4c. while Montreal futures for May and July respectively closed at a rise of 40 points. Shanghai closed at 1-2 1/2.

Trading for Vaishak started at Rs. 50/6 about an anna lower than the expectation. During the initial stage the rate improved by two annas but later again went to the opening level.

During the afternoon price-movements became quite meagre. Business was practically at a stand still, with the rates moving within half an anna range.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.—

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	50 6 0
Vaishak	50 6 0
Jyestha	50 7 6
Tejimandi Vaishak	0 8 0
Tejimandi Jyestha	1 4 0

GOLD QUIET

Bombay, May 1

The gold section also continues a featureless session with very monotonous price movements. Foreign advices being spiritless, local Chokseys maintain an indifferent attitude and prefer to remain more or less aloof from supporting any side for the present. London gold showed no departure from the previous level and was quoted at £7-0-9 1/2.

Trading in the Vaishak commenced at Rs. 34/13/6 about half an anna lower than expected and ruled practically at the same level during the initial stage.

To-day's Sterling and Franc opened at 4.93 13/16 and 74.98 respectively. The local rates showed no change whatsoever. The turnover was quite small and hence the rate in the afternoon remained at the previous level.

Rates at 5-30 p.m.—

	Rs. a. p.
Ready	34 13 6
Vaishak	34 13 6
Jyestha	34 13 3
Tejimandi Vaishak	0 1 6
Tejimandi Jyestha	0 4 6

LONDON SILVER

London, April 30

Spot	20 5/16
Forward	20 5/16

LONDON GOLD

London, April 30

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-9 1/2

LONDON METALS

London, April 30

Copper Braziers	£50 1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brand	£14
Tin, English Ingots, Liverpool, F O B	£207 1/4
Yellow Metal	£40 1/4
Corrugated Sheet 24 gauge	£12 3/4

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 30

Broach A/M opening 199; highest 199; lowest 198; closing 198 1/2

Broach J/A opening 200 1/4; highest 200 1/4; lowest 198 3/4; closing 199 1/2

Broach A/M 1937 opening 195 1/4; highest 195 1/2; lowest 194 3/4; closing 195 1/2

Oomra May opening 184 3/4; highest 185 3/4; lowest 184 1/2; closing 185 3/4

Oomra July opening 184 1/4; highest 185; lowest 184 1/4; closing 185

Oomra D/J opening 177; highest 177; lowest 177; closing 177

Bengal May opening 157 1/4; highest 158; lowest 157; closing 158

Bengal July opening 155; highest 155; lowest 154 1/2; closing 155

Bengal D/J opening 142 1/4; highest 142 3/4; lowest 142 1/4; closing 142 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 9

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-5-36) Rs 5

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 25

BOMBAY COTTON

SCATTERED BUYING.

BOMBAY, May 1.

Tendency was dull and featureless on the Bombay Cotton Exchange which displayed less confidence on less encouraging reports from abroad.

Movements were narrow and negligible which fluctuated within half a rupee range.

On Thursday, New York Cotton market ruled dull and uninteresting. During the early part of the session, a better tone was noticeable due to encouraging Stock Exchange news, but later an easiness prevailed. Liquidating operations and hedging pressure still continue and hence market fails to rise to a higher level. However the undertone appears to be steady. Before the close most of the positions made a partial recovery. Chicago wheat prices ruled better on encouraging weather news.

Following a quiet but steady tone in American futures our local market for Broach J/A. opened at Rs. 199-12 for Broach July contract. The market was unable to absorb local small offerings, as a result prices eased to Rs. 199-8. However, scattered buying checked decline. On the contrary small recovery was noticed, Broach July recovering to Rs. 199-14.

On the whole the session was dull and featureless, turn-over being small.

As expected, the Liverpool July Cotton opened with a rise of 2 pts. and soon improved by further 2 points. The higher tone in Liverpool naturally created a better feeling in the local market which was confronted with some scattered purchases mostly from Tarwalas, which lifted the J/A. rate to Rs. 200/4. But later in absence of further support the rate reacted a little but closed steady.

RATES AT 5-30 P.M.

Broach A/M.	199	4	0
Broach J/A.	200	0	0
Broach A/M.	196	0	0
Oomra, May	185	12	0
Oomra July	185	0	0
Oomra D/J.	177	0	0
Bengal May	159	0	0
Bengal July	156	0	0
Bengal D/J.	143	0	0
Teji-mandi	9	0	0

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, May 1.

111 Toyomankwak Jaora 187
200 Toyomankwak Jalna 183
101 Anandilal Poddar Amraoti 186
150 Argun Khimji Mansa 163
101 Arjun Khimji Dholera 1 off
49 Kamla Mill Bhilwara 4 on
25 Dhanraj Mill Hingoli 180 1/4
135 Sassoon J. Devid Rotak 7 on
85 Gill Ambala 176
50 Langli Dhuri 7 on
144 Colaba Land Bhilwara 160

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Slightly Better

Bombay, May 1

The London seeds market yesterday ruled dull and featureless excepting a little decline in the Indian description. In the Buenos Aires market, May and July dropped by two to three points.

Locally linseed May opened at Rs. 7/4/3 about a quarter anna higher than the expectation. During the initial stage no price movement was noticeable in absence of any important buying operations.

A better tone prevailed in the Liverpool wheat market which showed a rise of 3/8d. and 3/4d per cental in both May and October positions. Chicago wheat also showed some activity on encouraging crop and weather reports. May and September showing a rise of 1 3/8 to 1 cent per bushel. This had practically no effect on the local market which opened with May at Rs. 4/7 and ruled at the same level during the initial stage. Turnover was apparently very small.

Later the rates were quoted as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Linseed May	7 4 3
Linseed September	7 8 0
Tejimandi September	0 6 3
Wheat May	4 7 0
Wheat September	4 7 3
Tejimandi September	0 4 3

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 30

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent —1948 or later	£85 5/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£97 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£114 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85 1/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 3/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£105 7/8
Funding Loan 1960/69 4 per cent	£117 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 3/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£14 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	£102
National Bank of India	£44
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/8

LINSEED OIL

London, April 30

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt May sellers	26
May August sellers	26/1 1/2

RUBBER

London, April 30

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers	7 1/2

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, May 1

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D May-December	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	271 1/4
Banks selling T T	269 1/4
Banks buying T T	266 3/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	563
Banks buying T T	573
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	77 3/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 7/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	54 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 3/8
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 30th ultimo	4.93 3/4
Japan/London 1st instant	1/2 1/16
Java/London 1st instant	7.25 1/4
Hongkong/London 1st instant	1/3 15/16
Shanghai/London 1st instant	1/2 1/2
London/Paris 30th ultimo	74.98
London/Belgium 30th ultimo	29.22 1/2
London/Switzerland 30th ultimo	15.20 1/2
London/Berlin 30th ultimo	12.28 3/4
London/Stockholm 30th ultimo	19.39 1/2
London/New York 30th ultimo	4.93 7/8
London Amsterdam 30th ultimo	7.28 1/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold	
29th instant	£7-0-9 1/2
30th ultimo	£7-0-9 1/2
Silver London Ready	
29th instant	20 3/16
30th ultimo	20 5/16
Silver London Forward	
29th instant	20 3/16
30th ultimo	20 5/16
Silver New York Ready	
29th instant	45
30th ultimo	45
London Discounts 3 mos	
29th instant	9/16 p.c.
30th ultimo	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos	
29th instant	5/8 p.c.
30th ultimo	5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 1

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from our Agents in London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices £
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy Stock	87 0 0
Bengal Iron 7 1/2 per cent Preference	0 15 9
Bengal Nagpur Railway Ord Stock	104 0 0
B B and C I Railway Ord Stock	115 0 0
Brazilian Traction Pow and Lt Ordinary	del. 11.0
Cables and Wireless 7 1/2 per cent Ord A Stock	29 5 0
Calcutta Electric Sup Copn Ordinary	£3 3 3
Cawnpore Electric Sup Ordinary	2 8 6
Delhi Electric Sup Ord	3 3 9
Fanti Investment Trust Co	0 12 6
Foreign Rly Inv Trust 5 per cent Prf Stk	31 0 0
Genl and Coml Invest Trust Defd Stk	99 0 0
East India Distilleries and S F Ord	1 4 0
Eastern Bank Ltd	7 5 0
Hongkong and Shanghai Bankg Corpn	103 0 0
Imperial Airways Ltd Ord	2 17 0
Indian Copper Corporation (Ord)	0 3 6
Indian Iron and Steel 7 1/2 per cent Debs	106 0 0
Rangoon Electric Tram and S Ord	2 2 6
Shahdara Saharanpur L Rly 4 1/2 per cent Deb	94 0 0

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, April 30

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	6 1/4

PRODUCE

London, April 30

Wheat Rozario Santa fe parcels	nominal
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels	nominal
Wheat South Australian parcels April sellers	31/3

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 1.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 6/12/9; Highest 6/12/10 1/2; Closing Rs. 6/12/1 1/2.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 34/14/6; Highest Rs. 35/0/6; Closing Rs. 34/11/6.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 39/14; Highest Rs. 40/0/6; Closing Rs. 39/1.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery August Opening Rs. 40/2; Highest Rs. 40/3; Closing Rs. 39/14.

Cotton Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 19/10; Highest Rs. 19/11; Closing Rs. 19/8.

Cotton Seeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 20/6; Highest Rs. 20/7; Lowest Rs. 20/4/6; Closing Rs. 20/6/6.

Stock Exchange Presents Brighter Tone

AN ALL-ROUND GRADUAL ADVANCE

Shivrajpur Again In Limelight

BOMBAY: May 1.

Stock Exchange presented a bright and cheerful appearance in an otherwise dull market and sharp rise in Cements and Shivrajpurs was the outstanding feature of the session. Market has become again quite optimistic about dividend on Deferreds and that explains for the healthy tone of Steel Shares. Both Deferreds and Ordinaries closed higher. Cement shares registered a precipitous rise, being in keen demand and the trend of the market indicates still higher levels. Shivrajpurs were again in the limelight and despite considerable profit taking, have closed very firm on account of buyers preponderating due to reports of fresh contract of Manganese. Hyd.-Elec. Group ruled better and so did Burmah, Belapur, Bombay Steamer and Telephone. Mill Section also ruled healthy with Dyeing and Kohinoors coming in for good activity. Government Paper fluctuated between 98 and 98-2.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, May 1.

100	Ahm. Advance	276 4
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	677 8
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	160 10
100	Central India	216 14
100	Colaba	112 8
100	Coorla	90 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	290 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-2-6
100	Finlay	110 0
100	Gokak	151 14
1000	Hindustani	1575 0
100	Indore	57 8
100	Khatau	57 8
100	Kohinoor	181 4
250	Laxmi	573 12
100	Madhavji	4 12
250	Madras United	35 0
1000	Morarji	700 0
250	Modern	45 0
50	Mysore	85 10
200	New Great	101 4
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	250 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, May 1

Century 159 160/10
Bombay Dyeing 677 76 77/8
Kohinoor 177 81 80 81/4
Central India 215 16 14
New Great 100 98/12
Simplex 62 63
Swadeshi 155 158/12
Bundi 37/14 38 37/12 38/6 38/2 4 1 2
I Cement 446 48 47 58 55 59/6 58/12
Punjab 27/4 27 6 4 5
Shahabad 483 86 85 88 86
Andhra 1530 36 33
Tata Hydro 159/6 158/12
Tata Power 1476 75 78 77 78/12
Tram Ord 153/2 7
T Steel Defd 511 12 9 14 11 14
T Steel Ord 147/12 148/4 148/4
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 169/4
Bellapur 160 161 62/8
B Steam 279 81
B Burma 393 96 94 93 94/6

25	Sassoon Silk	39 8
1000	Sholapur	1,985 0
50	Simplex	63 2
100	Swadeshi	158 12
100	Swan	78 12
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1145 0
1000	Western	652 8
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	106 8
25-50	Central	31 2
500	Imperial	1531 4
125-500	Im. Conty.	380 0
50-100	India	128 12
100	Reserve Bank	129 4
5	Union	5 8
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	38 2
70	Gwalior	123 2
160	Indian	458 12
40	Katni Def.	2340 0
100	Katni Ord.	363 2
10	Okha	277 8
10	Punjab	27 5
100	Shahabad	486 4
70	United	129 0
	INSURANCE.	
15-100	Jupiter	11 12
15-75	New India	40 12
200	Oriental	4,990 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 0
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	160 0
1000	Andhra Valley	1533 12
10	Ajmer	13 6
50	Bombay Tram	153 7
100	Bombay Suburban	175 0
10	Broach	11 3
100	Karachi	220 0
100	Poona	225 0
100	Surat	190 0
100	Tata Hydro	158 12
1000	Tata Power	1478 12
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	886 4
100	C.Province	95 4
100	Dhond Baramati	100 0
100	Gujarat	78 12
100	Mandra Bhon	99 8
100	Pachora Jamner	96 0
100	Sara Sirajgunje	97 0
500	Tapty Valley	765 0
	MININGS.	
10	Shivrajpur	34 4
30	Tata Steel Def.	511 14
75	Tata Steel Ord.	148 4
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
100	Alcock	195 12
50	Belapur Sugar	162 8
250	Bombay Steam	281 4
125	Bombay Burma	394 6
50	Bombay Burma Corn.	138 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5-12-6
50	Bombay Telephone	109 0
150	Indian Bleaching	105 XD
100	Indian Radio	501 4
100	Ind Radio Ord.	483 12
1000	Port Canning	567 8
15	Scindia	16 0
20	Premier Construction	79 0
25	Tata Oil	14 8
	PREFERENCE	
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1437 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	298 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	86 12
5	p.c. Central India	523 12
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	150 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1515 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	191 4
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	169 4
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	9 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	620 0
	Govt. Paper	98-2-6

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, May 1

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/2
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement	98/0/0
3 per cent 1941	104/6
3 per cent 1951/54	103/13
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	106/12
4 per cent 1943	110/12
4 per cent 1960/70	113/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	118/4
5 per cent 1939/44	108/10
5 per cent 1940/43	111/7
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108/4
TAX-FREE	
3 per cent 1945/55 Loan	120/4
4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore	110/3
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	122-8
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	108/10
CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).	
4 per cent B P T 1947	108/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974	107
5 per cent M Deb 1959	117
6 per cent M Deb 1954	130
6 per cent K P T 1956	130
3 1/2 per cent B P T 1937	104/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government P. Notes opened at Rs. 98/0/6, improved to Rs. 98/2/6 to close quiet at Rs. 98. Tendency: Downward.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Consolidated statement of the position of the Banks scheduled to the Reserve Bank of India as at the close of business on Friday, 24th April 1936.

(i) Demand Liabilities in India	121,99,58,000
(ii) Time Liabilities in in India	101,46,11,000
(iii) Cash in India—	
(a) Notes	4,85,21,000
(b) Rupees	51,03,000
(c) Subsidiary Coin	22,34,000
(iv) Balances with the Reserve Bank in India	36,43,37,000
(v) Advances in India	93,38,62,000
(vi) Bills discounted in India	5,77,69,000

Published under Section 43 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 30

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	85 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	97 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59	107 1/4
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53	110 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68	120 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47	116 1/2
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38	101 1/4
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 7/8

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, April 30

	This week. £
Total Bullion	203,500,000
Public Deposits	7,500,000
(a) Other deposits	143,700,000
Government securities	101,300,000
(b) Other securities	20,900,000
Notes and Coins	46,600,000
Notes in Circulation	416,900,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	30.87 p.c.
(a) Other deposits include Bankers	104,700,000
(b) Other securities include discount and advances	8,300,000

Latest Commercial News

SMALL RISE IN NEW YORK COTTON

Market Requires Fresh Incentive

QUIET TONE IN SILVER

Steady Tone In Chicago Wheat

BOMBAY, May 1.

On Friday sterling-dollar rate ruled steady. Franc found better support.

NEW YORK COTTON MORE ACTIVE

Scattered trade buying imparted steady tone. However lack of fresh incentive checks bullish enterprise.

SILVER QUIET

Though buyers were satisfied, market refused to move either way.

SECURITY LACK ACTIVITY

London Stock Exchange displayed fairly steady tone but inquiry was somewhat restricted. Gilt-edged Securities kept steady but there was nothing particularly important doing.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1936

New York, May 1.

Previous closing	11.04
To-day's opening	11.08
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	11.08
Difference	+.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1936

Liverpool, May 1.

Previous closing	5.93
To-day's opening	5.95
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	5.98
Difference	+.05

BROACH EXPECTATION

July August Rs. 200/8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, May 1.

New York Cotton was moderately active on scattered trade buying and covering, influenced by encouraging outside cables but outside interest was lacking due to unsettled political situation abroad.

However well liquidation position of market has given very healthy appearance but absence of fresh incentive checks bullish enterprise.

Trading in July commenced at 11.08 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing prices. The market advanced on steadier Liverpool cables and trade buying together with covering with July gradually improving to 11.11. At this level demand slowed and movements became somewhat narrow although undertone kept steady.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.08 at a rise of 4 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, May 1.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (11.46/11.45) 11.08/11.08
July (11.02/11.02) 10.19/10.19
October (10.15/10.15) 10.20/10.20

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, May 1.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (6.14) 6.16
American July (5.96) 5.97
Egyptian May (8.73) 8.74
Egyptian July (8.56) 8.56

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 1.

Broach cotton for J/A. moved around Rs. 200 at night. The rate at 10-45 p.m. was Rs. 200/4 with N. Y. futures about 5 points up.

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 1.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-9 1/2) £7-10-0

Good for YOU!
and
Good for US!

CHURAKULAM TEA ESTATES' DEPOTS:—

BOMBAY—404C, Kalbadevi Road.
POONA—Budhwarpeth

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, May 1.

Previous closing	4.93 3/4
To-day's opening	4.93 9/8
To-day's closing	4.93 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, May 1.

Previous closing	4.93 7/8
To-day's opening	4.93 13/16
To-day's closing	4.93 15/16
Difference	+.00 1/8

FRANC RATE

London, May 1.

Previous closing	74.98
To-day's opening	74.96
To-day's closing	75.01
Difference	+.03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, May 1.

London Exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.93 13/16 and remained steady with small changes.

Franc opened at 74.98 and then advanced to 75.00 on better support.

LONDON SILVER

London, May 1.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	20 3/16	20 5/16
Forward	20 3/16	£20 5/16

The market was quiet.

DISCOUNTS

London, May 1.

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, May 1. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8)	1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5.66)	5.66 3/8
New York on Bombay (37.30)	37.31
Berlin on Bombay (0.93)	0.93
London on Milan (62.68)	62.75
London on Shanghai (1-2 1/2)	1-2 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32)	1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, May 1.

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 50/6, 50/6 and 50/7 market was very quiet with traders little disposed to enter while quiter London cables did little to stir it closed quiet at Rs. 50/6, 50/6 and 50/7.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/13/9, 34/13/9 and 34/13/9 after being quiet prices showed easier tendency on scattered selling but otherwise market was listless closed quiet at Rs. 34/13/6, 34/13/6 and 34/13/6. z

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

Jutes Rule Easy

CALCUTTA, May 1.

Jutes ruled easier in the Calcutta share market to-day. In coals Bansdeopur met with fair enquiry and fetched upto 8/4. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous sugars and electricals met with fair support, while others were more or less unchanged. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—3 per cent Government Paper 89/10 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 98; 5 per cent Loan 1939/4; 109 small lot; 5 per cent U.P. Bonds 1944, 114 small lot; 4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1948, 109/4 small lot.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 126/12 odd lots

Coals:—Bansdeopur 8/4; Burrakur pref 131/8.

Jutes:—Bally 174/8 small lot; Empire pref 145/8; Howrah 50; Howrah "A" pref 140; Howrah 7 per cent pref 153; Kamarhatty 468; Lawrence 388 small lots.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 6/13; Benares Electric 18/4; Jubbulpore Electric 13/2; Bengal Paper ordy 108/8; Bengal Assam Steamship ordy 219/8 small lots.

Sugars:—Bharat 8/15; Buland 14/6; Belsund 5/2; Champaran 23/4; Purtabpore 14/8; Sree Krishna Gyanoday Sugar 11/10; Shree Sitaram 10/10.

Debentures:—7 1/2 per cent 1930/41 Shree Sitaram sugar 105; 6 per cent 1926/42, Dhunseri tea 67.—A.P.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, May 1.

Liverpool Wheat opened steady with May at 73, and July 74 1/2 some speculative activity early in session caused improvement but subsequently demand tapered off.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, May 1.

Chicago Wheat opened steady with May at 0.99.

Market was quiet but steady with very little doing in absence of any encouraging outside cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, May 1.

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£207 3/4 buyers £208 sellers. Steady.)

Lead (£15 15/16 buyers 16 1/16 sellers

Electrolytic Copper (£41 to £47 1/2) £41 1/4 to £41 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£79) £79

RUBBER

Spot (£7 7/16 paid and sellers) £7 1/2 paid buyers 7 11/16 paid.

Forward (7 11/16 paid and sellers) 7 5/8 paid and value.

SILVER CABLES

London, May 1.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Buyers satisfied. Market is quiet.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 0-10 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 0-11
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 3/4) 2-2 3/4

JUTE

New Crop April May (£19 1/8 sellers. Dunlop May (£22 3/4 sellers) £22 3/4 sellers

Lightning May (£21 sellers) £21 sellers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April-May (£12 7/16 sellers) £12 9/16 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta April May (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata April (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal April (£13 5/8 sellers) 13 3/4 sellers.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED.

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association)

Bombay, May 1.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7	4	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	4	3
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7	4	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	4	0
Sept. 1936 Delivery.			
Rates at 9-0 p.m.	7	8	6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	8	3
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7	8	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	8	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, May 1.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat	4	6	9
Wheat September	4	7	3
Linseed May	7	4	0
Linseed September	7	8	0

The tone was quiet.

Rush Of Bear Covering In London Stock Exchange

INTERNATIONALS AND OILS SHOOT UP

Confidence Revive In Wall Street

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, May 1.

STOCK EXCHANGE:—The overnight improvement in New York caused a rush of bear covering in which internationals and oils frequently registered substantial gains.

Elsewhere kaffir specialities were occasionally firmer.

Among industrials marks and spencers eased owing to the dividend of 40 per cent compared with 35 per cent last year, failing to reach expectations.

Wall Street was generally firmer with profit-taking well absorbed.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, May 1.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday April 22 £97 7/8
Thursday April 23 £97 3/4
Friday April 24, £97 3/4
Monday, April 27, £97 3/4
Tuesday, April 28, £97 3/4
Wednesday, April 29, £97 3/4
Thursday, April 30 £97 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, May 1. 3-30 p.m.

Markets generally after being firmer on better Wall Street advices rather less doing oil shares firmer home industrials in general rather irregular internationals fluctuating narrowly.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85) £85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 3/8) £107 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 1/2) £111 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 1/2) £117 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 7/8) £115 3/8
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 1/2) £115 3/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-0) 20/3
Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£5 1/8) £4 7/8
Hydro Electric (£6 3/4) £6 3/4
Musical Industries (25-1 1/2) 25-1 1/2
Princhin Johnson (45-6) 44-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (39-7 1/2) 39-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical Ord (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (127-0)
Realisation 1930 (£88 1/4) £87 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (36-4 1/2) 36-4 1/2
University Ordinary (31-0) 31-6
Ford Motors (32-7 1/2) 32-7 1/2
Cable Wires (£7 7/8) £7 7/8
British American Tobacco (122-6) 123-1 1/2
Camera A (£9 1/4) £9 1/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (156-10 1/2) 156-10 1/2
P and O S N Company Defd (20-4 1/2) 20-4 1/2
Distillers (101-3) 100-3
Bred and Dyers (8-0) 8-0
British Celanese (11-6) 11-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (62-3) 62-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (48-3) 48-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-3) 6-6
Western Limited Ordinary (24-1 1/2) 24-9
Inter Nickels (£45 1/4) £45 5/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (6-10 1/2 6-4 1/2
Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, May 1. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (101 3/4) £101 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97) £97 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£120 1/2) (£114 1/2) £114 1/2
4 per cent. Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1943/47 (£112 3/8) £112 1/4
5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-32 (£107)

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-0) 21-0
Donaro Tea (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2
Empire of India Ceylon (29-10 1/2)

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-7 1/2) 28-4 1/2
Gula Kelampong (26-3) 26-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-6) 32

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9 1/4) £9 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (58-9) 57-6
Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£14) £14
East Rand Proprietors (66-3) 65-6
Rand Iman (£8 3/4) £8 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/2) £14 1/2
Goddar New (£10 5/8) £10 3/4
Moddar New (52-6) 52-6
Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (43-9) 43-9
Union Corporation (£9) £9

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (43-9) 44-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (92-6) 91-10 1/2
Burma Oil (95-7 1/2) 96-3
Mexican Eagle (20-3) 21-4 1/2
Shell Transport (92-6) 94-4 1/2
Royal Dutch (£232 7/8) £233 5/8

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£47 3/4) £48
L M Ford (£25 7/8) £23 7/4
L N E R Defd (£5 5/8) £5 5/8
Southern Dutch (£23 3/4) £24 1/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£136 1/2 £136
London Board G Stock (£104) £104

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, May 1.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 60 1/2) dol 61 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 32 1/8) dol 33
U S Steel Common (dol 57) dol 57 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 122-6) unquoted.

U. S. FEDERAL BANK LEADS

Average Increase Of 17 Per Cent Deposits During Year In America

LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA, (By Mail).

With deposits of dollars 3,251,-054,000, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is the largest bank in the English-speaking world, leading the Midland Bank of London, second largest, by more than one billion dollars, according to the tenth annual edition of the brochure "The Deposit Liabilities of One Hundred and Fifty of the largest American, British Colonial and Dominion Banks", compiled and just released by California Bank, Los Angeles.

BIGGEST TEN.

The Midland Bank, largest British Bank, with deposits of dollars 2,180,024,299 is followed by nine other billion dollar banks:—

Chase National Bank, New York dollars 2,075,121,091.

Barclays Bank Ltd., London dollars 1,999,086,770.

Lloyds Bank Ltd., London dollars 1,974,324,415.

National City Bank, New York dollars 1,652,366,244.

Westminster Bank Ltd., London dollars 1,591,192,987.

Guaranty Trust Co., New York dollars 1,513,931,163.

National Provincial Bank Ltd., London dollars 1,492,708,326.

Bank of America National Trust and Savings Association, San Francisco dollars 1,155,265,465.

Continental Illinois National Bank and Trust Co., Chicago dollars 1,021,313,904.

Combined total deposits of dollars 51,091,850,993 for all banks in the brochure exceeds by more than twelve per cent. the former all-time peak of dollars 45,374,547,-607 reached last year. Of these 150 banks, 94 with deposits of dollars 30,347,149,966 are American and 56 with deposits of dollars 20,744,701,-027 are British.

LAST YEAR'S GROWTH

There has been a very noticeable growth in the size of the banks during the past year. The average American bank in the new listing, with deposits of dollars 322,342,021, has increased 17 per cent over the average of dollars 275,777,896 a year ago and the average British bank, with deposits of dollars 370,441,089, increased eight per cent over last year's average of dollars 343,707,779. Still another criterion of growth and size is the number of banks with deposits exceeding dollars 100,000,000. There are 122 this year as compared with 110 last year and 97th year before. The deposits of the smallest bank in the present list are dollars 73,293,818, an all time high for the minimum figure, exceeding the former peak reached in the 1929 compilation by approximately dollars 5,000,000.

New York City and London with twenty banks each head the list of cities. New York has dollars 14,659,476,186 in deposits, while London has dollars 12,628,687,349. Next in importance is San Francisco with eight banks; Philadelphia with seven; Chicago with six; Boston, Edinburgh, Manchester and Pittsburgh with five each; and Cleveland, Los Angeles, St. Louis and Toronto with four each.

Of the twenty states and the District of Columbia represented in the list, New York has twenty-three of the ninety-four American banks; California and Pennsylvania twelve each; Missouri seven; Illionis and Ohio six each; and Massachusetts five. The fifty-six British banks are found in all parts of the far-flung British Empire, England leading with twenty-seven banks or head offices, followed by Scotland and Canada with eight each; Australia with five; Ireland and the Orient three each; and South Africa and New Zealand one each.

FRANC DEVALUATION

Regarding fears about Franc devaluation, prevalent in America, Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have received the following wire from their London friends:—

"We are in full agreement with definite opinion derived from most reliable and knowledgable sources that fears about devaluation of Franc are as groundless to-day as a year ago.

"Firstly, because French budget position has much improved during last few months, and forthcoming French Government, being more Leftist, is expected to be far more efficient in collecting taxes.

"Secondly, agricultural position has much improved and farming population are more contented.

"Thirdly, Banking position also remains very healthy. Furthermore tension between Germany and public political opinion in France is greatly eased.

"We have special reasons to believe that Herr Hitler's reply to British questionnaire some time next week will be a big step towards pacification of Europe."

RAIN IN BOMBAY DECCAN

POONA, May 1

Thunderstorms have caused local rain in Assam and a few falls in Tenasserim, North Bengal, South Bombay Deccan and Mysore. Amherst reports 3 inches. Temperatures are markedly above normal from Bengal to east United Provinces.

Forecast:—Thundershowers will occur locally in Assam, North Bengal and a few stations in Burma, Mysore and South Deccan. —A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 1-5-36.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—.018 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.3 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.7 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 89.8 degrees 0.2 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 78.0 degrees 0.2 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 81 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 189 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 24 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 2.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 1-5-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.99 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.78 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

BOMBAY: May 1.

F F Campbell and Coy's s s Pres. Hayes of 6195 reg tons Capt O A Pierson arrived from New York via American Ports, Kobe, Shanghai, Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Penang and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

Scindia Steam Nvg Coy's s s Jalarashmi of 2681 reg tons Capt S Stone arrived from Moulmein via Colombo, Coast Ports and Mangalore with general cargo.

P & O S N Coy's s s Kidderpore of 3263 reg tons Capt R R Burge arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with general cargo.

Turner Morrison and Coy's s s Khosrou of 2471 reg tons Capt A Constantine arrived from Calcutta via Porebunder with cargo of coal.

B I S N Coy's s s Querimba of 4772 reg tons Capt J H Hughes arrived from Mombasa via Bhavnagar with cotton and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

BOMBAY: May 1.

Anglo-Iranian Coy's Oil Tanker s s British Soldier of 3503 reg tons Capt J D Miller sailed for Abadan with local cargo.

B I S N Coy's s s Ozarda of 3038 reg tons Capt W C O'Brien sailed for Kobe via Singapore and China Japan Ports with local cargo.

James Finlay and Coy's s s City of Leicester of 1994 reg tons Capt H Stone sailed for Verawal and Karachi, Calicut, Cochin and Alleppey with local and same bottom cargo.

F F Campbell and Coy's s s President Hayes of 6195 reg tons Capt O A Pierson sailed for New York via Suez with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

N Y Kaisha's Japan Line s s Genoa Maru of 4895 reg tons Capt K Kurata sailed for Kobe via Bhavnagar, Bedi Bunder, Cutch, Kundla, Karachi and Singapore with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING.

BOMBAY: May 1.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 1-5-36:—

S.S. Falkenfels (L E Ltd) for Europe and American Ports via Karachi and Suez.

" City of Rangoon (K N & Co) for Liverpool, Manchester via Bhavnagar, Okha and Bedi.

" Durenda (M M & Co) for Europe and American Ports via Aden and Red Sea Ports.

Address To Baroda Dewan

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, April 30.

Rajratna Rajmitra Bhailal Amin President of the Federation of Baroda State Mills and Industries on behalf of himself and members of the Federation will present a congratulatory address to the Dewan, Sir Krishnamachariar on May 2, on the latter being honoured recently with K.C.I.E.

BREACH OF JUTE RESTRICTION

Cultivators Destroy Crops Sown In Excess Areas

MUNSHIGANJ, April 30.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Munshiganj issued notices upon about 250 cultivators of this subdivision to show cause why they should not be criminally prosecuted for sowing jute in areas in excess of one third of the area sown in 1934 in violation of the express orders of the Government. Most of the cultivators appeared before the S.D.O. and agreed to destroy the jute sown in excess area and to sow paddy instead. In obedience to the undertaking the cultivators destroyed the jute plants in the excess areas in the presence of the president of the Local Union Board.

In connection with the jute restriction propaganda a special officer has been appointed this year in this sub-division.—United Press.

LONDON MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 1.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£36-17-6
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£36-18-9
Standard Copper 3 months	£37-5-0
Electrolytic copper	£41-10-0
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	9 1/2 cents
Non-Blue Eagle	9 cents
Bombay Market quotations.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 33
Copper Sheets	Rs. 39

Tone.—Steady.

THE EXCELSIOR THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

POSITIVELY FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

JACK HYLTON AND HIS BAND WITH JUNE CLYDE

in

"SHE SHALL HAVE MUSIC"

A Twickenham Production

MUSIC, GIRLS, COMEDY, SONGS, IN A FILM YOU WILL NEVER FORGET

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REGD. NO. B. 1065

JUPITER GENERAL
has a net-work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1936

"More Retrograde Than Meston Settlement"

"Niemeyer Report Totally Unacceptable"

—SIR P. THAKURDAS

EXPOSES GREATEST WEAKNESS OF REFORMS

Fails To Solve India's Problems Of Poverty And Misery

"His Report serves his country and his principals well."

In these words Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas expressed his views on Sir Otto Niemeyer's Report, when approached by our representative.

"It is only ignorance or dishonesty that can make any Indian happy over this Report," he added.

"Real statesmanship on the part of the Britisher must consider the Report from the Indian point of view, and proceed with fullest warning. Magic does not work where rupees, annas and pies are concerned," he concluded.

Sir Otto's Ability

At the outset, Sir Purushotamdas said that he had not had a look at the full Report (copies of which are not available in Bombay, up to the time of writing). He gave his first impressions after a cursory glance at the summary which was published in the Press this morning.

Sir Purushotamdas made it clear that when he saw the full report, he might, if it was necessary, make modifications in his first impressions.

Referring to the Report Sir Purushotamdas said.

"One may well admire Sir Otto Niemeyer's ability in producing after about three months' stay and inquiry in India, a report on India's finances as they may appear to-day. The problem entrusted to him was by no means simple or easy. It was full of complications and cross-currents, and was bristling with various considerations, not purely or essentially financial or economic.

"Political considerations had to be dressed in economic garments and fitted in the structure devised by the Joint Parliamentary Committee's final decision. One need hardly be surprised if the Niemeyer Report calls for encomium on Sir Otto Niemeyer, in London.

"His Report serves his country and his principals well.

"The Niemeyer Report is the last one which will enable His Majesty's Government to go ahead with the scheme of the Reforms, as decided upon by the British Parliament. How does it allay the apprehensions of those who had doubts regarding the ability of the country to advance under such a defective scheme?

"The answer to this must decide India's approval or otherwise of the Niemeyer Report.

Weakness Of Reforms

"The Report frankly lays bare the greatest weakness of the Reforms, namely,

1. Taxation cannot be reduced.
2. Railway Finance has deteriorated steadily and will require substantial efforts to set right; mere expectation of the officers to be able to do this is poor consolation.
3. Military expenditure cannot be reduced.

"How disappointing and totally unacceptable each of these conclusions will be to the Indian public need not be elaborated now.

"The question is: 'Even with the above tolerated for a period of five years, is there elbow-room discernible for nation-building activities to Ministers in the Provinces?'

"The only reply can be: Yes, if they raise new taxes:

"Will people tolerate or welcome new taxation without seeing any useful result of what they are paying now? It would be an extremely lucky windfall from nature if more certification from Governors is not the rule in the new regime.

Problems Not Solved

"Sir Otto Niemeyer has distributed some money between certain Provinces. What a start for Provincial contentment and for increased and lasting Provincial jealousies!

"The Report does not claim to solve India's problems of abject poverty and misery. It may bring these more into relief and may increase discontent and restlessness, making Ministers the bull's-eye in the first instance. Eventually, it must recoil on the British hold on the people.

"Nowhere is any cognisance taken of the dire need to improve India's existing condition and dangerous proximity to a bad crash of its econmic fabric.

crash of its economic fabric, to-day where it does politically, regarding armaments, and economically, is the outlook for India, anything but most anxious and depressing? It is only ignorance or dishonesty that can make any Indian happy over this Report.

"Real statesmanship on the part of the Britisher must consider the Report from the Indian point of view, and proceed with fullest warning. Magic does not work where rupees, annas and pies are concerned."

Worse Than Meston

Several prominent citizens in the city, when asked to express their views, first expressed their desire to go through the full Report, copies of which, however, are not available in Bombay. But the first impressions, as far as could be gathered, created by the Report, are that the Report was reactionary and one prominent gentleman observed that it was more retrograde than the Meston settlement.

CYCLONE HAVOC IN ARACAN

Twenty Villages Affected And 36 Persons Killed

RANGOON, May 1.

The "Rangoon Gazette" publishes the news of loss of life and damage to property in Aracan as a result of the recent cyclonic storm. It states, in Kondon area loss of property has been estimated at Rs. three lakhs and 36 deaths have been reported while in Taungup township, 20 villages have been affected and roughly about 1,000 people killed. Sandoway, Kyaukpyu and Ramree have also suffered considerably.

Sir Archibald Cochrane, Governor-Designate arrives in public at Maymyo on 8th May.—A.P.

BRITISH PRESS EXTOL NIEMEYER REPORT

LONDON, May 1.

Congratulations to India on surmounting the financial hurdle, exclaims "The News Chronicle" in a leading article. This is typical of the spirit in which the morning papers extol Sir Otto Niemeyer's report with the vital implication that all is clear for the new constitution.

"The Daily Telegraph" says the report shows that with sound administration the credit of India should continue to stand as high as it deservedly does to-day.

"The Times" remarks that the prudence which Sir Otto Niemeyer postulates, is at least, during the transitional stages, a matter of course. But no financial settlement, however equitable, can save a province from budgetary difficulties, if the local administration fails to exercise sufficient vigilance.

If Sir Otto Niemeyer's prophecy that the recent rise in revenues will continue, should prove well-founded—and few prophecies have been made with greater authority—British India will a year hence have reached the goal of provincial autonomy, and will be preparing for the next stage of the All-India Federation.—Reuter.

Group taken at the annual prize distribution of the Proprietory and Fort High School, held at Victoria Theatre, when the ex-Mayor, Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram presided and distributed prizes.

Proprietory And Fort High School Social Gathering

(From A Correspondent.)

The Proprietary and Fort High School, Chandanwadi which is of 65 years' standing, held its Social Gathering on Saturday last at Victoria Theatre under the presidentship of Sir Jahangir B. Boman-Behram, Kt. The theatre was packed to its capacity.

The programme was highly attractive, and contained many interesting items, like Elocution, in English and Gujarati, a short play from the Shah Namah of Firdousi, another short play from Soordas, and a comic farce of "The Village School", etc.

Sir Jehangir B. Boman-Behram distributed prizes and the Principal Mr. K. D. Engineer in a short speech praised Sir Jehangir for the enthusiasm with which he worked for the cause of education.

Addressing the audience, Sir Jehangir declared that the panacea for the country's ills was education. He congratulated the Principal and the Staff of the school for successfully organising this show, and the students for creditably acquitting themselves in the parts assigned to them.

The principal of the School specially thanked Mr. Jamshedji D. Nanjiwala for his zeal and ardent efforts with which he made the function a success. Lastly the principal thanked Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji and all the members of the Committee of the school. After an enjoyable programme of five hours, the party dispersed.

"Living Condemnation Of Ways Of British Raj"

REYNOLD'S WEEKLY ON SUBHAS' ARREST

In Any Sane Country Bose Would Have Had A Great Career: In India He Is A "Habitual"

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

"It was just like the Government of India to arrest Subhas Bose on the eve of the Congress at Lucknow" says the Reynolds' Weekly commenting on the arrest of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose immediately on his arrival at the Bombay Port.

Continuing the Paper says: "Bose like Nehru is a living condemnation of the ways of the British Raj. He should have been doing work—real constructive work—for his people; Instead, he has had to wear out his life and health struggling against the bureaucracy.

"Bose like Nehru, is a Cambridge graduate. He entered the I.C.S., resigned after a year, threw himself into the Nationalist Movement, and became Chief Executive Officer of the Calcutta Corporation.

THE IRONY OF IT

"In any sane country he would have had a great and useful career. In India he became an 'habitual criminal!'".

Here is the gaol record:—

1925, gaoled for two years without trial; came out with "T.B."

1929, gaoled for 12 months for organising a procession during a strike.

1930, gaoled for six months. Elected Mayor of Calcutta while in prison.

1931, gaoled for entering a "prohibited area."

1933, released on condition of going to Europe for treatment for "T.B.".

1935, returned to see his dying father. Interned and expelled from the country, though an elected member of its legislature.

1936, returned to India and immediately arrested; will be detained indefinitely without trial.

The stupid waste of it all!"

NIEMEYER REPORT WON'T BE CHANGED

Govt. Comments Not Likely To Affect Sir Otto's "Arbitral Award"

SIMLA, Auril 30.

It is understood that within at the most one month, the Government of India and the provincial Governments would have communicated their comments on the Niemeyer Report to the Secretary of State.

The urgency of the matter is that unless Parliament considers the Niemeyer Report it will not issue the order for the commencement of Provincial Autonomy and if the New Constitution is to operate by April 1937 Parliament's order should be issued before it rises by the end of July.

Any criticism of the report will, no doubt, be taken into account but it seems likely that on the whole the Niemeyer findings which are in the nature of an arbitral award will probably be adopted without material alteration.

As regards the effect of the report on the budgetary position disclosed by the Finance Member in his last financial statement it is calculated that the Government of India will be required to have in hand something more than Rupees two crores provided by Sir James Grigg in the Reserve Fund to help Provincial Autonomy in 1937/38. Figures that have come in for the past year indicate that the amount of reserve may be less rather than the above estimate of Rs. 198 lakhs.—A. P.

OLD SHIBBOLETHS REPEATED

Sir Otto's Report Vindicates Existing System, Says Jamnadas Mehta

BOMBAY: May 1.

"I feel that with his visit, Sir Otto Niemeyer has not shed any new light on the Indian financial situation. He has merely repeated some old shibboleths and if he was called specially to vindicate the existing system, he has completely succeeded. So far as the Indian people are concerned, it would have made no difference if he had not taken the trouble of crossing the high seas."

Thus said Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Mayor of Bombay, in an interview on the Report of Sir Otto Niemeyer.

NO SURPRISE.

Continuing Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said, "We had several such attempts in the past known as the Meston Award and another enquiry was going on when the Round Table Conference was in session. Neither the Meston Award nor its successor had been found to be accurate in their calculations and we should not be surprised if Sir Otto's hopes share the same fate. For the rest, there is nothing very informing or enlightening in the Report, so far as one could see from the summary. On the contrary, he vindicates in all essential particulars the position taken up by the bureaucracy all along.

"Even as things stand to-day, the Indian Railways are thoroughly solvent and could pay their way, if the following changes of policy were introduced:—

SOURCES OF IMPROVEMENT.

Charging the losses on Strategic Railway to the Military Budget.

Charging interest on capital for constructions of new lines to the Capital account instead of Revenue account.

Reducing the allocation out of revenues to depreciation fund.

Discontinuance of the concessions to the Superior Railway Services.

Stopping leakages, waste and extravagance.

Bringing down the salaries and emoluments of higher Railway

(Continued on page 4)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Traitor's Gate*

THE SECRET ROOM AT THE 'JOLLY SAILORS TAVERN
4-8
WE GOT TO CUT DOWN THESE STONES AND MELT THE GOLD! AREN'T YOU READY YET?
WE HAD TO FIGURE OUT HOW TO WORK THEM MACHINES, BUT IT'S OKAY NOW, TIGER!--
IF YOU HADN'T SHOT THAT JEWELER, WE'D-A-BEEN ALL DONE!
I SHOT HIM BECAUSE HE SQUEALED TO THE POLICE!-- HERE---START ON THIS!
HEY, TIGER! TAKE A LOOK OUT THIS WINDOW!
?
THE POLICE!
THEY'RE ON TH' OTHER SIDE, TOO-- --WE'RE SURROUNDED!
LYMAN ANDERSON
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